

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 6: C12N 15/31, 15/52, 15/82, 15/70, 5/10,

(11) International Publication Number:

WO 98/55625

1/21, C12P 7/64, A01H 5/00

(43) International Publication Date:

10 December 1998 (10.12.98)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/US98/11639

A1

(22) International Filing Date:

4 June 1998 (04.06.98)

(81) Designated States: BR, CA, IL, JP, MX, European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU,

MC, NL, PT, SE).

(30) Priority Data:

60/048,650

4 June 1997 (04.06.97)

US

(71) Applicant: CALGENE, LLC [US/US]; 1920 Fifth Street, Davis, CA 95616 (US).

(72) Inventors: FACCIOTTI, Daniel; 2636 Lafayette Drive, Davis, CA 95616 (US). METZ, James, George; 2803 Belhaven Place, Davis, CA 95616 (US). LASSNER, Michael; 721 Falcon Avenue, Davis, CA 95616 (US).

(74) Agent: RAE-VENTER, Barbara; Rae-Venter Law Group, P.C., P.O. Box 60039, Palo Alto, CA 94306 (US).

Published

With international search report.

Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of

(54) Title: PRODUCTION OF POLYUNSATURATED FATTY ACIDS BY EXPRESSION OF POLYKETIDE-LIKE SYNTHESIS GENES IN PLANTS

(57) Abstract

The present invention relates to compositions and methods for preparing polyunsaturated long chain fatty acids in plants, plant parts and plant cells, such as leaves, roots, fruits and seeds. Nucleic acid sequences and constructs encoding PKS-like genes required for the poly-unsaturated long chain fatty acid production, including the genes responsible for eicosapentenoic acid production of Shewanella putrefaciens and novel genes associated with the production of docosahexenoic acid in Vibrio marinus are used to generate transgenic plants, plant parts and cells which contain and express one or more transgenes encoding one or more of the PKS-like genes associated with such long chain polyunsaturated fatty acid production. Expression of the PKS-like genes in the plant system permits the large scale production of polyunsaturated long chain fatty acids such as eicosapentenoic acid and docosahexenoic acid for modification of the fatty acid profile of plants, plant parts and tissues. Manipulation of the fatty acid profiles allows for the production of commercial quantities of novel plant oils and products.

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
ΑU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece		Republic of Macedonia	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	ML	Mali	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MN	Mongolia	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MR	Mauritania	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MW	Malawi	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	MX	Mexico	UZ.	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NE	Niger	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NL	Netherlands	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NO	Norway	zw	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's	NZ	New Zealand		
CM	Cameroon		Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CN	China	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CU	Cuba	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
CZ	Czech Republic	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
DE	Germany	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DK	Denmark	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
EE	Estonia	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		

WO 98/55625 PCT/US98/11639

PRODUCTION OF POLYUNSATURATED FATTY ACIDS BY EXPRESSION OF POLYKETIDE-LIKE SYNTHESIS GENES IN PLANTS

INTRODUCTION

5 Field of the Invention

This invention relates to modulating levels of enzymes and/or enzyme components capable of modifying long chain poly-unsaturated fatty acids (PUFAs) in a host cell, and constructs and methods for producing PUFAs in a host cell. The invention is exemplified by production of eicosapentenoic acid (EPA) using genes derived from *Shewanella putrefaciens* and *Vibrio marinus*.

Background

10

15

20

25

30

Two main families of poly-unsaturated fatty acids (PUFAs) are the ω3 fatty acids, exemplified by eicosapentenoic acid, and the ω6 fatty acids, exemplified by arachidonic acid. PUFAs are important components of the plasma membrane of the cell, where they can be found in such forms as phospholipids, and also can be found in triglycerides. PUFAs also serve as precursors to other molecules of importance in human beings and animals, including the prostacyclins, leukotrienes and prostaglandins. Long chain PUFAs of importance include docosahexenoic acid (DHA) and eicosapentenoic acid (EPA), which are found primarily in different types of fish oil, gamma-linolenic acid (GLA), which is found in the seeds of a number of plants, including evening primrose (*Oenothera biennis*), borage (*Borago officinalis*) and black currants (*Ribes nigrum*), stearidonic acid (SDA), which is found in marine oils and plant seeds, and arachidonic acid (ARA), which along with GLA is found in filamentous fungi. ARA can be purified from animal tissues including liver and adrenal gland. Several genera of marine bacteria are known which synthesize either EPA or DHA. DHA is present in human milk along with ARA.

PUFAs are necessary for proper development, particularly in the developing infant brain, and for tissue formation and repair. As an example, DHA, is an important constituent of many human cell membranes, in particular nervous cells (gray matter), muscle cells, and spermatozoa and believed to affect the development of brain functions in general and to be essential for the development of eyesight. EPA and DHA have a number of nutritional and pharmacological uses. As an example adults affected by diabetes (especially non insulin-dependent) show deficiencies and imbalances in their

levels of DHA which are believed to contribute to later coronary conditions. Therefore a diet balanced in DHA may be beneficial to diabetics.

5

10

15

20

25

30

For DHA, a number of sources exist for commercial production including a variety of marine organisms, oils obtained from cold water marine fish, and egg yolk fractions. The purification of DHA from fish sources is relatively expensive due to technical difficulties, making DHA expensive and in short supply. In algae such as Amphidinium and Schyzochytrium and marine fungi such as Thraustochytrium DHA may represent up to 48% of the fatty acid content of the cell. A few bacteria also are reported to produce DHA. These are generally deep sea bacteria such as Vibrio marinus. For ARA, microorganisms including the genera Mortierella, Entomophthora, Phytium and Porphyridium can be used for commercial production. Commercial sources of SDA include the genera Trichodesma and Echium. Commercial sources of GLA include evening primrose, black currants and borage. However, there are several disadvantages associated with commercial production of PUFAs from natural sources. Natural sources of PUFA, such as animals and plants, tend to have highly heterogeneous oil compositions. The oils obtained from these sources can require extensive purification to separate out one or more desired PUFA or to produce an oil which is enriched in one or more desired PUFA.

Natural sources also are subject to uncontrollable fluctuations in availability. Fish stocks may undergo natural variation or may be depleted by overfishing. Animal oils, and particularly fish oils, can accumulate environmental pollutants. Weather and disease can cause fluctuation in yields from both fish and plant sources. Cropland available for production of alternate oil-producing crops is subject to competition from the steady expansion of human populations and the associated increased need for food production on the remaining arable land. Crops which do produce PUFAs, such as borage, have not been adapted to commercial growth and may not perform well in monoculture. Growth of such crops is thus not economically competitive where more profitable and better established crops can be grown. Large -scale fermentation of organisms such as *Shewanella* also is expensive. Natural animal tissues contain low amounts of ARA and are difficult to process. Microorganisms such as *Porphyridium* and *Shewanella* are difficult to cultivate on a commercial scale.

Dietary supplements and pharmaceutical formulations containing PUFAs can retain the disadvantages of the PUFA source. Supplements such as fish oil capsules can

71

5

10

15

20

25

30

contain low levels of the particular desired component and thus require large dosages. High dosages result in ingestion of high levels of undesired components, including contaminants. Care must be taken in providing fatty acid supplements, as overaddition may result in suppression of endogenous biosynthetic pathways and lead to competition with other necessary fatty acids in various lipid fractions *in vivo*, leading to undesirable results. For example, Eskimos having a diet high in ω3 fatty acids have an increased tendency to bleed (U.S. Pat. No. 4,874,603). Fish oils have unpleasant tastes and odors, which may be impossible to economically separate from the desired product, such as a food supplements. Unpleasant tastes and odors of the supplements can make such regimens involving the supplement undesirable and may inhibit compliance by the patient.

A number of enzymes have been identified as being involved in PUFA biosynthesis. Linoleic acid (LA, 18:2 Δ 9, 12) is produced from oleic acid (18:1 Δ 9) by a Δ 12-desaturase. GLA (18:3 Δ 6, 9, 12) is produced from linoleic acid (LA, 18:2 Δ 9, 12) by a Δ 6-desaturase. ARA (20:4 Δ 5, 8, 11, 14) is produced from DGLA (20:3 Δ 8, 11, 14), catalyzed by a Δ 5-desaturase. Eicosapentenoic acid (EPA) is a 20 carbon, omega 3 fatty acid containing 5 double bonds (Δ 5, 8, 11, 14, 17), all in the *cis* configuration. EPA, and the related DHA (Δ 4, 7, 10, 13, 16, 19, C22:6) are produced from oleic acid by a series of elongation and desaturation reactions. Additionally, an elongase (or elongases) is required to extend the 18 carbon PUFAs out to 20 and 22 carbon chain lengths. However, animals cannot convert oleic acid (18:1 Δ 9) into linoleic acid (18:2 Δ 9, 12). Likewise, μ -linolenic acid (ALA, 18:3 Δ 9, 12, 15) cannot be synthesized by mammals. Other eukaryotes, including fungi and plants, have enzymes which desaturate at positions Δ 12 and Δ 15. The major poly-unsaturated fatty acids of animals therefore are either derived from diet and/or from desaturation and elongation of linoleic acid (18:2 Δ 9, 12) or μ -linolenic acid (18:3 Δ 9, 12, 15).

Poly-unsaturated fatty acids are considered to be useful for nutritional, pharmaceutical, industrial, and other purposes. An expansive supply of poly-unsaturated fatty acids from natural sources and from chemical synthesis are not sufficient for commercial needs. Because a number of separate desaturase and elongase enzymes are required for fatty acid synthesis from linoleic acid (LA, $18:2 \Delta 9$, 12), common in most plant species, to the more saturated and longer chain PUFAs, engineering plant host cells for the expression of EPA and DHA may require expression of five or six separate

enzyme activities to achieve expression, at least for EPA and DHA, and for production of quantities of such PUFAs additional engineering efforts may be required, for instance the down regulation of enzymes competing for substrate, engineering of higher enzyme activities such as by mutagenesis or targeting of enzymes to plastid organelles. Therefore it is of interest to obtain genetic material involved in PUFA biosynthesis from species that naturally produce these fatty acids and to express the isolated material alone or in combination in a heterologous system which can be manipulated to allow production of commercial quantities of PUFAs.

10 Relevant Literature

5

15

20

25

30

Several genera of marine bacteria have been identified which synthesize either EPA or DHA (DeLong and Yayanos, Applied and Environmental Microbiology (1986) 51: 730-737). Researchers of the Sagami Chemical Research Institute have reported EPA production in E. coli which have been transformed with a gene cluster from the marine bacterium, Shewanella putrefaciens. A minimum of 5 open reading frames (ORFs) are required for fatty acid synthesis of EPA in E. coli. To date, extensive characterization of the functions of the proteins encoded by these genes has not been reported (Yazawa (1996) Lipids 31, S-297; WO 93/23545; WO 96/21735).

The protein sequence of open reading frame (ORF) 3 as published by Yazawa, USPN 5,683,898 is not a functional protein. Yazawa defines the protein as initiating at the methionine codon at nucleotides 9016-9014 of the *Shewanella* PKS-like cluster (Genbank accession U73935) and ending at the stop codon at nucleotides 8185-8183 of the *Shewanella* PKS-like cluster. However, when this ORF is expressed under control of a heterologous promoter in an *E. coli* strain containing the entire PKS-like cluster except ORF 3, the recombinant cells do not produce EPA.

Polyketides are secondary metabolites the synthesis of which involves a set of enzymatic reactions analogous to those of fatty acid synthesis (see reviews: Hopwood and Sherman, Annu. Rev. Genet. (1990) 24: 37-66, and Katz and Donadio, in Annual Review of Microbiology (1993) 47: 875-912). It has been proposed to use polyketide synthases to produce novel antibiotics (Hutchinson and Fujii, Annual Review of Microbiology (1995) 49:201-238).

5

10

15

20

25

30

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Novel compositions and methods are provided for preparation of long chain polyunsaturated fatty acids (PUFAs) using polyketide-like synthesis (PKS-like) genes in plants and plant cells. In contrast to the known and proposed methods for production of PUFAs by means of fatty acid synthesis genes, by the invention constructs and methods are provided for producing PUFAs by utilizing genes of a PKS-like system. The methods involve growing a host cell of interest transformed with an expression cassette functional in the host cell, the expression cassette comprising a transcriptional and translational initiation regulatory region, joined in reading frame 5' to a DNA sequence to a gene or component of a PKS-like system capable of modulating the production of PUFAs (PKSlike gene). An alteration in the PUFA profile of host cells is achieved by expression following introduction of a complete PKS-like system responsible for a PUFA biosynthesis into host cells. The invention finds use for example in the large scale production of DHA and EPA and for modification of the fatty acid profile of host cells and edible plant tissues and/or plant parts.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 provides designations for the ORFs of the EPA gene cluster of Shewanella. Figure 1A shows the organization of the genes; those ORFs essential for EPA production in *E. coli* are numbered. Figure 1B shows the designations given to subclones.

Figure 2 provides the *Shewanella* PKS-like domain structure, motifs and 'Blast' matches of ORF 6 (Figure 2A), ORF 7 (Figure 2B), ORF 8 (Figure 2C), ORF 9 (Figure 2D) and ORF 3 (Figure 2E). Figure 2F shows the structure of the region of the Anabeana chromosome that is related to domains present in *Shewanella* EPA ORFs.

Figure 3 shows results for pantethenylation - ORF 3 in E. coli strain SJ16.

Figure 4 is the sequence for the PKS-like cluster found in *Shewanella*, containing ORFs 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9. The start and last codons for each ORF are as follows: ORF3 (published-inactive): 9016, 8186; ORF3 (active in EPA synthesis): 9157, 8186; ORF 6: 13906, 22173; ORF 7: 22203, 24515; ORF 8: 24518, 30529; ORF 9: 30730, 32358.

Figure 5 shows the sequence for the PKS-like cluster in an approximately 40 kb DNA fragment of *Vibrio marinus*, containing ORFs 6, 7, 8 and 9. The start and last condons for each ORF are as follows: ORF 6: 17394, 25352; ORF 7: 25509, 28160; ORF 8: 28209, 34265; ORF 9: 34454, 36118.

Figure 6 shows the sequence for an approximately 19 kb portion of the PKS-like cluster of Figure 5 which contains the ORFs 6, 7, 8 and 9. The start and last condons for each ORF are as follows: ORF 6: 411, 8369; ORF 7: 8526, 11177; ORF 8: 11226, 17282; ORF 9: 17471, 19135.

Figure 7 shows a comparison of the PKS-like gene clusters of Shewanella putrefaciens and Vibrio marinus; Figure 7B is the Vibrio marinus operon sequence.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Figure 8 is an expanded view of the PKS-like gene cluster portion of *Vibrio* marinus shown in Figure 7B showing that ORFs 6, 7 and 8 are in reading frame 2, while ORF 9 is in reading frame 3.

Figure 9 demonstrates sequence homology of ORF 6 of Shewanella putrefaciens and Vibrio marinus. The Shewanella ORF 6 is depicted on the vertical axis, and the Vibrio ORF 6 is depicted on the horizontal axis. Lines indicate regions of the proteins that have a 60% identity. The repeated lines in the middle correspond to the multiple ACP domains found in ORF 6.

Figure 10 demonstrates sequence homology of ORF 7 of Shewanella putrefaciens and Vibrio marinus. The Shewanella ORF 7 is depicted on the vertical axis, and the Vibrio ORF 7 is depicted on the horizontal axis. Lines indicate regions of the proteins that have a 60% identity.

Figure 11 demonstrates sequence homology of ORF 8 of Shewanella putrefaciens and Vibrio marinus. The Shewanella ORF 8 is depicted on the vertical axis, and the Vibro. ORF 8 is depicted on the horizontal axis. Lines indicate regions of the proteins that have a 60% identity.

Figure 12 demonstrates sequence homology of ORF 9 of Shewanella putrefaciens and Vibrio marinus. The Shewanella ORF 9 is depicted on the vertical axis, and the Vibrio ORF 9 is depicted on the horizontal axis. Lines indicate regions of the proteins that have a 60% identity.

Figure 13 is a depiction of various complementation experiments, and resulting PUFA production. On the right, is shown the longest PUFA made in the *E. coli* strain

containing the *Vibrio* and *Shewanella* genes depicted on the left. The hollow boxes indicate ORFs from *Shewanella*. The solid boxes indicate ORFs from *Vibrio*.

Figure 14 is a chromatogram showing fatty acid production from complementation of pEPAD8 from *Shewanella* (deletion ORF 8) with ORF 8 from *Shewanella*, in *E. coli* Fad E-. The chromatogram presents an EPA (20:5) peak.

Figure 15 is a chromatogram showing fatty acid production from complementation of pEPAD8 from *Shewanella* (deletion ORF 8) with ORF 8 from *Vibrio marinus*, in *E. coli* Fad E-. The chromatograph presents EPA (20:5) and DHA (22:6) peaks.

Figure 16 is a table of PUFA values from the ORF 8 complementation experiment, the chromatogram of which is shown in Figure 15.

10

15

20

25

30

Figure 17 is a plasmid map showing the elements of pCGN7770.

Figure 18 is a plasmid map showing the elements of pCGN8535.

Figure 19 is a plasmid map showing the elements of pCGN8537.

Figure 20 is a plasmid map showing the elements of pCGN8525.

Figure 21 is a comparison of the *Shewanella* ORFs as defined by Yazawa and those disclosed in Figure 4. When a protein starting at the leucine (TTG) codon at nucleotides 9157-9155 and ending at the stop codon at nucleotides 8185-8183 is expressed under control of a heterologous promoter in an *E. coli* strain containing the entire PKS-like cluster except ORF 3, the recombinant cells do produce EPA. Thus, the published protein sequence is likely to be wrong, and the coding sequence for the protein may start at the TTG codon at nucleotides 9157-9155 or the TTG codon at nucleotides 9172-9170. This information is critical to the expression of a functional PKS-like cluster heterologous system.

Figure 22 is a plasmid map showing the elements of pCGN8560.

Figure 23 is plasmid map showing the elements of pCGN8556.

Figure 24 shows the translated DNA sequence upstream of the published ORF 3. The ATG start codon at position 9016 is the start codon for the protein described by Yazawa et al (1996) supra. The other arrows depict TTG or ATT codons that can also serve as start codons in bacteria. When ORF 3 is started from the published ATG codon at 9016, the protein is not functional in making EPA. When ORF 3 is initiated at the TTG codon at position 9157, the protein is capable of facilitating EPA synthesis.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

5

10

15

. 20

25

30

In accordance with the subject invention, novel DNA sequences, DNA constructs and methods are provided, which include some or all of the polyketide-like synthesis (PKS-like) pathway genes from Shewanella, Vibrio or other microorganisms, for modifying the poly-unsaturated long chain fatty acid content of host cells, particularly host plant cells. The present invention demonstrates that EPA synthesis genes in Shewanella putrefaciens constitute a polyketide-like synthesis pathway. Functions are ascribed to the Shewanella and Vibrio genes and methods are provided for the production of EPA and DHA in host cells. The method includes the step of transforming cells with an expression cassette comprising a DNA encoding a polypeptide capable of increasing the amount of one or more PUFA in the host cell. Desirably, integration constructs are prepared which provide for integration of the expression cassette into the genome of a host cell. Host cells are manipulated to express a sense or antisense DNA encoding a polypeptide(s) that has PKS-like gene activity. By "PKS-like gene" is intended a polypeptide which is responsible for any one or more of the functions of a PKS-like activity of interest. By "polypeptide" is meant any chain of amino acids, regardless of length or post-translational modification, for example, glycosylation or phosphorylation. Depending upon the nature of the host cell, the substrate(s) for the expressed enzyme may be produced by the host cell or may be exogenously supplied. Of particular interest is the selective control of PUFA production in plant tissues and/or plant parts such as leaves, roots, fruits and seeds. The invention can be used to synthesize EPA, DHA, and other related PUFAs in host cells.

There are many advantages to transgenic production of PUFAs. As an example, in transgenic *E. coli* as in *Shewanella*, EPA accumulates in the phospholipid fraction, specifically in the *sn*-2 position. It may be possible to produce a structured lipid in a desired host cell which differs substantially from that produced in either *Shewanella* or *E. coli*. Additionally transgenic production of PUFAs in particular host cells offers several advantages over purification from natural sources such as fish or plants. In transgenic plants, by utilizing a PKS-like system, fatty acid synthesis of PUFAs is achieved in the cytoplasm by a system which produces the PUFAs through *de novo* production of the fatty acids utilizing malonyl Co-A and acetyl Co-A as substrates. In this fashion, potential problems, such as those associated with substrate competition and diversion of normal products of fatty acid synthesis in a host to PUFA production, are avoided.

Production of fatty acids from recombinant plants provides the ability to alter the naturally occurring plant fatty acid profile by providing new synthetic pathways in the host or by suppressing undesired pathways, thereby increasing levels of desired PUFAs, or conjugated forms thereof, and decreasing levels of undesired PUFAs. Production of fatty acids in transgenic plants also offers the advantage that expression of PKS-like genes in particular tissues and/or plant parts means that greatly increased levels of desired PUFAs in those tissues and/or parts can be achieved, making recovery from those tissues more economical. Expression in a plant tissue and/or plant part presents certain efficiencies, particularly where the tissue or part is one which is easily harvested, such as seed, leaves, fruits, flowers, roots, etc. For example, the desired PUFAs can be expressed in seed; methods of isolating seed oils are well established. In addition to providing a source for purification of desired PUFAs, seed oil components can be manipulated through expression of PKS-like genes, either alone or in combination with other genes such as elongases, to provide seed oils having a particular PUFA profile in concentrated form. The concentrated seed oils then can be added to animal milks and/or synthetic or semisynthetic milks to serve as infant formulas where human nursing is impossible or undesired, or in cases of malnourishment or disease in both adults and infants.

10

15

20

25

30

Transgenic microbial production of fatty acids offers the advantages that many microbes are known with greatly simplified oil compositions as compared with those of higher organisms, making purification of desired components easier. Microbial production is not subject to fluctuations caused by external variables such as weather and food supply. Microbially produced oil is substantially free of contamination by environmental pollutants. Additionally, microbes can provide PUFAs in particular forms which may have specific uses. For example, Spirulina can provide PUFAs predominantly at the first and third positions of triglycerides; digestion by pancreatic lipases preferentially releases fatty acids from these positions. Following human or animal ingestion of triglycerides derived from Spirulina, thes PUFAs are released by pancreatic lipases as free fatty acids and thus are directly available, for example, for infant brain development. Additionally, microbial oil production can be manipulated by controlling culture conditions, notably by providing particular substrates for microbially expressed enzymes, or by addition of compounds which suppress undesired biochemical pathways. In addition to these advantages, production of fatty acids from recombinant microbes provides the ability to alter the naturally occurring microbial fatty acid profile by

providing new synthetic pathways in the host or by suppressing undesired pathways, thereby increasing levels of desired PUFAs, or conjugated forms thereof, and decreasing levels of undesired PUFAs.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Production of fatty acids in animals also presents several advantages. Expression of desaturase genes in animals can produce greatly increased levels of desired PUFAs in animal tissues, making recovery from those tissues more economical. For example, where the desired PUFAs are expressed in the breast milk of animals, methods of isolating PUFAs from animal milk are well established. In addition to providing a source for purification of desired PUFAs, animal breast milk can be manipulated through expression of desaturase genes, either alone or in combination with other human genes, to provide animal milks with a PUFA composition substantially similar to human breast milk during the different stages of infant development. Humanized animal milks could serve as infant formulas where human nursing is impossible or undesired, or in the cases of malnourishment or disease.

DNAs encoding desired PKS-like genes can be identified in a variety of ways. In one method, a source of a desired PKS-like gene, for example genomic libraries from a Shewanella or Vibrio spp., is screened with detectable enzymatically- or chemicallysynthesized probes. Sources of ORFs having PKS-like genes are those organisms which produce a desired PUFA, including DHA-producing or EPA-producing deep sea bacteria growing preferentially under high pressure or at relatively low temperature. Microorgansims such as Shewanella which produce EPA or DHA also can be used as a source of PKS-like genes. The probes can be made from DNA, RNA, or non-naturally occurring nucleotides, or mixtures thereof. Probes can be enzymatically synthesized from DNAs of known PKS-like genes for normal or reduced-stringency hybridization methods. For discussions of nucleic acid probe design and annealing conditions, see, for example, Sambrook et al, Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual (2nd ed.), Vols. 1-3, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, (1989) or Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, F. Ausubel et al, ed., Greene Publishing and Wiley-Interscience, New York (1987), each of which is incorporated herein by reference. Techniques for manipulation of nucleic acids encoding PUFA enzymes such as subcloning nucleic acid sequences encoding polypeptides into expression vectors, labelling probes, DNA hybridization, and the like are described generally in Sambrook, supra.

Oligonucleotide probes also can be used to screen sources and can be based on sequences of known PKS-like genes, including sequences conserved among known PKS-like genes, or on peptide sequences obtained from a desired purified protein.

Oligonucleotide probes based on amino acid sequences can be degenerate to encompass the degeneracy of the genetic code, or can be biased in favor of the preferred codons of the source organism. Alternatively, a desired protein can be entirely sequenced and total synthesis of a DNA encoding that polypeptide performed.

Once the desired DNA has been isolated, it can be sequenced by known methods. It is recognized in the art that such methods are subject to errors, such that multiple sequencing of the same region is routine and is still expected to lead to measurable rates of mistakes in the resulting deduced sequence, particularly in regions having repeated domains, extensive secondary structure, or unusual base compositions, such as regions with high GC base content. When discrepancies arise, resequencing can be done and can employ special methods. Special methods can include altering sequencing conditions by using: different temperatures; different enzymes; proteins which alter the ability of oligonucleotides to form higher order structures; altered nucleotides such as ITP or methylated dGTP; different gel compositions, for example adding formamide; different primers or primers located at different distances from the problem region; or different templates such as single stranded DNAs. Sequencing of mRNA can also be employed.

10

15

20

25

30

For the most part, some or all of the coding sequences for the polypeptides having PKS-like gene activity are from a natural source. In some situations, however, it is desirable to modify all or a portion of the codons, for example, to enhance expression, by employing host preferred codons. Host preferred codons can be determined from the codons of highest frequency in the proteins expressed in the largest amount in a particular host species of interest. Thus, the coding sequence for a polypeptide having PKS-like gene activity can be synthesized in whole or in part. All or portions of the DNA also can be synthesized to remove any destabilizing sequences or regions of secondary structure which would be present in the transcribed mRNA. All or portions of the DNA also can be synthesized to alter the base composition to one more preferable to the desired host cell. Methods for synthesizing sequences and bringing sequences together are well established in the literature. *In vitro* mutagenesis and selection, site-directed mutagenesis, or other means can be employed to obtain mutations of naturally occurring PKS-like genes to produce a polypeptide having PKS-like gene activity *in vivo* with more desirable

physical and kinetic parameters for function in the host cell, such as a longer half-life or a higher rate of production of a desired polyunsaturated fatty acid.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Of particular interest are the Shewanella putrefaciens ORFs and the corresponding ORFs of Vibrio marinus. The Shewanella putrefaciens PKS-like genes can be expressed in transgenic plants to effect biosynthesis of EPA. Other DNAs which are substantially identical in sequence to the Shewanella putrefaciens PKS-like genes, or which encode polypeptides which are substantially similar to PKS-like genes of Shewanella putrefaciens can be used, such as those identified from Vibrio marinus. By substantially identical in sequence is intended an amino acid sequence or nucleic acid sequence exhibiting in order of increasing preference at least 60%, 80%, 90% or 95% homology to the DNA sequence of the Shewanella putrefaciens PKS-like genes or nucleic acid sequences encoding the amino acid sequences for such genes. For polypeptides, the length of comparison sequences generally is at least 16 amino acids, preferably at least 20 amino acids, and most preferably 35 amino acids. For nucleic acids, the length of comparison sequences generally is at least 50 nucleotides, preferably at least 60 nucleotides, and more preferably at least 75 nucleotides, and most preferably, 110 nucleotides.

Homology typically is measured using sequence analysis software, for example, the Sequence Analysis software package of the Genetics Computer Group, University of Wisconsin Biotechnology Center, 1710 University Avenue, Madison, Wisconsin 53705, MEGAlign (DNAStar, Inc., 1228 S. Park St., Madison, Wisconsin 53715), and MacVector (Oxford Molecular Group, 2105 S. Bascom Avenue, Suite 200, Campbell, California 95008). BLAST (National Center for Biotechnology Information (WCBI) www.ncbi.nlm.gov; FASTA (Pearson and Lipman, *Science* (1985) 227:1435-1446). Such software matches similar sequences by assigning degrees of homology to various substitutions, deletions, and other modifications. Conservative substitutions typically include substitutions within the following groups: glycine and alanine; valine, isoleucine and leucine; aspartic acid, glutamic acid, asparagine, and glutamine; serine and threonine; lysine and arginine; and phenylalanine and tyrosine. Substitutions may also be made on the basis of conserved hydrophobicity or hydrophilicity (Kyte and Doolittle, *J. Mol. Biol.* (1982) 157: 105-132), or on the basis of the ability to assume similar polypeptide secondary structure (Chou and Fasman, *Adv. Enzymol.* (1978) 47: 45-148, 1978). A

related protein to the probing sequence is identified when $p \ge 0.01$, preferably $p \ge 10^{-7}$ or 10^{-8} .

Encompassed by the present invention are related PKS-like genes from the same or other organisms. Such related PKS-like genes include variants of the disclosed PKSlike ORFs that occur naturally within the same or different species of Shewanella, as well as homologues of the disclosed PKS-like genes from other species and evolutionarily related proteins having analogous function and activity. Also included are PKS-like genes which, although not substantially identical to the Shewanella putrefaciens PKSlike genes, operate in a similar fashion to produce PUFAs as part of a PKS-like system. Related PKS-like genes can be identified by their ability to function substantially the same as the disclosed PKS-like genes; that is, they can be substituted for corresponding ORFs of Shewanella or Vibrio and still effectively produce EPA or DHA. Related PKSlike genes also can be identified by screening sequence databases for sequences homologous to the disclosed PKS-like genes, by hybridization of a probe based on the disclosed PKS-like genes to a library constructed from the source organism, or by RT-PCR using mRNA from the source organism and primers based on the disclosed PKS-like gene. Thus, the phrase "PKS-like genes" refers not only to the nucleotide sequences disclosed herein, but also to other nucleic acids that are allelic or species variants of these nucleotide sequences. It is also understood that these terms include nonnatural mutations introduced by deliberate mutation using recombinant technology such as single site mutation or by excising short sections of DNA open reading frames coding for PUFA enzymes or by substituting new codons or adding new codons. Such minor alterations substantially maintain the immunoidentity of the original expression product and/or its biological activity. The biological properties of the altered PUFA enzymes can be determined by expressing the enzymes in an appropriate cell line and by determining the ability of the enzymes to synthesize PUFAs. Particular enzyme modifications considered minor would include substitution of amino acids of similar chemical properties, e.g., glutamic acid for aspartic acid or glutamine for asparagine.

10

15

20

25

30

When utilizing a PUFA PKS-like system from another organism, the regions of a PKS-like gene polypeptide important for PKS-like gene activity can be determined through routine mutagenesis, expression of the resulting mutant polypeptides and determination of their activities. The coding region for the mutants can include deletions, insertions and point mutations, or combinations thereof. A typical functional analysis

begins with deletion mutagenesis to determine the N- and C-terminal limits of the protein necessary for function, and then internal deletions, insertions or point mutants are made in the open ready frame to further determine regions necessary for function. Other techniques such as cassette mutagenesis or total synthesis also can be used. Deletion mutagenesis is accomplished, for example, by using exonucleases to sequentially remove the 5' or 3' coding regions. Kits are available for such techniques. After deletion, the coding region is completed by ligating oligonucleotides containing start or stop codons to the deleted coding region after 5' or 3' deletion, respectively. Alternatively, oligonucleotides encoding start or stop codons are inserted into the coding region by a variety of methods including site-directed mutagenesis, mutagenic PCR or by ligation onto DNA digested at existing restriction sites. Internal deletions can similarly be made through a variety of methods including the use of existing restriction sites in the DNA, by use of mutagenic primers via site directed mutagenesis or mutagenic PCR. Insertions are made through methods such as linker-scanning mutagenesis, site-directed mutagenesis or mutagenic PCR. Point mutations are made through techniques such as site-directed mutagenesis or mutagenic PCR.

5

10

15

. 20

25

30

Chemical mutagenesis also can be used for identifying regions of a PKS-like gene polypeptide important for activity. A mutated construct is expressed, and the ability of the resulting altered protein to function as a PKS-like gene is assayed. Such structurefunction analysis can determine which regions may be deleted, which regions tolerate insertions, and which point mutations allow the mutant protein to function in substantially the same way as the native PKS-like gene. All such mutant proteins and nucleotide sequences encoding them are within the scope of the present invention. EPA is produced in Shewanella as the product of a PKS-like system, such that the EPA genes encode components of this system. In Vibrio, DHA is produced by a similar system. The enzymes which synthesize these fatty acids are encoded by a cluster of genes which are distinct from the fatty acid synthesis genes encoding the enzymes involved in synthesis of the C16 and C18 fatty acids typically found in bacteria and in plants. As the Shewanella EPA genes represent a PKS-like gene cluster, EPA production is, at least to some extent, independent of the typical bacterial type II FAS system. Thus, production of EPA in the cytoplasm of plant cells can be achieved by expression of the PKS-like pathway genes in plant cells under the control of appropriate plant regulatory signals.

EPA production in *E. coli* transformed with the *Shewanella* EPA genes proceeds during anaerobic growth, indicating that O2-dependent desaturase reactions are not involved. Analyses of the proteins encoded by the ORFs essential for EPA production reveals the presence of domain structures characteristic of PKS-like systems. Fig. 2A shows a summary of the domains, motifs, and also key homologies detected by "BLAST" data bank searches. Because EPA is different from many of the other substances produced by PKS-like pathways, i.e., it contains 5, *cis* double bonds, spaced at 3 carbon intervals along the molecule, a PKS-like system for synthesis of EPA is not expected.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Further, BLAST searches using the domains present in the Shewanella EPA ORFs reveal that several are related to proteins encoded by a PKS-like gene cluster found in Anabeana. The structure of that region of the Anabeana chromosome is shown in Fig. 2F. The Anabeana PKS-like genes have been linked to the synthesis of a long-chain (C26), hydroxy-fatty acid found in a glycolipid layer of heterocysts. The EPA protein domains with homology to the Anabeana proteins are indicated in Fig. 2F.

ORF 6 of Shewanella contains a KAS domain which includes an active site motif (DXAC*) as well as a "GFGG" motif which is present at the end of many Type II KAS proteins (see Fig. 2A). Extended motifs are present but not shown here. Next is a malonyl-CoA:ACP acyl transferase (AT) domain. Sequences near the active site motif (GHS*XG) suggest it transfers malonate rather than methylmalonate, i.e., it resembles the acetate-like ATs. Following a linker region, there is a cluster of 6 repeating domains, each ~100 amino acids in length, which are homologous to PKS-like ACP sequences. Each contains a pantetheine binding site motif (LGXDS*(L/I)). The presence of 6 such ACP domains has not been observed previously in fatty acid synthases (FAS) or PKS-like systems. Near the end of the protein is a region which shows homology to \(\beta-keto-ACP reductases (KR). It contains a pyridine nucleotide binding site motif "GXGXX(G/A/P)".

The Shewanella ORF 8 begins with a KAS domain, including active site and ending motifs (Fig. 2C). The best match in the data banks is with the Anabeana HglD. There is also a domain which has sequence homology to the N- terminal one half of the Anabeana HglC. This region also shows weak homology to KAS proteins although it lacks the active site and ending motifs. It has the characteristics of the so-called chain length factors (CLF) of Type II PKS-like systems. ORF 8 appears to direct the production of EPA versus DHA by the PKS-like system. ORF 8 also has two domains with homology to β-hydroxyacyl-ACP dehydrases (DH). The best match for both domains is

with *E. coli* FabA, a bi-functional enzyme which carries out both the dehydrase reaction and an isomerization (*trans* to *cis*) of the resulting double bond. The first DH domain contains both the active site histidine (H) and an adjacent cysteine (C) implicated in FabA catalysis. The second DH domain has the active site H but lacks the adjacent C (Fig. 2C). Blast searches with the second DH domain also show matches to FabZ, a second *E. coli* DH, which does not possess isomerase activity.

5

10

15

20

25

30

The N-terminal half of ORF 7 (Fig. 2B) has no significant matches in the data banks. The best match of the C-terminal half is with a C-terminal portion of the Anabeana HglC. This domain contains an acyl-transferase (AT) motif (GXSXG). Comparison of the extended active site sequences, based on the crystal structure of the E. coli malonyl-CoA:ACP AT, reveals that ORF 7 lacks two residues essential for exclusion of water from the active site (E. coli nomenclature; Q11 and R117). These data suggest that ORF 7 may function as a thioesterase.

ORF 9 (Fig. 2D) is homologous to an ORF of unknown function in the Anabeana Hgl cluster. It also exhibits a very weak homology to NIFA, a regulatory protein in nitrogen fixing bacteria. A regulatory role for the ORF 9 protein has not been excluded. ORF 3 (Fig. 2E) is homologous to the Anabeana Hetl as well as EntD from *E. coli* and Sfp of *Bacillus*. Recently, a new enzyme family of phosphopantetheinyl transferases has been identified that includes Hetl, EntD and Sfp (Lamblot RH, *et al.* (1996) A new enzyme superfamily - the phophopantetheinyl transferases. *Chemistry & Biology*, Vol 3, #11, 923-936). The data of Fig. 3 demonstrates that the presence of ORF 3 is required for addition of \(\beta\)-alanine (i.e. pantetheine) to the ORF 6 protein. Thus, ORF 3 encodes the phosphopantetheinyl transferase specific for the ORF 6 ACP domains. (*See*, Haydock SF *et al.* (1995) Divergent sequence motifs correlated with the substrate specificity of (methyl)malonyl-CoA:acyl carrier protein transacylase domains in modular polyketide synthases, *FEBS Lett.*, 374, 246-248). Malonate is the source of the carbons utilized in the extension reactions of EPA synthesis. Additionally, malonyl-CoA rather than malonyl-ACP is the AT substrate, i.e., the AT region of ORF 6 uses malonyl Co-A.

Once the DNA sequences encoding the PKS-like genes of an organism responsible for PUFA production have been obtained, they are placed in a vector capable of replication in a host cell, or propagated *in vitro* by means of techniques such as PCR or long PCR. Replicating vectors can include plasmids, phage, viruses, cosmids and the like. Desirable vectors include those useful for mutagenesis of the gene of interest or for

0.00

5

10

15

. 20

25

30

expression of the gene of interest in host cells. A PUFA synthesis enzyme or a homologous protein can be expressed in a variety of recombinantly engineered cells. Numerous expression systems are available for expression of DNA encoding a PUFA enzyme. The expression of natural or synthetic nucleic acids encoding PUFA enzyme is typically achieved by operably linking the DNA to a promoter (which is either constitutive or inducible) within an expression vector. By expression vector is meant a DNA molecule, linear or circular, that comprises a segment encoding a PUFA enzyme, operably linked to additional segments that provide for its transcription. Such additional segments include promoter and terminator sequences. An expression vector also may include one or more origins of replication, one or more selectable markers, an enhancer, a polyadenylation signal, etc. Expression vectors generally are derived from plasmid or viral DNA, and can contain elements of both. The term "operably linked" indicates that the segments are arranged so that they function in concert for their intended purposes, for example, transcription initiates in the promoter and proceeds through the coding segment to the terminator. See Sambrook et al, supra.

The technique of long PCR has made *in vitro* propagation of large constructs possible, so that modifications to the gene of interest, such as mutagenesis or addition of expression signals, and propagation of the resulting constructs can occur entirely *in vitro* without the use of a replicating vector or a host cell. *In vitro* expression can be accomplished, for example, by placing the coding region for the desaturase polypeptide in an expression vector designed for *in vitro* use and adding rabbit reticulocyte lysate and cofactors; labeled amino acids can be incorporated if desired. Such *in vitro* expression vectors may provide some or all of the expression signals necessary in the system used. These methods are well known in the art and the components of the system are commercially available. The reaction mixture can then be assayed directly for PKS-like enzymes for example by determining their activity, or the synthesized enzyme can be purified and then assayed.

Expression in a host cell can be accomplished in a transient or stable fashion. Transient expression can occur from introduced constructs which contain expression signals functional in the host cell, but which constructs do not replicate and rarely integrate in the host cell, or where the host cell is not proliferating. Transient expression also can be accomplished by inducing the activity of a regulatable promoter operably linked to the gene of interest, although such inducible systems frequently exhibit a low

-1

basal level of expression. Stable expression can be achieved by introduction of a nucleic acid construct that can integrate into the host genome or that autonomously replicates in the host cell. Stable expression of the gene of interest can be selected for through the use of a selectable marker located on or transfected with the expression construct, followed by selection for cells expressing the marker. When stable expression results from integration, integration of constructs can occur randomly within the host genome or can be targeted through the use of constructs containing regions of homology with the host genome sufficient to target recombination with the host locus. Where constructs are targeted to an endogenous locus, all or some of the transcriptional and translational regulatory regions can be provided by the endogenous locus. To achieve expression in a host cell, the transformed DNA is operably associated with transcriptional and translational initiation and termination regulatory regions that are functional in the host cell.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Transcriptional and translational initiation and termination regions are derived from a variety of nonexclusive sources, including the DNA to be expressed, genes known or suspected to be capable of expression in the desired system, expression vectors, chemical synthesis The termination region can be derived from the 3' region of the gene from which the initiation region was obtained or from a different gene. A large number of termination regions are known to and have been found to be satisfactory in a variety of hosts from the same and different genera and species. The termination region usually is selected more as a matter of convenience rather than because of any particular property. When expressing more than one PKS-like ORF in the same cell, appropriate regulatory regions and expression methods should be used. Introduced genes can be propagated in the host cell through use of replicating vectors or by integration into the host genome. Where two or more genes are expressed from separate replicating vectors, it is desirable that each vector has a different means of replication. Each introduced construct, whether integrated or not, should have a different means of selection and should lack homology to the other constructs to maintain stable expression and prevent reassortment of elements among constructs. Judicious choices of regulatory regions, selection means and method of propagation of the introduced construct can be experimentally determined so that all introduced genes are expressed at the necessary levels to provide for synthesis of the desired products.

A variety of procaryotic expression systems can be used to express PUFA enzyme. Expression vectors can be constructed which contain a promoter to direct transcription, a ribosome binding site, and a transcriptional terminator. Examples of regulatory regions suitable for this purpose in E. coli are the promoter and operator region of the E. coli tryptophan biosynthetic pathway as described by Yanofsky (1984) J. Bacteriol., 158:1018-1024 and the leftward promoter of phage lambda (P λ) as described by Herskowitz and Hagen, (1980) Ann. Rev. Genet., 14:399-445. The inclusion of selection markers in DNA vectors transformed in E.coli is also useful. Examples of such markers include genes specifying resistance to ampicillin, tetracycline, or chloramphenicol. Vectors used for expressing foreign genes in bacterial hosts generally will contain a selectable marker, such as a gene for antibiotic resistance, and a promoter which functions in the host cell. Plasmids useful for transforming bacteria include pBR322 (Bolivar, et al, (1977) Gene 2:95-113), the pUC plasmids (Messing, (1983) Meth. Enzymol. 101:20-77, Vieira and Messing, (1982) Gene 19:259-268), pCQV2 (Queen, ibid.), and derivatives thereof. Plasmids may contain both viral and bacterial elements. Methods for the recovery of the proteins in biologically active form are discussed in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,966,963 and 4,999,422, which are incorporated herein by reference. See Sambrook, et al for a description of other prokaryotic expression systems.

10

15

20

25

30

For expression in eukaryotes, host cells for use in practicing the present invention include mammalian, avian, plant, insect, and fungal cells. As an example, for plants, the choice of a promoter will depend in part upon whether constitutive or inducible expression is desired and whether it is desirable to produce the PUFAs at a particular stage of plant development and/or in a particular tissue. Considerations for choosing a specific tissue and/or developmental stage for expression of the ORFs may depend on competing substrates or the ability of the host cell to tolerate expression of a particular PUFA. Expression can be targeted to a particular location within a host plant such as seed, leaves, fruits, flowers, and roots, by using specific regulatory sequences, such as those described in USPN 5,463,174, USPN 4,943,674, USPN 5,106,739, USPN 5,175,095, USPN 5,420,034, USPN 5,188,958, and USPN 5,589,379. Where the host cell is a yeast, transcription and translational regions functional in yeast cells are provided, particularly from the host species. The transcriptional initiation regulatory regions can be obtained, for example from genes in the glycolytic pathway, such as alcohol dehydrogenase, glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (GPD),

phosphoglucoisomerase, phosphoglycerate kinase, etc. or regulatable genes such as acid phosphatase, lactase, metallothionein, glucoamylase, etc. Any one of a number of regulatory sequences can be used in a particular situation, depending upon whether constitutive or induced transcription is desired, the particular efficiency of the promoter in conjunction with the open-reading frame of interest, the ability to join a strong promoter with a control region from a different promoter which allows for inducible transcription, ease of construction, and the like. Of particular interest are promoters which are activated in the presence of galactose. Galactose-inducible promoters (GAL1, GAL7, and GAL10) have been extensively utilized for high level and regulated expression of protein in yeast (Lue et al., (1987) Mol. Cell. Biol. 7:3446; Johnston, (1987) Microbiol. Rev. 51:458). Transcription from the GAL promoters is activated by the GAL4 protein, which binds to the promoter region and activates transcription when galactose is present. In the absence of galactose, the antagonist GAL80 binds to GAL4 and prevents GAL4 from activating transcription. Addition of galactose prevents GAL80 from inhibiting activation by GAL4. Preferably, the termination region is derived from a yeast gene, particularly Saccharomyces, Schizosaccharomyces, Candida or Kluyveromyces. The 3' regions of two mammalian genes, γ interferon and α2 interferon, are also known to function in yeast.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Nucleotide sequences surrounding the translational initiation codon ATG have been found to affect expression in yeast cells. If the desired polypeptide is poorly expressed in yeast, the nucleotide sequences of exogenous genes can be modified to include an efficient yeast translation initiation sequence to obtain optimal gene expression. For expression in *Saccharomyces*, this can be done by site-directed mutagenesis of an inefficiently expressed gene by fusing it in-frame to an endogenous *Saccharomyces* gene, preferably a highly expressed gene, such as the lactase gene.

As an alternative to expressing the PKS-like genes in the plant cell cytoplasm, is to target the enzymes to the chloroplast. One method to target proteins to the chloroplast entails use of leader peptides attached to the N-termini of the proteins. Commonly used leader peptides are derived from the small subunit of plant ribulose bis phosphate carboxylase. Leader sequences from other chloroplast proteins may also be used. Another method for targeting proteins to the chloroplast is to transform the chloroplast genome (Stable transformation of chloroplasts of *Chlamydomonas reinhardtii* (1 green alga) using bombardment of recipient cells with high-velocity tungsten microprojectiles coated with foreign DNA has been described. *See*, for example, Blowers *et al Plant Cell*

(1989) 1:123-132 and Debuchy et al EMBO J (1989) 8:2803-2809. The transformation technique, using tungsten microprojectiles, is described by Kline et al, Nature (London) (1987) 327:70-73). The most common method of transforming chloroplasts involves using biolistic techniques, but other techniques developed for the purpose may also be used. (Methods for targeting foreign gene products into chloroplasts (Shrier et al EMBO J. (1985) 4:25-32) or mitochnodria (Boutry et al, supra) have been described. See also Tomai et al Gen. Biol. Chem. (1988) 263:15104-15109 and US Patent No. 4,940,835 for the use of transit peptides for translocating nuclear gene products into the chloroplast. Methods for directing the transport of proteins to the chloroplast are reviewed in Kenauf TIBTECH (1987) 5:40-47.

5

10

15

- 20

25

30

For producing PUFAs in avian species and cells, gene transfer can be performed by introducing a nucleic acid sequence encoding a PUFA enzyme into the cells following procedures known in the art. If a transgenic animal is desired, pluripotent stem cells of embryos can be provided with a vector carrying a PUFA enzyme encoding transgene and developed into adult animal (USPN 5,162,215; Ono et al. (1996) Comparative Biochemistry and Physiology A 113(3):287-292; WO 9612793; WO 9606160). In most cases, the transgene is modified to express high levels of the PKS-like enzymes in order to increase production of PUFAs. The transgenes can be modified, for example, by providing transcriptional and/or translational regulatory regions that function in avian cells, such as promoters which direct expression in particular tissues and egg parts such as yolk. The gene regulatory regions can be obtained from a variety of sources, including chicken anemia or avian leukosis viruses or avian genes such as a chicken ovalbumin gene.

Production of PUFAs in insect cells can be conducted using baculovirus expression vectors harboring PKS-like transgenes. Baculovirus expression vectors are available from several commercial sources such as Clonetech. Methods for producing hybrid and transgenic strains of algae, such as marine algae, which contain and express a desaturase transgene also are provided. For example, transgenic marine algae can be prepared as described in USPN 5,426,040. As with the other expression systems described above, the timing, extent of expression and activity of the desaturase transgene can be regulated by fitting the polypeptide coding sequence with the appropriate transcriptional and translational regulatory regions selected for a particular use. Of particular interest are promoter regions which can be induced under preselected growth

conditions. For example, introduction of temperature sensitive and/or metabolite responsive mutations into the desaturase transgene coding sequences, its regulatory regions, and/or the genome of cells into which the transgene is introduced can be used for this purpose.

5

10

15

20

25

30

The transformed host cell is grown under appropriate conditions adapted for a desired end result. For host cells grown in culture, the conditions are typically optimized to produce the greatest or most economical yield of PUFAs, which relates to the selected desaturase activity. Media conditions which may be optimized include: carbon source, nitrogen source, addition of substrate, final concentration of added substrate, form of substrate added, aerobic or anaerobic growth, growth temperature, inducing agent, induction temperature, growth phase at induction, growth phase at harvest, pH, density, and maintenance of selection. Microorganisms such as yeast, for example, are preferably grown using selected media of interest, which include yeast peptone broth (YPD) and minimal media (contains amino acids, yeast nitrogen base, and ammonium sulfate, and lacks a component for selection, for example uracil). Desirably, substrates to be added are first dissolved in ethanol. Where necessary, expression of the polypeptide of interest may be induced, for example by including or adding galactose to induce expression from a GAL promoter.

When increased expression of the PKS-like gene polypeptide in a host cell which expresses PUFA from a PKS-like system is desired, several methods can be employed. Additional genes encoding the PKS-like gene polypeptide can be introduced into the host organism. Expression from the native PKS-like gene locus also can be increased through homologous recombination, for example by inserting a stronger promoter into the host genome to cause increased expression, by removing destabilizing sequences from either the mRNA or the encoded protein by deleting that information from the host genome, or by adding stabilizing sequences to the mRNA (see USPN 4,910,141 and USPN 5,500,365). Thus, the subject host will have at least have one copy of the expression construct and may have two or more, depending upon whether the gene is integrated into the genome, amplified, or is present on an extrachromosomal element having multiple copy numbers. Where the subject host is a yeast, four principal types of yeast plasmid vectors can be used: Yeast Integrating plasmids (YIps), Yeast Replicating plasmids (YRps), Yeast Centromere plasmids (YCps), and Yeast Episomal plasmids (YEps). YIps lack a yeast replication origin and must be propagated as integrated elements in the yeast

genome. YRps have a chromosomally derived autonomously replicating sequence and are propagated as medium copy number (20 to 40), autonomously replicating, unstably segregating plasmids. YCps have both a replication origin and a centromere sequence and propagate as low copy number (10-20), autonomously replicating, stably segregating plasmids. YEps have an origin of replication from the yeast 2µm plasmid and are propagated as high copy number, autonomously replicating, irregularly segregating plasmids. The presence of the plasmids in yeast can be ensured by maintaining selection for a marker on the plasmid. Of particular interest are the yeast vectors pYES2 (a YEp plasmid available from Invitrogen, confers uracil prototrophy and a GAL1 galactose-inducible promoter for expression), and pYX424 (a YEp plasmid having a constitutive TP1 promoter and conferring leucine prototrophy; (Alber and Kawasaki (1982). *J. Mol. & Appl. Genetics* 1: 419).

5

10

15

20

25

30

The choice of a host cell is influenced in part by the desired PUFA profile of the transgenic cell, and the native profile of the host cell. Even where the host cell expresses PKS-like gene activity for one PUFA, expression of PKS-like genes of another PKS-like system can provide for production of a novel PUFA not produced by the host cell. In particular instances where expression of PKS-like gene activity is coupled with expression of an ORF 8 PKS-like gene of an organism which produces a different PUFA, it can be desirable that the host cell naturally have, or be mutated to have, low PKS-like gene activity for ORF 8. As an example, for production of EPA, the DNA sequence used encodes the polypeptide having PKS-like gene activity of an organism which produces EPA, while for production of DHA, the DNA sequences used are those from an organism which produces DHA. For use in a host cell which already expresses PKS-like gene activity it can be necessary to utilize an expression cassette which provides for overexpression of the desired PKS-like genes alone or with a construct to downregulate the activity of an existing ORF of the existing PKS-like system, such as by antisense or co-suppression. Similarly, a combination of ORFs derived from separate organisms which produce the same or different PUFAs using PKS-like systems may be used. For instance, the ORF 8 of Vibrio directs the expression of DHA in a host cell, even when ORFs 3, 6, 7 and 9 are from Shewanella, which produce EPA when coupled to ORF 8 of Shewanella. Therefore, for production of eicosapentanoic acid (EPA), the expression cassettes used generally include one or more cassettes which include ORFs 3, 6, 7, 8 and 9 from a PUFA-producing organism such as the marine bacterium Shewanella

putrefaciens (for EPA production) or Vibrio marinus (for DHA production). ORF 8 can be used for induction of DHA production, and ORF 8 of Vibrio can be used in conjunction with ORFs 3, 6, 7 and 9 of Shewanella to produce DHA. The organization and numbering scheme of the ORFs identified in the Shewanella gene cluster are shown in Fig 1A. Maps of several subclones referred to in this study are shown in Fig 1B. For expression of a PKS-like gene polypeptide, transcriptional and translational initiation and termination regions functional in the host cell are operably linked to the DNA encoding the PKS-like gene polypeptide.

5

10

15

. 20

25

30

Constructs comprising the PKS-like ORFs of interest can be introduced into a host cell by any of a variety of standard techniques, depending in part upon the type of host cell. These techniques include transfection, infection, bolistic impact, electroporation, microinjection, scraping, or any other method which introduces the gene of interest into the host cell (see USPN 4,743,548, USPN 4,795,855, USPN 5,068,193, USPN 5,188,958, USPN 5,463,174, USPN 5,565,346 and USPN 5,565,347). Methods of transformation which are used include lithium acetate transformation (Methods in Enzymology, (1991) 194:186-187). For convenience, a host cell which has been manipulated by any method to take up a DNA sequence or construct will be referred to as "transformed" or "recombinant" herein. The subject host will have at least have one copy of the expression construct and may have two or more, depending upon whether the gene is integrated into the genome, amplified, or is present on an extrachromosomal element having multiple copy numbers.

For production of PUFAs, depending upon the host cell, the several polypeptides produced by pEPA, ORFs 3, 6, 7, 8 and 9, are introduced as individual expression constructs or can be combined into two or more cassettes which are introduced individually or co-transformed into a host cell. A standard transformation protocol is used. For plants, where less than all PKS-like genes required for PUFA synthesis have been inserted into a single plant, plants containing a complementing gene or genes can be crossed to obtain plants containing a full complement of PKS-like genes to synthesize a desired PUFA.

The PKS-like-mediated production of PUFAs can be performed in either prokaryotic or eukaryotic host cells. The cells can be cultured or formed as part or all of a host organism including an animal. Viruses and bacteriophage also can be used with appropriate cells in the production of PUFAs, particularly for gene transfer, cellular

targeting and selection. Any type of plant cell can be used for host cells, including dicotyledonous plants, monocotyledonous plants, and cereals. Of particular interest are crop plants such as *Brassica*, *Arabidopsis*, soybean, corn, and the like. Prokaryotic cells of interest include *Eschericia*, *Baccillus*, *Lactobaccillus*, *cyanobacteria* and the like. Eukaryotic cells include plant cells, mammalian cells such as those of lactating animals, avian cells such as of chickens, and other cells amenable to genetic manipulation including insect, fungal, and algae cells. Examples of host animals include mice, rats, rabbits, chickens, quail, turkeys, cattle, sheep, pigs, goats, yaks, etc., which are amenable to genetic manipulation and cloning for rapid expansion of a transgene expressing population. For animals, PKS-like transgenes can be adapted for expression in target organelles, tissues and body fluids through modification of the gene regulatory regions. Of particular interest is the production of PUFAs in the breast milk of the host animal.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Examples of host microorganisms include Saccharomyces cerevisiae, Saccharomyces carlsbergensis, or other yeast such as Candida, Kluyveromyces or other fungi, for example, filamentous fungi such as Aspergillus, Neurospora, Penicillium, etc. Desirable characteristics of a host microorganism are, for example, that it is genetically well characterized, can be used for high level expression of the product using ultra-high density fermentation, and is on the GRAS (generally recognized as safe) list since the proposed end product is intended for ingestion by humans. Of particular interest is use of a yeast, more particularly baker's yeast (S. cerevisiae), as a cell host in the subject invention. Strains of particular interest are SC334 (Mat α pep4-3 prbl-1122 ura3-52 leu2-3, 112 regl-501 gal1; (Hovland et al (1989) Gene 83:57-64); BJ1995 (Yeast Genetic Stock Centre, 1021 Donner Laboratory, Berkeley, CA 94720), INVSC1 (Mat α hiw3Δ1 leu2 trp1-289 ura3-52 (Invitrogen, 1600 Faraday Ave., Carlsbad, CA 92008) and INVSC2 (Mat α his 3 Δ 200 ura 3-167; (Invitrogen). Bacterial cells also may be used as hosts. This includes E. coli, which can be useful in fermentation processes. Alternatively, a host such as a Lactobacillus species can be used as a host for introducing the products of the PKSlike pathway into a product such as yogurt.

The transformed host cell can be identified by selection for a marker contained on the introduced construct. Alternatively, a separate marker construct can be introduced with the desired construct, as many transformation techniques introduce multiple DNA molecules into host cells. Typically, transformed hosts are selected for their ability to grow on selective media. Selective media can incorporate an antibiotic or lack a factor

necessary for growth of the untransformed host, such as a nutrient or growth factor. An introduced marker gene therefor may confer antibiotic resistance, or encode an essential growth factor or enzyme, and permit growth on selective media when expressed in the transformed host cell. Desirably, resistance to kanamycin and the amino glycoside G418 are of particular interest (see USPN 5,034,322). For yeast transformants, any marker that functions in yeast can be used, such as the ability to grow on media lacking uracil, lencine, lysine or tryptophan.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Selection of a transformed host also can occur when the expressed marker protein can be detected, either directly or indirectly. The marker protein can be expressed alone or as a fusion to another protein. The marker protein can be one which is detected by its enzymatic activity; for example \(\mathbb{B}\)-galactosidase can convert the substrate X-gal to a colored product, and luciferase can convert luciferin to a light-emitting product. The marker protein can be one which is detected by its light-producing or modifying characteristics; for example, the green fluorescent protein of Aequorea victoria fluoresces when illuminated with blue light. Antibodies can be used to detect the marker protein or a molecular tag on, for example, a protein of interest. Cells expressing the marker protein or tag can be selected, for example, visually, or by techniques such as FACS or panning using antibodies.

The PUFAs produced using the subject methods and compositions are found in the host plant tissue and/or plant part as free fatty acids and/or in conjugated forms such as acylglycerols, phospholipids, sulfolipids or glycolipids, and can be extracted from the host cell through a variety of means well-known in the art. Such means include extraction with organic solvents, sonication, supercritical fluid extraction using for example carbon dioxide, and physical means such as presses, or combinations thereof. Of particular interest is extraction with methanol and chloroform. Where appropriate, the aqueous layer can be acidified to protonate negatively charged moieties and thereby increase partitioning of desired products into the organic layer. After extraction, the organic solvents can be removed by evaporation under a stream of nitrogen. When isolated in conjugated forms, the products are enzymatically or chemically cleaved to release the free fatty acid or a less complex conjugate of interest, and are then subjected to further manipulations to produce a desired end product. Desirably, conjugated forms of fatty acids are cleaved with potassium hydroxide.

If further purification is necessary, standard methods can be employed. Such methods include extraction, treatment with urea, fractional crystallization, HPLC, fractional distillation, silica gel chromatography, high speed centrifugation or distillation, or combinations of these techniques. Protection of reactive groups, such as the acid or alkenyl groups, can be done at any step through known techniques, for example alkylation or iodination. Methods used include methylation of the fatty acids to produce methyl esters. Similarly, protecting groups can be removed at any step. Desirably, purification of fractions containing DHA and EPA is accomplished by treatment with urea and/or fractional distillation.

10

15

. 20

25

30

The uses of the subject invention are several. Probes based on the DNAs of the present invention find use in methods for isolating related molecules or in methods to detect organisms expressing PKS-like genes. When used as probes, the DNAs or oligonucleotides need to be detectable. This is usually accomplished by attaching a label either at an internal site, for example via incorporation of a modified residue, or at the 5' or 3' terminus. Such labels can be directly detectable, can bind to a secondary molecule that is detectably labeled, or can bind to an unlabelled secondary molecule and a detectably labeled tertiary molecule; this process can be extended as long as is practicable to achieve a satisfactorily detectable signal without unacceptable levels of background signal. Secondary, tertiary, or bridging systems can include use of antibodies directed against any other molecule, including labels or other antibodies, or can involve any molecules which bind to each other, for example a biotin-streptavidin/avidin system. Detectable labels typically include radioactive isotopes, molecules which chemically or enzymatically produce or alter light, enzymes which produce detectable reaction products, magnetic molecules, fluorescent molecules or molecules whose fluorescence or lightemitting characteristics change upon binding. Examples of labelling methods can be found in USPN 5,011,770. Alternatively, the binding of target molecules can be directly detected by measuring the change in heat of solution on binding of a probe to a target via isothermal titration calorimetry, or by coating the probe or target on a surface and detecting the change in scattering of light from the surface produced by binding of a target or a probe, respectively, is done with the BIAcore system.

PUFAs produced by recombinant means find applications in a wide variety of areas. Supplementation of humans or animals with PUFAs in various forms can result in increased levels not only of the added PUFAs, but of their metabolic progeny as well.

Complex regulatory mechanisms can make it desirable to combine various PUFAs, or to add different conjugates of PUFAs, in order to prevent, control or overcome such mechanisms to achieve the desired levels of specific PUFAs in an individual. In the present case, expression of PKS-like gene genes, or antisense PKS-like gene transcripts, can alter the levels of specific PUFAs, or derivatives thereof, found in plant parts and/or plant tissues. The PKS-like gene polypeptide coding region is expressed either by itself or with other genes, in order to produce tissues and/or plant parts containing higher proportions of desired PUFAs or containing a PUFA composition which more closely resembles that of human breast milk (Prieto et al., PCT publication WO 95/24494) than does the unmodified tissues and/or plant parts.

5

10

15

20

25

30

PUFAs, or derivatives thereof, made by the disclosed method can be used as dietary supplements for patients undergoing intravenous feeding or for preventing or treating malnutrition. For dietary supplementation, the purified PUFAs, or derivatives thereof, can be incorporated into cooking oils, fats or margarines formulated so that in normal use the recipient receives a desired amount of PUFA. The PUFAs also can be incorporated into infant formulas, nutritional supplements or other food products, and find use as anti-inflammatory or cholesterol lowering agents.

Particular fatty acids such as EPA can be used to alter the composition of infant formulas to better replicate the PUFA composition of human breast milk. The predominant triglyceride in human milk is reported to be 1,3-di-oleoyl-2-palmitoyl, with 2-palmitoyl glycerides reported as better absorbed than 2-oleoyl or 2-lineoyl glycerides (see USPN 4,876,107). Typically, human breast milk has a fatty acid profile comprising from about 0.15 % to about 0.36 % as DHA, from about 0.03 % to about 0.13 % as EPA, from about 0.30 % to about 0.88 % as ARA, from about 0.22 % to about 0.67 % as DGLA, and from about 0.27 % to about 1.04 % as GLA. A preferred ratio of GLA:DGLA:ARA in infant formulas is from about 1:1:4 to about 1:1:1, respectively. Amounts of oils providing these ratios of PUFA can be determined without undue experimentation by one of skill in the art. PUFAs, or host cells containing them, also can be used as animal food supplements to alter an animal's tissue or milk fatty acid composition to one more desirable for human or animal consumption.

For pharmaceutical use (human or veterinary), the compositions generally are administered orally but can be administered by any route by which they may be successfully absorbed, e.g., parenterally (i.e. subcutaneously, intramuscularly or

intravenously), rectally or vaginally or topically, for example, as a skin ointment or lotion. Where available, gelatin capsules are the preferred form of oral administration. Dietary supplementation as set forth above also can provide an oral route of administration. The unsaturated acids of the present invention can be administered in conjugated forms, or as salts, esters, amides or prodrugs of the fatty acids. Any pharmaceutically acceptable salt is encompassed by the present invention; especially preferred are the sodium, potassium or lithium salts. Also encompassed are the N-alkylpolyhydroxamine salts, such as N-methyl glucamine, described in PCT publication WO 96/33155. Preferred esters are the ethyl esters.

. 5

10

15

20

25

30

The PUFAs of the present invention can be administered alone or in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient. As solid salts, the PUFAs can also be administered in tablet form. For intravenous administration, the PUFAs or derivatives thereof can be incorporated into commercial formulations such as Intralipids. Where desired, the individual components of formulations can be individually provided in kit form, for single or multiple use. A typical dosage of a particular fatty acid is from 0.1 mg to 20 g, or even 100 g daily, and is preferably from 10 mg to 1, 2, 5 or 10 g daily as required, or molar equivalent amounts of derivative forms thereof. Parenteral nutrition compositions comprising from about 2 to about 30 weight percent fatty acids calculated as triglycerides are encompassed by the present invention. Other vitamins, and particularly fat-soluble vitamins such as vitamin A, D, E and L-carnitine optionally can be included. Where desired, a preservative such as a tocopherol can be added, typically at about 0.1% by weight.

The following examples are presented by way of illustration, not of limitation.

EXAMPLES

Example 1

The Identity of ORFs Derived from Vibrio marinus

Using polymerase chain reaction (PCR) with primers based on ORF 6 of Shewanella (Sp ORF 6) sequences (FW 5' primers CUACUACUACUACCAAGCT AAAGCACTTAACCGTG, and CUACUACUACUACCAAGCGAAATGCTTATCAAG for Vibrio and SS9 respectively and 3' BW primers: CAUCAUCAUCAUGCGACC

AAAACCAAATGAGCTAATAC for both *Vibrio* and SS9) and genomic DNAs templates from *Vibrio* and a borophyllic *photobacter* producing EPA (provided by Dr. Bartlett, UC San Diego), resulted in PCR products of *ca*.400 bases for *Vibrio marinus* (*Vibrio*) and *ca*.900 bases for SS9 presenting more than 75% homology with corresponding fragments of Sp ORF 6 (*see* Figure 25) as determined by direct counting of homologous amino acids.

A *Vibrio* cosmid library was then prepared and using the *Vibrio* ORF 6 PCR product as a probe (*see* Figure 26); clones containing at least ORF 6 were selected by colony hybridization.

Through additional sequences of the selected cosmids such as cosmid #9 and cosmid #21, a *Vibrio* cluster (Figure 5) with ORFs homologous to, and organized in the same sequential order (ORFs 6-9) as ORFs 6-9 of *Shewanella*, was obtained (Figure 7). The *Vibrio* ORFs from this sequence are found at 17394 to 36115 and comprehend ORFs 6-9.

15 <u>Table</u>

5

10

25

30

Vibrio operon figures

	17394 to 25349	length = 7956 nt
	25509 to 28157	length = 2649 nt
. 20	28209 to 34262	length = 6054 nt
	34454 to 36115	length = 1662 nt

The ORF designations for the *Shewanella* genes are based on those disclosed in Figure 4, and differ from those published for the *Shewanella* cluster (Yazawa et al, USPN 5,683,898). For instance, ORF 3 of Figure 4 is read in the opposite direction from the other ORFs and is not disclosed in Yazawa et al USPN 5,683,898 (See Fig. 24) for comparison with Yazawa et al USPN 5,683,898).

Sequences homologous to ORF 3, were not found in the proximity of ORF 6 (17000 bases upstream of ORF 6) or of ORF 9 (ca.4000 bases downstream of ORF 9). Motifs characteristic of phosphopantethenyl transferases (Lambalot et al (1996) Current Biology 3:923-936) were absent from the Vibrio sequences screened for these motifs. In addition, there was no match to Sp ORF 3 derived probes in genomic digests of Vibrio and of SC2A Shewanella (another bacterium provided by the University of San Diego and

31

also capable of producing EPA). Although ORF 3 may exist in *Vibrio*, its DNA may not be homologous to that of Sp ORF 3 and/or could be located in portions of the genome that were not sequenced.

Figure 6 provides the sequence of an approximately 19 kb *Vibrio* clone comprising ORFs 6-9. Figures 7 and 8 compare the gene cluster organizations of the PKS-like systems of *Vibrio marinus* and *Shewanella putrefacians*. Figures 9 through 12 show the levels of sequence homology between the corresponding ORFs 6, 7, 8 and 9, respectively.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Example 2

ORF 8 Directs DHA Production

As described in example 1, DNA homologous to *Sp* ORF 6 was found in an unrelated species, SS9 *Photobacter*, which also is capable of producing EPA.

Additionally, ORFs homologous to *Sp* ORF 6-9 were found in the DHA producing V*brio marinus* (*Vibrio*). From these ORFs a series of experiments was designed in which deletions in each of *Sp* ORFs 6-9 that suppressed EPA synthesis in *E. coli* (Yazawa (1996) *supra*) were complemented by the corresponding homologous genes from *Vibrio*.

The Sp EPA cluster was used to determine if any of the Vibrio ORFs 6-9 was responsible for the production of DHA. Deletion mutants provided for each of the Sp ORFs are EPA and DHA null. Each deletion was then complemented by the corresponding Vibrio ORF expressed behind a lac promoter (Figure 13).

The complementation of a *Sp* ORF 6 deletion by a *Vibrio* ORF 6 reestablished the production of EPA. Similar results were obtained by complementing the *Sp* ORF 7 and ORF 9 deletions. By contrast, the complementation of a *Sp* ORF 8 deletion resulted in the production of C22:6. *Vibrio* ORF 8 therefore appears to be a key element in the synthesis of DHA. Figures 14 and 15 show chromatograms of fatty acid profiles from the respective complementations of Sp del ORF 6 with *Vibrio* ORF 6 (EPA and no DHA) and *Sp* del ORF 8 with *Vibrio* ORF 8 (DHA). Figure 16 shows the fatty acid percentages for the ORF 8 complementation, again demonstrating that ORF 8 is responsible for DHA production.

These data show that polyketide-like synthesis genes with related or similar ORFs can be combined and expressed in a heterologous system and used to produce a distinct PUFA species in the host system, and that ORF 8 has a role in determining the ultimate chain length. The *Vibrio* ORFs 6, 7, 8, and 9 reestablish EPA synthesis. In the case of

32

Vibrio ORF 8, DHA is also present (ca. 0.7%) along with EPA (ca. 0.6%) indicating that this gene plays a significant role in directing synthesis of DHA vs EPA for these systems.

Example 3

Requirements for Production of DHA

To determine how *Vibrio* ORFs of the cluster ORF 6-9 are used in combination with *Vibrio* ORF 8, some combinations of *Vibrio* ORF 8 with some or all of the other *Vibrio* ORFS 6-9 cluster were created to explain the synthesis of DHA.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Vibrio ORFs 6-9 were complemented with Sp ORF 3. The results of this complementation are presented in Figures 16b and 16c. The significant amounts of DHA measured (greater than about 9%) and the absence of EPA suggest that no ORFs other than those of Vibrio ORFs 6-9 are required for DHA synthesis when combined with Sp ORF 3. This suggests that Sp ORF 3 plays a general function in the synthesis of bacterial PUFAs.

With respect to the DHA vs EPA production, it may be necessary to combine *Vibrio* ORF 8 with other *Vibrio* ORFs of the 6-9 cluster in order to specifically produce DHA. The roles of *Vibrio* ORF 9 and each of the combinations of *Vibrio* ORFs (6,8), (7, 8), (8, 9), etc in the synthesis of DHA are being studied.

Example 4

Plant Expression Constructs

A cloning vector with very few restriction sites was designed to facilitate the cloning of large fragments and their subsequent manipulation. An adapter was assembled by annealing oligonucleotides with the sequences AAGCCCGGGCTT and GTACAAGCCCGGGCTTAGCT. This adapter was ligated to the vector pBluescript II SK+ (Stratagene) after digestion of the vector with the restriction endonucleases Asp718 and SstI. The resulting vector, pCGN7769 had a single SrfI (and embedded SmaI) cloning site for the cloning of blunt ended DNA fragments.

A plasmid containing the napin cassette from pCGN3223, (USPN 5,639,790) was modified to make it more useful for cloning large DNA fragments containing multiple restriction sites, and to allow the cloning of multiple napin fusion genes into plant binary transformation vectors. An adapter comprised of the self annealed oligonucleotide of sequence CGCGATTTAAATGGCGCGCCCTGCAGGCGCCCTGCAGGCGCC

GCCATTTAAAT was ligated into the vector pBC SK+ (Stratagene) after digestion of the vector with the restriction endonuclease *Bss*HII to construct vector pCGN7765. Plamids pCGN3223 and pCGN7765 were digested with *Not*I and ligated together. The resultant vector, pCGN7770 (Figure 17), contains the pCGN7765 backbone and the napin seed specific expression cassette from pCGN3223.

Shewanella constructs

5

10

15

20

25

30

Genes encoding the Shewanella proteins were mutagenized to introduce suitable cloning sites 5' and 3' ORFs using PCR. The template for the PCR reactions was DNA of the cosmid pEPA (Yazawa et al, supra). PCR reactions were performed using Pfu DNA polymerase according to the manufacturers' protocols. The PCR products were cloned into Srfl digested pCGN7769. The primers CTGCAGCTCGAGACAATGTTGATT TCCTTATACTTCTGTCC and GGATCCAGATCTCTAGCTAGTCTTAGCTGAAGC TCGA were used to amplify ORF 3, and to generate plasmid pCGN8520. The primers TCTAGACTCGAGACAATGAGCCAGACCTCTAAACCTACA and CCCGGGCTC GAGCTAATTCGCCTCACTGTCGTTTGCT were used to amplify ORF 6, and generate plasmid pCGN7776. The primers GAATTCCTCGAGACAATGCCGCTGCGCATCG CACTTATC and GGTACCAGATCTTTAGACTTCCCCTTGAAGTAAATGG were used to amplify ORF 7, and generate plasmid pCGN7771. The primers GAATTCGTCG ACACAATGTCATTACCAGACAATGCTTCT and TCTAGAGTCGACTTATAC AGATTCTTCGATGCTGATAG were used to amplify ORF 8, and generate plasmid pCGN7775. The primers GAATTCGTCGACACAATGAATCCTACAGCAA CTAACGAA and TCTAGAGGATCCTTAGGCCATTCTTTGGTTTGGCTTC were used to amplify ORF 9, and generate plasmid pCGN7773.

The integrity of the PCR products was verified by DNA sequencing of the inserts of pCGN7771, PCGN8520, and pCGN7773. ORF 6 and ORF 8 were quite large in size. In order to avoid sequencing the entire clones, the center portions of the ORFs were replaced with restriction fragments of pEPA. The 6.6 kilobase *PacI/BamHI* fragment of pEPA containing the central portion of ORF 6 was ligated into *PacI/BamHI* digested pCGN7776 to yield pCGN7776B4. The 4.4 kilobase *BamHI/BgIII* fragment of pEPA containing the central portion of ORF 8 was ligated into *BamHI/BgIII* digested pCGN7775 to yield pCGN7775A. The regions flanking the pEPA fragment and the cloning junctions were verified by DNA sequencing.

Plasmid pCGN7771 was cut with XhoI and BglII and ligated to pCGN7770 after digestion with SalI and BglII. The resultant napin/ORF 7 gene fusion plasmid was designated pCGN7783. Plasmid pCGN8520 was cut with XhoI and BglII and ligated to pCGN7770 after digestion with SalI and BglII. The resultant napin/ORF 3 gene fusion plasmid was designated pCGN8528. Plasmid pCGN7773 was cut with SalI and BamHI and ligated to pCGN7770 after digestion with SalI and BglII. The resultant napin/ORF 9 gene fusion plasmid was designated pCGN7785. Plasmid pCGN7775A was cut with SalI and ligated to pCGN7770 after digestion with SalI. The resultant napin/ORF 8 gene fusion plasmid was designated pCGN7782. Plasmid pCGN7776B4 was cut with XhoI and ligated to pCGN7770 after digestion with SalI. The resultant napin/ORF 6 gene fusion plasmid was designated pCGN7786B4.

5

10

15

20

25

30

A binary vector for plant transformation, pCGN5139, was constructed from pCGN1558 (McBride and Summerfelt (1990) Plant Molecular Biology, 14:269-276). The polylinker of pCGN1558 was replaced as a HindIII/Asp718 fragment with a polylinker containing unique restriction endonuclease sites, AscI, PacI, XbaI, SwaI, BamHI, andNotI. The Asp718 and HindIII restriction endonuclease sites are retained in pCGN5139. PCGN5139 was digested with NotI and ligated with NotI digested pCGN7786B4. The resultant binary vector containing the napin/ORF 6 gene fusion was designated pCGN8533. Plasmid pCGN8533 was digested with Sse8387I and ligated with Sse8387I digested pCGN7782. The resultant binary vector containing the napin/ORF 6 gene fusion and the napin/ORF 8 gene fusion was designated pCGN8535 (Figure 18).

The plant binary transformation vector, pCGN5139, was digested with Asp718 and ligated with Asp718 digested pCGN8528. The resultant binary vector containing the napin/ORF 3 gene fusion was designated pCGN8532. Plasmid pCGN8532 was digested with NotI and ligated with NotI digested pCGN7783. The resultant binary vector containing the napin/ORF 3 gene fusion and the napin/ORF 7 gene fusion was designated pCGN8534. Plasmid pCGN8534 was digested with Sse8387I and ligated with Sse8387I digested pCGN7785. The resultant binary vector containing the napin/ORF 3 gene fusion, the napin/ORF 7 gene fusion and the napin/ORF 9 gene fusion was designated pCGN8537 (Figure 19).

Vibrio constructs

5.

10

15

20

25

30

The *Vibrio* ORFs for plant expression were all obtained using *Vibrio* cosmid #9 as a starting molecule. *Vibrio* cosmid #9 was one of the cosmids isolated from the *Vibrio* cosmid library using the *Vibrio* ORF 6 PCR product described in Example 1.

A gene encoding Vibrio ORF 7 (Figure 6) was mutagenized to introduce a Sall site upstream of the open reading frame and BamHI site downstream of the open reading frame using the PCR primers: TCTAGAGTCGACACAATGGCGGAATTAGCTG TTATTGGT and GTCGACGGATCCCTATTTGTTCGTGTTTGCTATATG. A gene encoding Vibrio ORF 9 (Figure 6) was mutagenized to introduce a BamHI site upstream of the open reading frame and an XhoHI site downstream of the open reading frame using the PCR primers: GTCGACGGATCCACAATGAATATAGTAAGTAATCATTCGGCA and GTCGACCTCGAGTTAATCACTCGTACGATAACTTGCC. The restriction sites were introduced using PCR, and the integrity of the mutagenized plasmids was verified by DNA sequence. The Vibrio ORF 7 gene was cloned as a Sall-BamHI fragment into the napin cassette of Sal-BglI digested pCGN7770 (Figure 17) to yield pCGN8539. The Vibrio ORF 9 gene was cloned as a Sall-BamHI fragment into the napin cassette of Sal-Ball digested pCGN7770 (Figure 17) to yield pCGN8543.

Genes encoding the *Vibrio* ORF 6 and ORF 8 were mutagenized to introduce *Sall* sites flanking the open reading frames. The *Sall* sites flanking ORF 6 were introduced using PCR. The primers used were: CCCGGGTCGACACAATGGCTAAAAAGAACA CCACATCGA and CCCGGGTCGACTCATGACATATCGTTCAAAATGTCACTGA. The central 7.3 kb *BamHI-XhoI* fragment of the PCR product was replaced with the corresponding fragment from *Vibrio* cosmid #9. The mutagenized ORF 6 were cloned into the *SalI* site of the napin cassette of pCGN7770 to yield plasmid pCGN8554.

The mutagenesis of ORF 8 used a different strategy. A BamHI fragment containing ORF 8 was subcloned into plasmid pHC79 to yield cosmid #9". A SalI site upstream of the coding region was introduced on and adapter comprised of the oligonucleotides TCGACATGGAAAATATTGCAGTAGTAGGTATTGCTAATTT GTTC and CCGGGAACAAATTAGCAATACCTACTACTGCAATATTTTCCATG.

The adapter was ligated to cosmid #9" after digestion with SalI and XmaI. A SalI site was

introduced downstream of the stop codon by using PCR for mutagenesis. A DNA fragment containing the stop codon was generated using cosmid #9" as a template with the primers TCAGATGAACTTTATCGATAC and TCATGAGACGTCGTCGACTTA

CGCTTCAACAATACT. The PCR product was digested with the restriction endonucleases *ClaI* and *AatII* and was cloned into the cosmid 9" derivative digested with the same enzymes to yield plasmid 8P3. The *SalI* fragment from 8P3 was cloned into *SalI* digested pCGN7770 to yield pCGN8515.

PCGN8532, a binary plant transformation vector that contains a *Shewannella* ORF 3 under control of the napin promoter was digested with *Not*I, and a *Not*I fragment of pCGN8539 containing a napin *Vibrio* ORF 7 gene fusion was inserted to yield pCGN8552. Plasmid pCGN8556 (Figure 23), which contains *Shewannella* ORF 3, and *Vibrio* ORFs 7 and 9 under control of the napin promoter was constructed by cloning the *Sse*8357 fragment from pCGN8543 into *Sse*8387 digested pCGN8552.

The NotI digested napin/ORF 8 gene from plasmid pCGN8515 was cloned into a NotI digested plant binary transformation vector pCGN5139 to yield pCGN8548. The Sse8387 digested napin/ORF 6 gene from pCGN8554 was subsequently cloned into the Sse8387 site of pCGN8566. The resultant binary vector containing the napin/ORF 6 gene fusion and napin/ORF 8 gene fusion was designated pCGN8560 (Figure 22).

Example 5 Plant Transformation and PUFA Production

EPA production

5

10

15

20

25

30

The *Shewanella* constructs pCGN8535 and pCGN8537 can be transformed into the same or separate plants. If separate plants are used, the transgenic plants can be crossed resulting in heterozygous seed which contains both constructs.

pCGN8535 and pCGN8537 are separately transformed into *Brassica napus*. Plants are selected on media containing kanamycin and transformation by full length inserts of the constructs is verified by Southern analysis. Immature seeds also can be tested for protein expression of the enzyme encoded by ORFs 3, 6, 7, 8, or 9 using western analysis, in which case, the best expressing pCGNE8535 and pCGN8537 T1 transformed plants are chosen and are grown out for further experimentation and crossing. Alternatively, the T1 transformed plants showing insertion by Southern are crossed to one another producing T2 seed which has both insertions. In this seed, half seeds may be analyzed directly from expression of EPA in the fatty acid fraction. Remaining half-seed

of events with the best EPA production are grown out and developed through conventional breeding techniques to provide *Brassica* lines for production of EPA.

Plasmids pCGN7792 and pCGN7795 also are simultaneously introduced into *Brassica napus* host cells. A standard transformation protocol is used (*see* for example USPN 5,463,174 and USPN 5,750,871, however *Agrobacteria* containing both plasmids are mixed together and incubated with *Brassica* cotyledons during the cocultivation step. Many of the resultant plants are transformed with both plasmids.

DHA production

A plant is transformed for production of DHA by introducing pCGN8556 and pCGN8560, either into separate plants or simultaneously into the same plants as described for EPA production.

Alternatively, the *Shewanella* ORFs can be used in a concerted fashion with ORFs 6 and 8 of *Vibrio*, such as by transforming with a plant the constructs pCGN8560 and pCGN7795, allowing expression of the corresponding ORFs in a plant cell. This combination provides a PKS-like gene arrangement comprising ORFs 3, 7 and 9 of *Shewanella*, with an ORF 6 derived from *Vibrio* and also an OFR 8 derived from *Vibrio*. As described above, ORF 8 is the PKS-like gene which controls the identity of the final PUFA product. Thus, the resulting transformed plants produce DHA in plant oil.

20

25

30

5

10

15

Example 6

Transgenic plants containing the Shewanella PUFA genes

Brassica plants

Fifty-two plants cotransformed with plasmids pCGN8535 andpCGN8537 were analyzed using PCR to determine if the *Shewanella* ORFs were present in the transgenic plants. Forty-one plants contained plasmid pCGN8537, and thirty-five plants contained pCGN8535. 11 of the plants contained all five ORFs required for the synthesis of EPA. Several plants contained genes from both of the binary plasmids but appeared to be missing at least one of the ORFs. Analysis is currently being performed on approximately twenty additional plants.

Twenty-three plants transformed with pCGN8535 alone were analyzed using PCR to determine if the *Shewanella* ORFs were present in the transgenic plants. Thirteen of

these plants contained both *Shewanella* ORF 6 and *Shewanella* ORF 8. Six of the plants contained only one ORF.

Nineteen plants transformed with pCGN8537 were alone analyzed using PCR to determine if the *Shewanella* ORFs were present in the transgenic plants. Eighteen of the plants contained *Shewanella* ORF 3, *Shewanella* ORF 7, and *Shewanella* ORF 9. One plant contained *Shewanella* ORFs 3 and 7.

<u>Arabidopsis</u>

5

10

15

20

25

30

More than 40 transgenic Arabidopsis plants cotransformed with plasmids pCGN8535 and pCGN8537 are growing in our growth chambers. PCR analysis to determine which of the ORFs are present in the plants is currently underway.

By the present invention PKS-like genes from various organisms can now be used to transform plant cells and modify the fatty acid compositions of plant cell membranes or plant seed oils through the biosynthesis of PUFAs in the transformed plant cells. Due to the nature of the PKS-like systems, fatty acid end-products produced in the plant cells can be selected or designed to contain a number of specific chemical structures. For example, the fatty acids can comprise the following variants: Variations in the numbers of keto or hydroxyl groups at various positions along the carbon chain; variations in the numbers and types (cis or trans) of double bonds; variations in the numbers and types of branches off of the linear carbon chain (methyl, ethyl, or longer branched moieties); and variations in saturated carbons. In addition, the particular length of the end-product fatty acid can be controlled by the particular PKS-like genes utilized.

All publications and patent applications mentioned in this specification are indicative of the level of skill of those skilled in the art to which this invention pertains. All publications and patent applications are herein incorporated by reference to the same extent as if each individual publication or patent application was specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated by reference.

The invention now being fully described, it will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that many changes and modifications can be made thereto without departing from the spirit or scope of the appended claims.

WO 98/55625 PCT/US98/11639

What is claimed is:

5

10

15

20

25

30

- 1. An isolated nucleic acid comprising:
- a Vibrio marinus nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of the ORF 6, ORF 7, ORF 8 and ORF 9 as shown in Figure 6.
- 2. An isolated nucleic acid comprising:
 a nucleotide sequence which encodes a polypeptide of a polyketide-like synthesis system,
 wherein said system produces a docosahexenoic acid when expressed in a host cell.
- 3. The isolated nucleic acid according to Claim 2, wherein said nucleotide sequence is derived from a marine bacterium.
- 4. The isolated nucleic acid according to Claim 2, wherein said nucleotide sequence is a *Vibrio marinus* ORF 8 as shown in Figure 6.
- 5. An isolated nucleic acid comprising:
 a nucleotide sequence which is substantially identical to a sequence of at least 50
 nucleotides of a *Vibrio marinus* nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of ORF 6, ORF 7, ORF 8 and ORF 9 as shown in Figure 6.
- 6. A recombinant microbial cell comprising at least one copy of an isolated nucleic acid according to Claim 1 or Claim 2.
- 7. The recombinant microbial cell according to Claim 6, wherein said cell comprises each element of a polyketide-like synthesis system required to produce a long chain polyunsaturated fatty acid.
- 8. The recombinant microbial cell according to Claim 7, wherein said cell is a eukaryotic cell.
- 9. The recombinant microbial cell according to Claim 8, wherein said eukaryotic cell is a fungal cell, an algae cell or an animal cell.

- 10. The recombinant microbial cell according to Claim 9, wherein said fungal cell is a yeast cell and said algae cell is a marine algae cell.
- 11. The recombinant microbial cell according to Claim 6, wherein said cell is a prokaryotic cell.

10

15

. 20

25

30

- 12. The recombinant microbial cell according to Claim 11, wherein said cell is a bacterial cell or a cyanobacterial cell.
- 13. The microbial cell according to Claim 6, wherein said recombinant microbial cell is enriched for 22:6 fatty acids as compared to a non-recombinant microbial cell which is devoid of said isolated nucleic acid.
- 14. A method for production of docosahexenoic acid in a microbial cell culture, said method comprising:

growing a microbial cell culture having a plurality of microbial cells, wherein said microbial cells or ancestors of said microbial cells were transformed with a vector comprising one or more nucleic acids having a nucleotide sequence which encodes a polypeptide of a polyketide synthesizing system, wherein said one or more nucleic acids are operably linked to a promoter, under conditions whereby said one or more nucleic acids are expressed and docosahexenoic acid is produced in said microbial cell culture.

15. A method for production of a long chain polyunsaturated fatty acid in a plant cell, said method comprising:

growing a plant having a plurality of plant cells, wherein said plant cells or ancestors of said plant cells were transformed with a vector comprising one or more nucleic acids having a nucleotide sequence which encodes one or more polypeptides of a polyketide synthesizing system which produces a long chain polyunsaturated fatty acid, wherein each of said nucleic acids are operably linked to a promoter functional in a plant cell, under conditions whereby said polypeptides are expressed and a long chain polyunsaturated fatty acid is produced in said plant cells.

- 16. The method according to Claim 15, wherein said long chain polyunsaturated fatty acid produced in said plant cells is a 20:5 and 22:6 fatty acid.
- 17. The method according to Claim 15, wherein said nucleic acids comprise nucleotide sequences encoding any one of the polypeptides selected from the group consisting of *Vibrio marinus* ORF 6, ORF 7, ORF 8 and ORF 9 as shown in Figure 6 and *Shewanella putrefaciens* ORF 3, ORF 6, ORF 7, ORF 8 and ORF 9 as shown in Figure 4.

10

15

20

25

30

- 18. The method according to Claim 15, wherein said nucleic acid constructs are derived from two or more polyketide synthesizing systems.
 - 19. A recombinant plant cell which produces an long chain polyunsaturated fatty acid exogenous to said plant cell, wherein said recombinant plant cell is produced according to a method comprising:

transforming a plant cell or an ancestor or said plant cell with a vector comprising one or more nucleic acids having a nucleotide sequence which encodes one or more polypeptides of a polyketide synthesizing system which produces a long chain polyunsaturated fatty acid, wherein each of said nucleic acids are operably linked to a promoter functional in said plant cell whereby a recombinant plant cell is obtained; and

growing said recombinant plant cell under conditions whereby said polypeptides are expressed and a long chain polyunsaturated fatty acid is produced in said plant cell.

- 20. The recombinant plant cell according to Claim 19, wherein said recombinant plant cell is a recombinant seed cell.
- 21. The recombinant plant cell according to Claim 20, wherein said recombinant seed cell is a recombinant embryo cell.
- 22. The method according to Claim 15, wherein said long chain polyunsaturated fatty acid produced in said plant cells is eicosapentenoic acid.
 - 23. The method according to Claim 15, wherein said long chain polyunsaturated fatty acid produced in said plant cells is docosahexenoic acid.

- 24. The recombinant plant cell according to Claim 19, wherein said recombinant plant cell is from a plant selected from the group consisting of *Brassica*, soybean, safflower, and sunflower.
- 5 25. A plant oil produced by a recombinant plant cell according to Claim 19, wherein said plant oil comprises eicosapentenoic acid.
 - 26. A plant oil produced by a recombinant plant cell according to Claim 19, wherein said plant oil comprises docosahexenoic acid.
 - 27. The plant oil according to Claim 25 or Claim 26, wherein said plant oil is encapsulated.
 - 28. A dietary supplement comprising a plant oil according to Claim 27.
 - 29. A recombinant E. coli cell which produces docosahexenoic acid.
 - 30. A plant oil comprising eicosapentenoic acid.

15

20

- 31. A plant oil comprising docosahexenoic acid.
- 32. The recombinant microbial cell according to Claim 12, wherein said bacterial cell is a lactobacillus cell.

Fig. 1 Organization of Shewanella EPA Genes and Clones Obtained from the Sagami Chemical Institute.

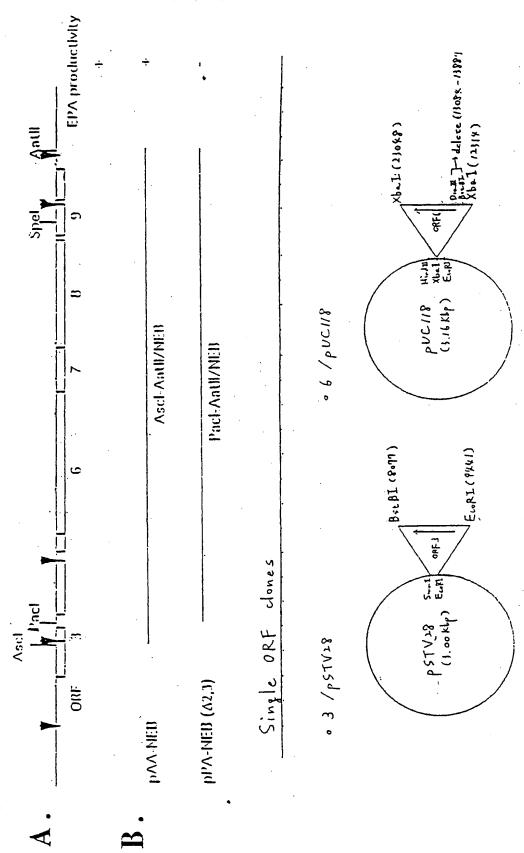
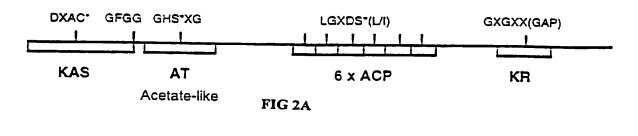


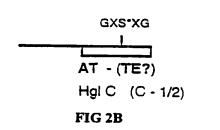
Fig. 2 S. IEWANELLA EPA C ?Fs

Motifs - Domains - Homologies

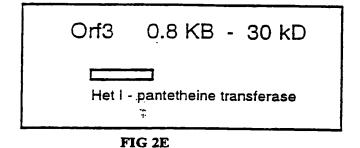
Orf6 8.3 KB - 293 kD

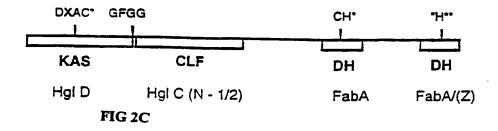


Orf7 2.3 KB - 84 kD



Orf8 6.0 KB - 217 kD





Orf9 1.6 KB - 59 kD

Anabeana - OrfX homolog
FIG 2D

							
	hglD	hgl	ıC	OrfX	hglB	hglA	heti
	KAS	CLF	AT ACP	?	?	KR	P-T

Anabeana "PKS" Genes Involved in Heterocyst Glycolipid Synthesis** 6. Orf3 subclone

Fig33. Orf3 Encodes a Phosphopantetheine Transferase

pUC19
 pAA-Neb (EPA +)
 pPA-NEB (Δ Orf3)
 Orf6 subclone
 Orf6 + Orf3 subclones

Autoradiograph of [C14] \(\beta\)-Alanine labelled proteins from \(E\). \(\colin\) (strain SJ16) cells transformed with the above listed plasmids. Cells were grown in the presence of [C14] \(\beta\)-alanine and the appropriate antibiotics. Proteins were extracted, separated by SDS-PAGE and transferred to a PVDF membrane prior to autoradiography. ACP and an unknown (but previously observed) 35 kD protein were labelled in all of the samples. The high molecular mass proteins detected in lanes 2 and 5 are full-"length (largest band) and truncated products of the Shewanella Orf6 gene (confirmed by Western analysis - data not shown). \(E\). \(\colin\) coli strain SJ16 is conditionally blocked in \(\beta\)-alanine synthesis.

GATCTCTTAC ANAGANACTA TCTCANTGTG ANTTHACCT TARTTCCGTT TARTTACGGC CTGATAGAGC ATCACCCA. 100 120 140 1 CAGCCATANA ACTGTANAGT GGGTACTCAA AGGTGGCGG GCGATTCTTC TCAAATACAA AGGTGCCCAAC CCAAGCAA. 180 200 220 2 CCATATCCGA TAACAGGTAA AAGTAGCAAT AAACCCCACC GCTGATGTTG TAATACATAA AGGGTAAAAT GGGATACATA 260 280 300 300 3 ACTACTGCCG AAATAGTGTA ATATTCGACA GTTTCTATGC TGATGTTGG ATAAATAAAA AGGGTAAAAT TCAGCAAA 340 360 380 4 AACGATAGCG CTTACTCATT ACTCACACCT CGGTAAAAAA GCAACTGCCC ATTAACTTGG CCAATCGTCA GTTGTTGT 420 440 460 460 4 CGTCTCAAAG TTATGCCCAC TAAATAACTC TATATGTGCA TTATGATTAG CAAAAACTCC GATACCATCA AGATGAGAG 500 520 540 5 GTTCATCACA CCAACTCAAA ACTGCGTCGA TAAGCTTTAT GCCATAGCCC TTCCCTTGCT CCACATTTCC GATAGAGAG 580 600 520 540 5 AACTGTAAAA TGCCACATTG GCCACTTGGT AAGCTCTCA TAAACTGATT TCTCTTGTTA ATAAGTGCCT GATAGAGAA 580 600 620 6 AACTGTAAAA TGCCACATTG GCCACTTGGT AAGCTCTCA TAAACTGATT TCTTTGTTA ATAAGTGCCT GAGTGAAA 660 680 700 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 7	160 1240 17AA 320 400 17AT 480 GTT 560 ATA 640 ATA 720 TCT 880
100 120 120 140 1 CAGCCATAMA ACTOTAMAGT GGOTACTCAM AGGTGGCTGG GCGATTCTC TCAMATACAM AGGTGCCAMC CCAMGCAM 180 200 220 2 CCATATCCGA TAMCAGGTAM ANGTAGCAMT AMACCCCAGC GCTGAGTTAG TAMTACAMA GGGATAATA GGATCACT 260 280 300 3 ACTACTGCCG AMATAGTGTA ATATTCGACA GTTTCTATGC TGATGTTGAG ATAMATAMA AGGGTAMAAT TCAGCAMA 140 360 380 4 AACGATAGCG CTTACTCATT ACTCACACCT CGGTAMAMAA GGAACTCGCC ATTAACTTGG CCAMACGTCA GTTGTTCT 420 440 460 460 4 CGTCTCAMAG TTATGCCGAC TAMATAMACTC TATATGTGCA TTATGATTAG CAMAMACTCC GATACCATCA AGAGGAAGA 500 520 540 5 GTTCATCACA CCAMACTCAMA ACTCCGTCGA TAMGCTTCAT CGCATAGGCC TTGCCTTGCT CCACATTTGC GATAGCAMA 580 600 620 540 AACTGTAMAA TOCCACATTG GCCACTTGGT AAGCTCTCA TAMCTGGAT TTCTTTGTTA ATAMAGTGCCT GAGTGAMA 660 680 700 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 7	160 1240 17AA 320 400 17AT 480 640 ATA 720 17CC
CAGCCATARA ACTOTARAGT GGOTACTCAA AGGTGGCTGG GCGATTCTTC TCARATACAA AGGTGCCCAAC CCAAGCAA 180 200 220 2 CCATATCCGA TAACAGGTAA AAGTAGCAAT AAACCCCAGC GCTGAGTTAG TAATACATAA GCGAATAATA GGATCACT 260 280 300 3 ACTACTGCCG AAATAGTGA ATATTCGACA GTTCTATGC TGATGTTGAG ATAAATAAAA AGGGTAAAAT TCAGCAAA 140 360 380 4 AACGATAGCG CTTACTCATT ACTCACACCT CGGTAAAAAA GCAACTCGCC ATTAACTTGG CCAATCGCCA GTGTCTCT 420 440 460 460 460 460 460 460 460 460 46	240 17AA 320 AAG 400 17AT 480 GTT 560 ATA 640 ATA 720 TCT 880
180 200 220 22 22 22 23 24 24 25 26 26 280 300 30 30 30 30 30 30	7240 7240 7240 720 720 720 720 720 720 720 72
CCATATCCGA TAACAGGTAA AAGTAGCAAT AAACCCCAGC GCTGAGTTAG TAATACATAA GCGAATAATA GGATCACT 260 280 300 300 3 ACTACTGCCG AAATAGTGTA ATATTCGACA GTTTCTATGC TGATGTTGAG ATAAATAAAA AGGGTAAAAT TCAGCAAA 340 360 380 4 AACGATAGCG CTTACTCATT ACTCACACCT CGGTAAAAAA GCAACTCGCC ATTAACTTGG CCAATCGTCA GTTGTCTC 420 440 460 460 460 CGTCTCAAAG TTATGCCGAC TAAATAAACC TATATGTGCA TTATGATTAG CAAAAAACTC GATACCTCA AGATGAAG 500 520 540 5 GTTCATCACA CCAACTCAAA ACTGCGTCGA TAAGCTTACT GCCATAGCCC TTGCCTTGCT CCACATTTGC GATACCAAA 580 600 620 620 AACTGTAAAA TGCCACACTG GCCACTTGGT AAGCTCTCA TAATCTGATT TTCTTGTTA ATAAGTGCCT GAGTGAAA 660 680 700 70 CCAACCAGTA CTTAACAACA TCTTTAAACG CCAATGCCA AAACCCGCTT CACCTAAGGG AACCTGCTGA GTCACTAT 740 760 780 80 AGGCTACGCC TATCAATCTA TCCCCAACGA ACATACCAAT AAGTGCTTC TCCTGTCCC AGAGCTCATT GAGTTCTT 820 840 860 86 CGAATAGCCC CGCGAAGCTT TTGCTCATAC TGCGCTTGAT CACCTAAAA AAGTGTTTCC ATAAAAAAAGG GATCACTACAGA ATAAGGCCTT TCCTGTTGCC AGAGCTCATT TCCATGGCC 900 920 940 940 96 ATAGGCGTTA TAGAGGAATAG AGCCTGCTAT GCGTAAAATCT TCTGCCGTGA GATAAAACTGC ACGACACTCT TCCATGGC 980 1000 1020 1020 1020 GATCTTCCAT TGTTATTGTC CTTGACCTTG ATCACACAAC ACCAATGTAA CAAGACTGTA TAGAAGAGGA ATTAATAAA 1060 1080 1000 1100 1100 1100	TAA 320 400 TAT 480 5560 ATA 640 ATA 720 TCC 880
260 280 300 300 330 330 330 330 330 330 330 3	320 AAG 400 FAT 480 GTT 5560 ATA 720 TGC 880
ACTACTGCCG AAATAGTGTA ATATTCGACA GTTTCTATGC TGATGTTGAG ATAAATAAAA AGGGTAAAAT TCAGCAAA 340 360 380 4 AACGATAGCG CTTACTCATT ACTCACACCT CGGTAAAAAA GCAACTGCC ATTAACTTGG CCAATCGTCA GTTGTCTC 420 440 460 460 600 4 CGTCTCAAAG TTATGCCGAC TAAATAACTC TATATGTGCA TTATGATTAG CAAAAACTCC GATACCATCA AGATGAAG 500 520 540 5 GTTCATCACA CCAACTCAAA ACTGCGTCGA TAAGCTTACT GCCATAGCCC TTGCCTTGCT CCCACATTGC GATACCATCA 580 600 620 620 66 AACTGTAAAA TGCCACATTG GCCACTTGGT AAGCTCCTA TAATCTGATT TTCTTGTTA ATAAGTGCCT GAGTTGAA 660 680 700 77 CCAACCAGTA CTTAACAACA TCTTTAAACG CCAATGCCAA AAACCCGCTT CACCTAAGGG AACCTGCTG GTCACTAT 740 760 780 80 80 600 860 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	AAAG 400 FAT 480 GTT 560 ATA 640 ATA 720 TGC 800
AACGATAGCG CTTACTCATT ACTCACACCT CGGTAAAAAA GCAACTCGCC ATTACCTGG CCAATCGTCA GTGTGTCT 420	1480 GTT 5560 ATA 640 ATA 720 B00
AACGATAGCG CTTACTCATT ACTCACACCT CGGTAAAAAA GCAACTCGCC ATTAACTTGG CCAATCGTCA GTTGTTCT 420 440 460 460 4 CGTCTCAAAG TTATGCCGAC TAAATAACTC TATATGTGCA TTATGATTAG CAAAAAACTCC GATACCATCA AGATGAAG 500 520 540 5 GTTCATCACA CCAACTCAAA ACTGCGTCGA TAAGCTTACT GCCATAGCCC TTGCCTTGCT CCACCATTGC GATACCATA 580 600 620 6 AACTGTAAAA IGCCACATTG GCCACTTGGT AAGCTCTTA TAATCTGATT TTCTTGTTA ATAAGTGCCT GAGTTGAA 660 680 700 70 CCAACCAGTA CTTAACAACA TCTTTAAACG CCAATGCCAA AAACGCGCTT CACCTAAGGG AACCTGCTGA GTCACTAT 740 760 780 8 AGGCTACGCC TATCAATCTA TCCCCAACGA ACATACCAAT AAGTGCTTGC TCCTGTTGCC AGAGGCTCATT GAGTTCTT 820 840 860 8 CGAATAGCCC CGCGAAGCTT TTGCTCATAC TGCGGTTGAT CACCACTAAA AAGTGCTTCG ACACACTAT GAGTTCTT 900 920 940 950 ATAAGGCGTTA TAGAGAATAG AGGCTGCTAT GCGTAAATCT TCTGCCGTGA GATAAACTGC ACGACACTCT TCCATGGC GATCTTCCAT TGTTATTGTC CTTGACCTTG ATCACACACA ACCAATGTAA CAAGACTGTA TAGAAGTGCA ATTAATAAA 1060 1080 1100 1100 111	17AT 480 5577 5560 ATA 640 ATA 720 TCC 8800
420 440 460 460 460 460 460 460 460 460 46	480 GTT 560 ATA 640 ATA 720 TGC 800 TCT
CGTCTCAAAG TTATGCCGAC TAAATAACTC TATATGTGAA TTATGATTAG CAAAAACTCC GATACCATCA AGATGAAG 500 520 540 5 GTTCATCACA CCAACTCAAA ACTGCGTCGA TAAGCTTACT GCCATAGCCC TTGCCTTGCT CCACATTGC GATAGCAA 580 600 620 6 AACTGTAAAA TGCCACATTG GCCACTTGGT AAGCTCTCTA TAATCTGATT TTCTTTGTTA ATAAGTGCCT GAGTTGAA 660 680 700 70 CCAACCAGTA CTTAACAACA TCTTTAAACG CCAATGCCAA AAACCCGCTT CACCTAAGGG AACCTGCTGA GTCACTAT 740 760 780 780 80 AGGCTACGCC TATCAATCTA TCCCCAACGA ACATACCAAT AAGTGCTTGC TCCTGTTGCC AGAGCTCATT GAGTTCTT 820 840 860 860 860 860 860 860 860 860 860 86	GTT 560 ATA 640 ATA 720 TGC 800 TCT 880
500 520 540 5 GTTCATCACA CCAACTCAAA ACTGCGTCGA TAAGCTTACT GCCATAGCCC TTGCCTTGCT CCACCATTGC GATAGCAA 580 600 620 6 AACTGTAAAA TGCCACATTG GCCACTTGGT AAGCTCTCA TAATCTGATT TTCTTTGTTA ATAAGTGCCT GAGTTGAA 660 680 700 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 7	560 ATA 640 ATA 720 TGC 800 TCT
GTTCATCACA CCAACTCAAA ACTGCGTCGA TAAGCTTACT GCCATAGCCC TTGCCTTGCT CCACATTGC GATAGCAA 580 600 620 6 AACTGTAAAA TGCCACATTG GCCACTTGGT AAGCTCTCTA TAATCTGATT TTCTTGTTA ATAAGTGCCT GAGTTGAA 660 680 700 7 CCAACCAGTA CTTAACAACA TCTTTAAACG CCAATGCCAA AAACCCGCTT CACCTAAGGG AACCTGCTGA GTCACTAT 740 760 780 8 AGGCTACGCC TATCAATCTA TCCCCAACGA ACATACCAAT AAGTCCTTGC TCCTGTTGCC AGAGCTCATT GAGTTCTT 820 840 860 8 CGAATAGCCC CGCGAAGCTT TTGCTCATAC TGCGCTTGAT CACCTAAAA AAGTGTTTCG ATAAAAAAGG GATCATCA 900 920 940 9 ATAGGCGTTA TAGAGAATAG AGGCTGCTAT GCGTAAATCT TCCTGCCGTGA GATAAACTGC ACGACACTCT TCCATGGC 980 1000 1020 1020 1020 1020 1020 1020 10	ATA 640 ATA 720 TGC 800 TCT
AACTGTAAAA TGCCACATTG GCCACTTGGT AAGCTCTCTA TAATCTGATT TTCTTTGTTA ATAAGTGCCT GAGTTGAA 660 680 700 7 CCAACCAGTA CTTAACAACA TCTTTAAACG CCAATGCCAA AAACCCGCTT CACCTAAGGG AACCTGCTGA GTCACTAT 740 760 780 80 AGGCTACGCC TATCAATCTA TCCCCAACGA ACATACCAAT AAGTGCTTGC TCCTGTTGCC AGAGCTCATT GAGTTCTT 820 840 860 8 CGAATAGCCC CGCGAAGCTT TTGCTCCATAC TGCGCTTGAT CACCACTAAA AAGTGTTTCG ATAAAAAAAGG GATCATCA 900 920 940 9 ATAGGCGTTA TAGAAGATAG AGGCTGCTAT GCGTAAATCT TCTGCCGTGA GATAAACTGC ACGACACTCT TCCATGGC 980 1000 1020 1020 10 GATCTTCCAT TGTTATTGTC CTTGACCTTG ATCACACAAC ACCAATGTAA CAAGACTGTA TAGAAGTGCA ATTAATAAA 1060 1080 1100 1100 1100 11	640 ATA 720 TGC 800 TCT
AACTGTAAAA TGCCACATTG GCCACTTGGT AAGCTCTCTA TAATCTGATT TTCTTTGTTA ATAAGTGCCT GAGTTGAA 660 680 700 7 CCAACCAGTA CTTAACAACA TCTTTAAACG CCAATGCCAA AAACGCGCTT CACCTAAGGG AACCTGCTGA GTCACTAT 740 760 780 8 AGGCTACGCC TATCAATCTA TCCCCAACGA ACATACCAAT AAGTGCTTGC TCCTGTTGCC AGAGCTCATT GAGTTCTT 820 840 860 8 CGAATAGCCC CGCGAAGCTT TTGCTCATAC TGCGCTTGAT CACCACTAAA AAGTGTTTCG ATAAAAAAAGG GATCATCA 900 920 940 9 ATAAGGCGTTA TAGAGAATAG AGGCTGCTAT GCGTAAATCT TCTGCCGTGA GATAAACTGC ACGACACTCT TCCATGGC 980 1000 1020 1020 10 GATCTTCCAT TGTTATTGTC CTTGACCTTG ATCACACAAC ACCAATGTAA CAAGACTGTA TAGAAGTGCA ATTAATAAA 1060 1080 1100 1100 1100	720 TGC 800 TCT
CCAACCAGTA CTTAACAACA TCTTTAAACG CCAATGCCAA AAACGCGCTT CACCTAAGGG AACCTGCTGA GTCACTAT 740 760 780 8 AGGCTACGCC TATCAATCTA TCCCCAACGA ACATACCAAT AAGTGCTTGC TCCTGTTGCC AGAGCTCATT GAGTTCTT 820 840 860 8 CGAATAGCCC CGCGAAGCTT TTGCTCATAC TGCGCTTGAT CACCACTAAA AAGTGTTTCG ATAAAAAAAGG GATCATCA 900 920 940 9 ATAGGCGTTA TAGAGAATAG AGGCTGCTAT GCGTAAATCT TCTGCCGTGA GATAAACTGC ACGACACTCT TCCATGGC 980 1000 1020 1020 10 GATCTTCCAT TGTTATTGTC CTTGACCTTG ATCACACAAC ACCAATGTAA CAAGACTGTA TAGAAGTGCA ATTAATAAA 1060 1080 1100 1100 1100	720 TGC 800 TCT 880
CCAACCAGTA CTTAACAACA TCTTTAAACG CCAATGCCAA AAACGCGCTT CACCTAAGGG AACCTGCTGA GTCACTAT 740 760 780 8 AGGCTACGCC TATCAATCTA TCCCCAACGA ACATACCAAT AAGTGCTTGC TCCTGTTGCC AGAGCTCATT GAGTTCTT 820 840 860 8 CGAATAGCCC CGCGAAGCTT TTGCTCATAC TGCGCTTGAT CACCACTAAA AAGTGTTTCG ATAAAAAAAGG GATCATCA 900 920 940 9 ATAGGCGTTA TAGAGAATAG AGGCTGCTAT GCGTAAATCT TCTGCCGTGA GATAAACTGC ACGACACTCT TCCATGGC 980 1000 1020 1020 10 GATCTTCCAT TGTTATTGTC CTTGACCTTG ATCACACAAC ACCAATGTAA CAAGACTGTA TAGAAGTGCA ATTAATAA	TGC 800 TCT 880
AGGCTACGCC TATCAATCTA TCCCCAACGA ACATACCAAT AAGTGCTTGC TCCTGTTGCC AGAGCTCATT GAGTTCTT 820 840 860 8 CGAATAGCCC CGCGAAGCTT TTGCTCATAC TGCGCTTGAT CACCACTAAA AAGTGTTTCG ATAAAAAAGG GATCATCA 900 920 940 9 ATAGGCGTTA TAGAGAATAG AGGCTGCTAT GCGTAAATCT TCTGCCGTGA GATAAACTGC ACGACACTCT TCCATGGC 980 1000 1020 1020 10 GATCTTCCAT TGTTATTGTC CTTGACCTTG ATCACACAAC ACCAATGTAA CAAGACTGTA TAGAAGTGCA ATTAATAA	800 TCT 880
AGGCTACGCC TATCAATCTA TCCCCAACGA ACATACCAAT AAGTGCTTGC TCCTGTTGCC AGAGCTCATT GAGTTCTT 820 840 860 8 CGAATAGCCC CGCGAAGCTT TTGCTCATAC TGCGCTTGAT CACCACTAAA AAGTGTTTCG ATAAAAAAGG GATCATCA 900 920 940 9 ATAGGCGTTA TAGAGAATAG AGGCTGCTAT GCGTAAATCT TCTGCCGTGA GATAAACTGC ACGACACTCT TCCATGGC 980 1000 1020 1020 GATCTTCCAT TGTTATTGTC CTTGACCTTG ATCACACAAC ACCAATGTAA CAAGACTGTA TAGAAGTGCA ATTAATAA	TCT 880
820 840 860 8 CGAATAGCCC CGCGAAGCTT TTGCTCATAC TGCGCTTGAT CACCACTAAA AAGTGTTTCG ATAAAAAAGG GATCATCA 900 920 940 9 ATAGGCGTTA TAGAGAATAG AGGCTGCTAT GCGTAAATCT TCTGCCGTGA GATAAACTGC ACGACACTCT TCCATGGC 980 1000 1020 1020 10 GATCTTCCAT TGTTATTGTC CTTGACCTTG ATCACACAAC ACCAATGTAA CAAGACTGTA TAGAAGTGCA ATTAATAA	880
CGANTAGCCC CGCGANGCTT TTGCTCATAC TGCGCTTGAT CACCACTANA ANGTGTTTCG ATANAMANGG GATCATCA 900 920 940 9 ATAGGCGTTA TAGAGANTAG AGGCTGCTAT GCGTANATCT TCTGCCGTGA GATANACTGC ACGACACTCT TCCATGGC 980 1000 1020 10 GATCTTCCAT TGTTATTGTC CTTGACCTTG ATCACACAAC ACCAATGTAA CAAGACTGTA TAGAAGTGCA ATTAATAA 1060 1080 1100 1100	•
900 920 940 9 ATAGGCGTTA TAGAGAATAG AGGCTGCTAT GCGTAAATCT TCTGCCGTGA GATAAACTGC ACGACACTCT TCCATGGC 980 1000 1020 10 GATCTTCCAT TGTTATTGTC CTTGACCTTG ATCACACAAC ACCAATGTAA CAAGACTGTA TAGAAGTGCA ATTAATAA 1060 1080 1100 11	ATG
ATAGGCGTTA TAGAGAATAG AGGCTGCTAT GCGTAAATCT TCTGCCGTGA GATAAACTGC ACGACACTCT TCCATGGC 980 1000 1020 10 GATCTTCCAT TGTTATTGTC CTTGACCTTG ATCACACAAC ACCAATGTAA CAAGACTGTA TAGAAGTGCA ATTAATAA 1060 1080 1100 11	
980 1000 1020 10 GATCTTCCAT TGTTATTGTC CTTGACCTTG ATCACACAAC ACCAATGTAA CAAGACTGTA TAGAAGTGCA ATTAATAA 1060 1080 1100 11	960
GATCTTCCAT TGTTATTGTC CTTGACCTTG ATCACACAAC ACCAATGTAA CAAGACTGTA TAGAAGTGCA ATTAATAA 1060 1080 1100 11	CTT
1060 1080 1100 11	040
1000	ATC
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	120
AATTCGTGCA TTAAGCAGGT CAGCATTTCT TTGCTAAACA AGCTTTATTG GCTTTGACAA AACTTTGCCT AGACTTTA	AAC
1160 1160 1180 12	200
GATAGAAATC ATAATGAAAG AGAAAAGCTA CAACCTAGAG GGGAATAATC AAACAACTGC TAAGATCTAG ATAATGTA	TAA
1220 1240 1260 13	280
AAACACCGAG TTTATCGACC ATACTTAGAT AGAGTCATAG CAACGAGAAT AGTTATGGAT ACAACGCCGC AAGATCT	'ATC
1300 1320	360
ACACCTGTTT TTACAGCTAG GATTAGCAAA TGATCAACCC GCAATTGAAC AGTTTATCAA TGACCATCAA TTAGCGGI	ACA
1380 1400 1420 1	440
ATATATTGCT ACATCAAGCA AGCTTTTGGA GCCCATCGCA AAAGCACTTC TTAATTGAGT CATTTAATGA AGATGCC	:CAG
1400	1520
TGGACCGAAG TCATCGACCA CTTAGACACC TTATTAAGAA AAAACTAACC ATTACAACAG CAACTTTAAA TTTTGCC	:CTA
	1600
AGCCATCTCC CCCCACCCCA CAACAGCGTT GTTGCTTATG ACCACTGGAG TACATTCGTC TTTAGTCGTT TTACCAT	-
	CAC
CATGGGTACG TTGAGTGCGA TAAAAAAGCA CATAAACTTC TTTATCGGCC TGAATATAGG CTTCGTTAAA ATCAGCT	1680 ICAC
1700 1720 1740 1	1680
	1680

Fig. 4 1/30

	1780		1800	•	1820	•	1840
CTCCCAAGCA	CCGTGATTAT	CCCAGTCAGA	PTCCCCATCA	CCAACATTGA	CCACACAGCC	CGTTAGCCCT	AAGCTTGCAA
	1860	•	1880	•	1900		1920
TCCCAAAACA	TGCTAAACCT	ልእተልእተተተ ልተ '	TTTTCATTTT	AACTTCCTGT	TATGACATTA	TTTTTGCTTA	GAAGAAAAGC
	1940		1960		1980	•	2000
AACTTACATG	CCAAAACACA	AGCTGTTGTT	TTAAATGACT	TTATTT AT TA	TTAGCCTTTT	AGGATATGCC	TAGAGCAATA
	2020		2040		2060		2080
ATAATTACCA	ATGTTTAAGG	AATTTGACTA	ACTATGAGTC	CGATTGAGCA	AGTGCTAACA	GCTGCTAAAA	AAATCAATGA
ı	2100		2120		2140		2160
ACAAGGTAGA	GAACCAACAT	TAGCATTGAT	TAAAACCAAA	CTTGGTAATA	GCATCCCAAT	GCGCGAGTTA	ATCCAAGGTT
v	2180		2200		2220		2240
TGCAACAGTT	TAAGTCTATG	AGTGCAGAAG	* AAAGACAAGC	AATACCTAGC	AGCTTAGCAA	CAGCAAAAGA	AACTCAATAT
	2260		2280		2300		2320
GGTCAATCAA	GCTTATCTCA	ATCTGAACAA	GCTGATAGGA	TCCTCCAGCT	AGAAAACGCC	CTCAATGAAT	TAAGAAACGA
	2340		2360		2380	_	2400
ATTTAATGGG	CTAAAAAGTC	AATTTGATAA	CTTACAACAA	AACCTGATGA	. ATAAAGAGCC	TGACACCAAA	TGCATGTAAT
	2420		2440		2460		2480
TGAACTACGA	• TTTGAATGTT	TTGATAACAC	CACGATTACT	GCAGCAGAAA	AAGCCATTAA	TGGTTTGCTT	GAAGCTTATC
	2500		2520		2540		2560
GAGCCAATGG	• CCAGGTTCTA	GGTCGTGAAT	TTGCCGTTGC	ATTTAACGAT	GGTGAGTTTA	. AAGCACGCAT	GTTAACCCCA
•	2580		2600		2620		2640
GAAAAAAGCA	GCTTATCTA	ACGCTTTAAT	*AGTCCTTGGG	TAAATAGTG	ACTCGAAGAG	CTAACCGAA	CCAAATTGCT
	2660		2680		2700		2720
TGCGCCACGT	Gaaaagtat <i>i</i>	TTGGCCAAGA	TATTAATTCT	GAAGCATCT	A GCCAAGACAC	ACCAAGTTG	CAGCTACTTT
	2740		2760		2780		2800
ACACAAGTT	TGTGCACATO	• TGCTCACCAC	TAAGAAATG	CGACACCTT	G CAGCCTATTO	CACTGTATC	A AATTCCAGCA
	2826		2840		2860		2880
ACTGCCAAC	G GCGATCATA	A ACGAATGATC	CGTTGGCAA	CAGAATGGC	A AGCTTGTGA	r gaattgcaa	A TGGCCGCAGC
	290		2920		294		2960
TACTARAGC	· T GAATTTGCC	CACTTGAAGA	GCTAACCAG	CATCAGAGT	G ATCTATTA	• G GCGTGGTTG	G GACTTACGTG
••••	298	_	300		302		3040
GCAGAGTCG	•		CCTATTACT	· A TTTATACCG	* T GTTGGCGGT	• G AAAGCTTAG	C AGTAGAAAAG
00	306		308		310		3120
CAGCGCTCT	* T GTCCTAAGT	G TGGCAGTCA	A GAATGGCTG	• C TCGATAAAC	C ATTATTGGA	• T ATGTTCCAT	T TTCGCTGTGA
0	314		316		318		3200
CACCTGCCG	*	•	, GGACCATTT	· A TAACTCTTO	C GAGTCTTAT	· C ACACTAGAC	TTAGTCAGCA
CACCIOCCO	322		324		326		3280
መእ እ እ እ እ ፕሮር	•	•	•	•	* CA TCGATACTA	T ATATCAGC	G ACTATTTCC
1 WWW I GC	330		332		336		3360
CCCM3 3 5 M	•	•	•	•	•	•	T TCAATAGGTT
GCG1AAA11	331		340		* 34		3440
ma access	•	•	•	•	•	•	CT TTGTACTTCA
TAACCGCAC	34		341		35		3520
	•	•	•	•	•	•	AA TACCAATAAA
CCTGGAAT	II CANTECAT	TO OCTOCCALE	" CIUITALL	o, coremo			· ·

rig. 4 2/30

	3540		3560	•	3580		3600
CCAAGTCGGC	TCTTGCTTAA	GCTTTCTCTT	CATCATTAAA 1	rgaccaatga 1	CTTTTGTTG	TAAGTATTCA	AAATCAGTTT
	3620		3640		3660		3680
GATCCCACAC	TTGGATTAGC	TCACCTTGGC	CCCATTGTGA (TCAAAAAAT	AGCGGTGCAG	AAAATGACT	GCCAAAAAAT
	3700		3720	•	3740		3760
GGATTAATTT	CTGCAGATAA	TGTCATTTCA	AGTGCTGTTT (CAACATTAGC	AAATTCACCA	GGTTGTTGAC	GTACAACCGA
	3780		3800		3820		3840
TTGCCAAAAC	ACTGCGCCAT	CGGAGCCCGC	TTCGGCGACA	* ACACACTCAG	* OOTOTTTOA	TTGCGCATAA	TATCTTGGCT
	3860		3880		3900		3920
* これをころをころをころ		TAGGCTTGTT	GATATITAGA	* TAAAAAAGA	* TCTAAAGCAG	GTAAAGAAGA	CACTTAAGCC
011011001110	3940		3960		3980		4000
* A	TCAGTTATAA	TAGGGGTCTA	* TTTTGACATG	GAAACCGTAT	TGATGACACA	ACATCATGAT	CCCTACAGTA
AGIICE/ADDI	4020		4040		4060		4080
*		TTAACTTTAG	GAAAGTCGAC	CGGTTATCAA	GAGCAGTATG	ATGCATCTTT	ACTACAAGCG
ACOCCETON.	4100		4120		4140		4160
* ************************************	•		GTCTAACCAA	TGAGCTACCT	TTTCATGGCT	GTGATATTT	GACTGGCTAC
1000001121	4180		4200		4220	•	4240
• ርአ እርተርሞርጥፕ			CCAATGATTG	* CTATTGCAGA	CTTTAACCTA	AGTTTTGATA	GTAAAAATCT
OAAC1G1C11	4260		4280		4300	•	4320
* CAMCGAGTCT		. •	AAACAGCTAT	AACCAAACAC	GATTTGATAG	CGTTCAAGCG	GTTCAAGAAC
GAICGAGICI	4340		4360		4380		4400
CTTT A B CTC			AAGGCACAGT	TACGGTAAAA	GTGATTGAAC	CTAAGCAAT	TAACCACCTG
GITTAACTGA	4420		4440		4460		4480
* C * C * C * C * C * C * C * C * C * C			GACGATTTAG	* ATATTGAAGT	TGATGACTAT	AGCTTTAAC	T CTGACTATCT
AGAGIGGII	4500		4520		4540		4560
CACCCACAC	•			*◆	* ACTTATTGA	ATCAAACTG	C CTAATCACTT
CACCUACAG	458		4600		4620		4640
CTC A CCCTC	•	•		•	GACCGTGAAA	AGCTACTTA	G ATATCTGATT
CICAGCCIG	466		4680		4700		4720
mc s mmm s C s	•	•			TGTTGATTT	AAGCACTAT	T GCCAATGTGC
ICATTIAGA	474		4760		4780		4800
CA A A CEPTA C	•	•		•	ACCCATATC	TAGCGACTI	T GAAAACCCTG
CAAACIIAC	482		4840		486		4880
C	•	•			A AACAATGCC	· I ATAAGCCAA	G CTTATGGGCA
CAGAAAATC	490		4920		494		4960
mmmmm t m t d		•	•		· r tttatcgct	• A AATTAAGCO	G CTCTCTCAGC
111111111	496		500		502		5040
0111mm	•	•	•		* A CTCTATCGG	C TCTACCGC	AA AAGGTAAGTC
CAAATATT	500 500		508		510		5120
		*		•	•	•	
AAATACCT			TA TICGICAGE		516		5200
	514	•	•	•	*	•	GT CAGCAAGTCG
CAACCGAC.					526		5280
	52.	•	524	•	•	•	
GCAACACT					T AAAGTATTO		CA ACCCACCTTG 5360
	53	00	532	:0	534	• •	3300

Fig 4 3/30

	• •	• አልሮሞአስጥሞው ፕ	· CCTGCATTA CTT	TTTGACT CTTA	AATGCC GCAGATTCTG
GATCCTTGGG TGAGCATTTC	GIGCENERON	5400		5420	5440
GCAGCCAAAT ATCTAAGGCT	AAATCCACCT	TTTCTAGTTG	rAGGTCCATC TGC	AACTCTT CTTC	AATGAG CGGCGGCTCA
5460		5480	•	5500	5520
CGAAATACAA TATTAATTGC	AGTGCCCTGT	AACACTTGCT	CAATTTGATC TTO	CAAGAGT TGT	TTGCCG ACTCGCTGGC
5540		5560		5580	5600
ATACACATAA AAAGTTCGCT	CACTTGAAGT	GGGGTCAAAT	GCTTCAAAGC TAG	STOGONAC TTGO	TCAATT GTTGACATAG
5620		5640	,	5660	5680
CGCCCGCGAG CTGTTGATAA	AGCGTCATCG	CACTTGCGGT	AGGTTTAACT CC	CCTACCCA CTC	BAGTAAA CAACTCTTCT
5700		5720	•	5740	5760
CCAACAATAC TTTTTAGCCT	CGAAATCGCA	TTACTAACCG	ACGACTGAGT CA	AATCCAGC TCT	CTGCCG CCCGGCTAAA
5780)	5800		5820	5840
AGATGAGGTG CGATACACCC	CAGTAAAAAC	GCGAAATAAA	TTAAGATCAA AA	GCTTTTTG CTG	CGACATA AATCAGCTAT
5860)	5880	•	5900	5920
CTCCTTATCC TTATCCTTAT	CCTTATAAAA	AGTTAGCTCC	AGAGCACTCT AG	CTCAAAAA CAA	CTCAGCG TATTAAGCCA
5940		5960		5980	6000
ATATTTTGGG AACTCAATT	A ATATTCATAA	TAAAAGTATT	CATAATATAA AT	ACCAAGTC ATA	ATTTAGC CCTAATTATT
602		6040	•	6060	6080
AATCAATTCA AGTTACCTA	r ACTGGCCTCA	ATTAAGCAAA	TGTCTCATCA GT	CTCCCTGC AAC	TAAATGC AATATTGAGA
610	0	6120		614	0
CATAAAGCTT TGAACTGAT	T CAATCTTACG	ACCCTAACTT	ATG AAA CAG A	CT CTA ATG C	CT ATC TCA ATC ATG A I S I M>
6160	6	160		6200	
•	AAT GCG CTA	GCA GCG CAA	CAT GAA CAT	AC CAC ATC	ACT GTT GAT TAC GAA
SLFSF	N A L	A A Q	н е н	D H I	T V D Y E>
6220	6240	A A Q	н E н 6260	р н т	6280
	6240	A A Q	н E н 6260	р н т	6280
6220 GGG AAA GCC GCA ACA	6240 GAA CAC ACC	A A Q ATA GCT CAC I A H	H E H 6260 AAC CAA GCT	D H I	6280 ACA CTT AAC TTT GCC
GGG AAA GCC GCA ACA G K A A T 6300 GAC ACG CGT GCA TTT	6240 GAA CAC ACC E H T	A A Q ATA GCT CAC I A H 6 TCT AAA AAT	H E H 6260 AAC CAA GCT N Q A 320 CTA GTC GCC	GTA GCT AAA A	6280 ACA CTT AAC TTT GCC T L N F A> 6340 AAA GCA ACT GCC GAT
GGG AAA GCC GCA ACA G K A A T G300 GAC ACG CGT GCA TTT D T R A F	6240 GAA CAC ACC E H T	A A Q ATA GCT CAC I A H 6 TCT AAA AAT S K N	H E H 6260 AAC CAA GCT N Q A	GTA GCT AAA A V A K AAG TTT GAT	6280 ACA CTT AAC TTT GCC T L N F A>
GGG AAA GCC GCA ACA G K A A T 6300 GAC ACG CGT GCA TIT	6240 GAA CAC ACC E H T	A A Q ATA GCT CAC I A H 6 TCT AAA AAT S K N 6380	H E H 6260 AAC CAA GCT N Q A 320 CTA GTC GCC L V A	GTA GCT AAA A K AAG TTT GAT K K F D 6400	6280 ACA CTT AAC TTT GCC T L N F A> 6340 AAA GCA ACT GCC GAT K A T A D>
GGG AAA GCC GCA ACA G K A A T G300 GAC ACG CGT GCA TTT D T R A F	6240 GAA CAC ACC E H T GAG CAA TCG E Q S	A A Q ATA GCT CAC I A H CTCT AAA AAT S K N 6380 ATT AGC GAT	H E H 6260 AAC CAA GCT ON Q A 320 CTA GTC GCC L V A	GTA GCT AAA A K AAG TTT GAT K F D 6400 GAC TCG GTT	6280 ACA CTT AAC TTT GCC T L N F A> 6340 AAA GCA ACT GCC GAT K A T A D>
GGG AAA GCC GCA ACA G K A A T 6300 GAC ACG CGT GCA TTT D T R A F 6360	6240 GAA CAC ACC E H T GAG CAA TCG E Q S	A A Q ATA GCT CAC I A H CTCT AAA AAT S K N 6380 ATT AGC GAT	H E H 6260 AAC CAA GCT ON Q A 320 CTA GTC GCC L V A	GTA GCT AAA A V A K AAG TTT GAT K F D 6400 GAC TCG GTT D S V	6280 ACA CTT AAC TTT GCC T L N F A> 6340 AAA GCA ACT GCC GAT K A T A D>
GGG AAA GCC GCA ACA G K A A T 6300 GAC ACG CGT GCA TTT D T R A F 6360 ATA TTA CGT GCC GAA I L R A E	GAA CAC ACC E H T GAG CAA TCG E Q S TTT GCT TTT F A F 6440	A A Q ATA GCT CAC I A H 6 TCT AAA AAT S K N 6380 ATT AGC GAT I S D	AAC CAA GCT N Q A 320 CTA GTC GCC L V A GTC GCC TA TATAAAA	GTA GCT AAA A K AAG TTT GAT K F D 6400 GAC TCG GTT D S V 60 GTG AGC GAT	6280 ACA CTT AAC TTT GCC T L N F A> 6340 AAA GCA ACT GCC GAT K A T A D> AAC CCG TCT CTC TAC N P S L Y> 6480 GGC ATT TAC CAG GTC
6220 GGG AAA GCC GCA ACA G K A A T 6300 GAC ACG CGT GCA TTT D T R A F 6360 ATA TTA CGT GCC GAA I L R A E 6420 CGT CAG GCT CAG CTT R Q A Q L	GAA CAC ACC E H T GAG CAA TCG E Q S TTT GCT TTT F A F 6440 AAT ATG GTG N M V	A A Q ATA GCT CAC I A H 6 TCT AAA AAT S K N 6380 ATT AGC GAT I S D	AAC CAA GCT N Q A 320 CTA GTC GCC L V A GAA ATC CCT E 1 P 646 C CTG TAT AAA L Y K	GTA GCT AAA A K AAG TTT GAT K F D 6400 GAC TCG GTT D S V 60 GTG AGC GAT	6280 ACA CTT AAC TTT GCC T L N F A> 6340 AAA GCA ACT GCC GAT K A T A D> AAC CCG TCT CTC TAC N P S L Y> 6480 GGC ATT TAC CAG GTC G I Y Q V>
6220 GGG AAA GCC GCA ACA G K A A T 6300 GAC ACG CGT GCA TTT D T R A F 6360 ATA TTA CGT GCC GAA I L R A E 6420 CGT CAG GCT CAG CTT R Q A Q L	GAA CAC ACC E H T GAG CAA TCG E Q S TTT GCT TTT F A F 6440 AAT ATG GTG N M V	A A Q ATA GCT CAC I A H 6 TCT AAA AAT S K N 6380 ATT AGC GAT I S D CCT AAT GGT P N G	H E H 6260 AAC CAA GCT N Q A 320 CTA GTC GCC L V A GAA ATC CCT E I P 646 CTG TAT AAA L Y K 6520	GTA GCT AAA A K AAG TTT GAT K F D 6400 GAC TCG GTT D S V 60 GTG AGC GAT V S D	6280 ACA CTT AAC TTT GCC T L N F A> 6340 AAA GCA ACT GCC GAT K A T A D> AAC CCG TCT CTC TAC N P S L Y> 6480 GGC ATT TAC CAG GTC G I Y Q V>
GGG AAA GCC GCA ACA G K A A T 6300 GAC ACG CGT GCA TTT D T R A F 6360 ATA TTA CGT GCC GAA I L R A E 6420 CGT CAG GCT CAG CTT R Q A Q L	GAA CAC ACC E H T GAG CAA TCG E Q S TTT GCT TTT F A F 6440 AAT ATG GTG N M V	A A Q ATA GCT CAC I A H 6 TCT AAA AAT S K N 6380 ATT AGC GAT I S D CCT AAT GGT P N G	H E H 6260 AAC CAA GCT ON Q A 320 CTA GTC GCC L V A GAA ATC CCT E I P 646 CTG TAT AAA L Y K	GTA GCT AAA A K A A K A A K A K A K A K A K A	6280 ACA CTT AAC TTT GCC T L N F A> 6340 AAA GCA ACT GCC GAT K A T A D> AAC CCG TCT CTC TAC N P S L Y> 6480 GGC ATT TAC CAG GTC G I Y Q V>
GGG AAA GCC GCA ACA G K A A T 6300 GAC ACG CGT GCA TTT D T R A F 6360 ATA TTA CGT GCC GAA I L R A E 6420 CGT CAG GCT CAG CTT R Q A Q L 6 CGC GGT ACC GAC TTA R G T D L	GAA CAC ACC E H T GAG CAA TCG E Q S TTT GCT TTT F A F 6440 AAT ATG GTG N M V 500 TCT AAC CTT S N L	A A Q ATA GCT CAC I A H 6 TCT AAA AAT S K N 6380 ATT AGC GAT I S D CCT AAT GGT P N G ACA CTT ATT T L I 6580	AAC CAA GCT ON Q A 320 CTA GTC GCC L V A GAA ATC CCT E I P 646 CTG TAT AAA L Y K 6520 C CGC AGT GAT R S D	GTA GCT AAA A K A A K A K A K A K A K A K A K	6280 ACA CTT AAC TTT GCC T L N F A> 6340 AAA GCA ACT GCC GAT K A T A D> AAC CCG TCT CTC TAC N P S L Y> 6480 GGC ATT TAC CAG GTC G I Y Q V> 6540 ATA GCA TAC GAT GTT I A Y D V>
GGG AAA GCC GCA ACA G K A A T 6300 GAC ACG CGT GCA TTT D T R A F 6360 ATA TTA CGT GCC GAA I L R A E 6420 CGT CAG GCT CAG CTT R Q A Q L CGC GGT ACC GAC TTA R G T D L	GAA CAC ACC E H T GAG CAA TCG E Q S TTT GCT TTT F A F 6440 AAT ATG GTG N M V 500 TCT AAC CTT S N L	A A Q ATA GCT CAC I A H 6 TCT AAA AAT S K N 6380 ATT AGC GAT I S D CCT AAT GG7 P N G ACA CTT ATT T L I 6580	H E H 6260 AAC CAA GCT N Q A 320 CTA GTC GCC L V A GAA ATC CCT E I P 646 CTG TAT AAA L Y K 6520 C CGC AGT GAT R S D	GTA GCT AAA A K AAG TTT GAT K F D 6400 GAC TCG GTT D S V 60 GTG AGC GAT V S D AAC GGT TGG N G W 66000 TTA AAG AAT	6280 ACA CTT AAC TTT GCC T L N F A> 6340 AAA GCA ACT GCC GAT K A T A D> AAC CCG TCT CTC TAC N P S L Y> 6480 GGC ATT TAC CAG GTC G I Y Q V> 6540 ATA GCA TAC GAT GTT I A Y D V> CTA CCT AAA GAT GGC
GGG AAA GCC GCA ACA G K A A T 6300 GAC ACG CGT GCA TTT D T R A F 6360 ATA TTA CGT GCC GAA I L R A E 6420 CGT CAG GCT CAG CTT R Q A Q L 6560 TTG TTA ACC AAA GAA L L T K E	GAA CAC ACC E H T GAG CAA TCG E Q S TTT GCT TTT F A F 6440 AAT ATG GTG N M V 500 TCT AAC CTT S N L	A A Q ATA GCT CAC I A H 6 TCT AAA AAT S K N 6380 ATT AGC GAT I S D CCT AAT GG7 P N G ACA CTT ATT T L I 6580	H E H 6260 AAC CAA GCT ON Q A 320 CTA GTC GCC L V A GAA ATC CCT E I P 646 CTG TAT AAA L Y K 6520 C CGC AGT GAT R S D A CAA TTT GCG Q F A	GTA GCT AAA A K AAG TTT GAT K F D 6400 GAC TCG GTT D S V 60 GTG AGC GAT V S D AAC GGT TGG N G W 66000 TTA AAG AAT	6280 ACA CTT AAC TTT GCC T L N F A> 6340 AAA GCA ACT GCC GAT K A T A D> AAC CCG TCT CTC TAC N P S L Y> 6480 GGC ATT TAC CAG GTC G I Y Q V> 6540 ATA GCA TAC GAT GTT I A Y D V>
GGG AAA GCC GCA ACA G K A A T 6300 GAC ACG CGT GCA TTT D T R A F 6360 ATA TTA CGT GCC GAA I L R A E 6420 CGT CAG GCT CAG CTT R Q A Q L CGC GGT ACC GAC TTA R G T D L 6560 TTG TTA ACC AAA GAA L L T K E	6240 GAA CAC ACC E H T GAG CAA TCG E Q S TTT GCT TTT F A F 6440 AAT ATG GTG N M V 500 TCT AAC CTT S N L GCA GCA AAA A A K	A A Q ATA GCT CAC I A H 6 TCT AAA AAT S K N 6380 ATT AGC GAT I S D CCT AAT GGT P N G ACA CTT ATT T L I 6580 ACA CTT ATT T L I 6580	AAC CAA GCT ON Q A 320 CTA GTC GCC L V A GAA ATC CCT E I P 646 CTG TAT AAA L Y K 6520 C CGC AGT GAT R S D A CAA TTT GCG Q F A	GTA GCT AAA A V A K AAG TTT GAT K F D 6400 GAC TCG GTT D S V 60 GTG AGC GAT V S D AAC GGT TGG N G W 6600 TTA AAG AAT L K N	6280 ACA CTT AAC TTT GCC T L N F A> 6340 AAA GCA ACT GCC GAT K A T A D> AAC CCG TCT CTC TAC N P S L Y> 6480 GGC ATT TAC CAG GTC G I Y Q V> 6540 ATA GCA TAC GAT GTT I A Y D V> CTA CCT AAA GAT GGC L P K D G> 6680 GGC GGA GCT CGC GGT
GGG AAA GCC GCA ACA G K A A T 6300 GAC ACG CGT GCA TTT D T R A F 6360 ATA TTA CGT GCC GAA I L R A E 6420 CGT CAG GCT CAG CTT R Q A Q L CGC GGT ACC GAC TTA R G T D L 6560 TTG TTA ACC AAA GAA L L T K E	6240 GAA CAC ACC E H T GAG CAA TCG E Q S TTT GCT TTT F A F 6440 AAT ATG GTG N M V 500 TCT AAC CTT S N L GCA GCA AAA A A K	A A Q ATA GCT CAC I A H 6 TCT AAA AAT S K N 6380 ATT AGC GAT I S D CCT AAT GGT P N G ACA CTT ATT T L I 6580 ACA CTT ATT T L I 6580	AAC CAA GCT ON Q A 320 CTA GTC GCC L V A GAA ATC CCT E I P 646 CTG TAT AAA L Y K 6520 C CGC AGT GAT R S D A CAA TTT GCG Q F A	GTA GCT AAA A V A K AAG TTT GAT K F D 6400 GAC TCG GTT D S V 60 GTG AGC GAT V S D AAC GGT TGG N G W 6600 TTA AAG AAT L K N	6280 ACA CTT AAC TTT GCC T L N F A> 6340 AAA GCA ACT GCC GAT K A T A D> AAC CCG TCT CTC TAC N P S L Y> 6480 GGC ATT TAC CAG GTC G I Y Q V> 6540 ATA GCA TAC GAT GTT I A Y D V> CTA CCT AAA GAT GGC L P K D G> 6680 GGC GGA GCT CGC GGT G G A R G>
GGG AAA GCC GCA ACA G K A A T 6300 GAC ACG CGT GCA TTT D T R A F 6360 ATA TTA CGT GCC GAA I L R A E 6420 CGT CAG GCT CAG CTT R Q A Q L 6560 TTG TTA ACC GAC TTA R G T D L 6620 GAT TTA CCC GTT GTT D L P V V	GAA CAC ACC E H T GAG CAA TCG E Q S TTT GCT TTT F A F 6440 AAT ATG GTG N M V 500 TCT AAC CTT S N L GCA GCA AAA A A 666 GCG ATG ATT A M I	A A Q ATA GCT CAC I A H 6 TCT AAA AAT S K N 6380 ATT AGC GAT I S D CCT AAT GGT P N G ACA CTT ATT T L I 6580 AGC TCA CT A S L 640 T TAC TCC CA Y S H	H E H 6260 AAC CAA GCT ON Q A 320 CTA GTC GCC L V A GAA ATC CCT E I P 646 CTG TAT AAA L Y K 6520 C CGC AGT GAT R S D A CAA TTT GCG Q F A T AGC CAT GCG S H A 6720	GTA GCT AAA A K A A K A K F D 6400 GAC TCG GTT D S V S D AAC GGT TGG N G W 6600 TTA AAG AAT L K N 6660 GAC CAC TTT D H F	6280 ACA CTT AAC TTT GCC T L N F A> 6340 AAA GCA ACT GCC GAT K A T A D> AAC CCG TCT CTC TAC N P S L Y> 6480 GGC ATT TAC CAG GTC G I Y Q V> 6540 ATA GCA TAC GAT GTT I A Y D V> CTA CCT AAA GAT GGC L P K D G> 6680 GGC GGA GCT CGC GGT

0.44

Fig. 4 4/30

```
GAG AAC CTA CTT GCC GGT AAC GCC ATG AGC CGC CGC GCA GCT TAT CAA TAC GGC GCA ACA CTG GGC E N V L A G N A M S R R A A Y Q Y G A T L G>
                                              6840
AAA CAT GAC CAC GGT ATT GTT GAT GCT GCG CTA GGT AAA GGT CTA TCA AAA GGT GAA ATC ACT TAC K H D H G I V D A A L G K G L S K G E I T Y>
GTC GCC CCA GAC TAC ACC TTA AAC AGT GAA GGC AAA TGG GAA ACG CTG ACG ATT GAT GGT CTA GAG V A P D Y T L N S E G K W E T L T I D G L E>
ATG GTG TTT ATG GAT GCC TCG GGC ACC GAA GCT GAG TCA GAA ATG ATC ACT TAT ATT CCC TCT AAA M V F M D A S G T E A E S E M I T Y I P S K>
AAA GCG CTC TGG ACG GCG GAG CTT ACC TAT CAA GGT ATG CAC AAC ATT TAT ACG CTG CGC GGC GCT K A L W T A E L T Y Q G M H N I Y T L R G A>
 AAA GTA CGT GAT GCG CTC AAG TGG TCA AAA GAT ATC AAC GAA ATG ATC AAT GCC TTT GGT CAA GAT K V R D A L K W S K D I N E M I N A F G Q D>
 GTC GAA GTG CTG TTT GCC TCG CAC TCT GCG CCA GTG TGG GGT AAC CAA GCG ATC AAC GAT TTC TTA V E V L F A S H S A P V W G N Q A I N D F L>
 CGC CTA CAG CGT GAT AAC TAC GGC CTA GTG CAC AAT CAA ACC TTG AGA CTT GCC AAC GAT GGT GTC R L Q R D N Y G L V. H N Q T L R L A N D G V>
 GGT ATA CAA GAT ATT GGC GAT GCG ATT CAA GAC ACG ATT CCA GAG TCT ATC TAC AAG ACG TGG CAT G I Q D I G D A I Q D T I P E S I Y K T W H>
 ACC AAT GGT TAC CAC GGC ACT TAT AGC CAT AAC GCT AAA GCG GTT TAT AAC AAG TAT CTA GGC TAC T N G Y H G T Y S H N A K A V Y N K Y L G Y>
 TTC GAT ATG AAC CCA GCC AAC CTT AAT CCG CTG CCA ACC AAG CAA GAA TCT GCC AAG TTT GTC GAA F D M N P A N L N P L P T K Q E S A K F V E>
  TAC ATG GGC GGC GGA GAT GCC GCA ATT AAG CGC GCT AAA GAT GAT TAC GCT CAA GGT GAA TAC CGC Y M G G A D A A I K R A K D D Y A Q G E Y R>
                                                                             7580
  TTT GTT GCA ACG GCA TTA AAT AAG GTG GTG ATG GCC GAG CCA GAA AAT GAC TCC GCT CGA TTG F V A T A L N K V V M A E P E N D S A R Q L>
  CTA GCC GAT ACC TAT GAG CAA CTT GGT TAT CAA GCA GAA GGG GCT GGC TGG AGA AAC ATT TAC TTA
L A D T Y E Q L G Y Q A E G A G W R N I Y L>
   ACT GGC GCA CAA GAG CTA CGA GTA GGT ATT CAA GCT GGC GCG CCT AAA ACC GCA TCG GCA GAT GTC
T G A Q E L R V G I Q A G A P K T A S A D V>
   ATC AGT GAA ATG GAC ATG CCG ACT CTA TTT GAC TTC CTC GCG GTG AAG ATT GAT AGT CAA CAG GCG I S E M D M P T L F D F L A V K I D S Q Q A>
   GCT AAG CAC GGC TTA GTT AAG ATG AAT GTT ATC ACC CCT GAT ACT AAA GAT ATT CTC TAT ATT GAG A K H G L V K M N V I T P D T K D I L Y I E>
    CTA AGC AAC GGT AAC TTA AGC AAC GCA GTG GTC GAC AAA GAG CAA GCA GCT GAC GCA AAC CTT ATG
L S N G N L S N A V V D K E Q A A D A N L M>
```

-ig. 4 5/30

```
GTT AAT AAA GCT GAC GTT AAC CGC ATC TTA CTT GGC CAA GTA ACC CTA AAA GCG TTA TTA GCC AGC V N K A D V N R I L L G Q V T L K A L L A S>
GGC GAT GCC AAG CTC ACT GGT GAT AAA ACG GCA TTT AGT AAA ATA GCC GAT AGC ATG GTC GAG TTT G D A K L T G D K T A F S K I A D S M V E F>
                                                     8100
ACA CCT GAC TTC GAA ATC GTA CCA ACG CCT GTT AAA TGAGGCA TTAATCTCAA CAAGTGCAAG CTAGACATAA T P D F E I V P T P V K>
                       8160
AAATGGGGCG ATTAGACGCC CCATTTTTA TGCAATTTTG AACTA GCT AGT CTT AGC TGA AGC TCG AAC AAC
AGC TTT AAA ATT CAC TTC TTC TGC TGC AAT ACT TAT TTG CTG ACA CTG ACC AAT ACT CAG TGC AAA

CA K F N V E E A A I S I Q Q C Q G I S L A F
ACG ATA ACT ATC ATC AAG ATG GCC CAG TAA ACA ATG CCA ATT ATC AGC AGC GTT CAT TTG CTG TTC CR Y S D D L H G L L C H W N D A A N M Q Q E
                                                         8380
 TTT AGC CTC AAT CAA ACC TAA ACC AGA CTT TTG TGG CTC AGC GTT AGG CTT ATT AGA ACT CGA CTC <K A E I L G L G S K Q P E A N P K N S S S E
 TAG TAA AGC AAG ACC AAT ATC TTG TTT TAA CAA AAC CTG TCG CTG ATT AAG TTG ATG CTC AAC CTT
<L L A L G I D Q K L L V Q R Q N L Q H E V K

8500 8520 8540
                                      8500
 GTG ATC CGC AAT AGC ATC GGA AAT ATC AAC ACA ATG GCT CAA GCT TTT AGG TGC ATT AAC TCC AAG <H D A I A D S I D V C H S L S K P A N V G L
                           8560
 AAA AGT TTC GCT CAG TGC AGA GAA GTC AAA CGC AAA AGA TTT TAG CGA TAA TGC CAG CCC AAG TCC {<}F T E S L A S F D F A F S K L S L A L G L G
                                                    8640
  TTT CGC TTT AAT GTA AGA CTC CTT GAG CGC CCA CAA ATC AAA AAA GCG GTC TCG CTG CAA GGC CTC <K A K 1 Y S E K L A W L D F F R D R Q L A E

8680 8700 8720 8740
  TGG TAA CGC TAA CAA GGC TCG CTT TTC TGA TTC AGA GAA ATA ATG ACT AAG AAT AGA GTG GAT ATT <P L A L L A R K E S E S F Y H S L I S H I N
                                                                    8780
                                B760
  GGT GCT GTT ACG GCA ACG CTC AAT GTC GAC GCC AAA CTC AAT ACT AGC AGA GTC AGT TTC CTC CTT <T S N R C R E I D V G F E I S A S D T E E K
                                                          8840
  GCT TGC CTG ACT GGC GCC TTT ATT ATC AGC AGT GCA AAT GCC TAC TAA TAG CCA ATC TCC ACT ATG CS A Q S A G K N D A T C I G V L L W D G S H
                                                8900
   ACT CAC ATT AAA GTG GAC CCC GGT TTG AGC AAA TTG CGC ATC ACT CAA TCT AGG CTT ACC TTT GTC
<S V N F H V G T Q A F Q A D S L R P K G K D

940 8960 8980 9000
                                    8960
   GCC ATA TTC AAA GCG CCA TTC ATT GGG GCG TAT TTC ACT ATG TTG TGA CAA TAA AGC GCG CAA ATA <G Y E F R W E N P R I E S H Q S L L A R L Y
                                                                 •
                                                                                     9060 9080
                                                       9040
    GCC TCT TAC CAT TAAA CCTTGAGTTT TAGCTTCTTG TTTAATGTAG CGATTAACCT TAATTAACTC ATCTTCAGGC
                           9100 9120 9140
    AGCCATGACT TAACCAACTC TGTAGTCTGG TTATCGCACT CTTGTATTGT TAACGGACAG AAGTATAAGG AAATCAATCG
```

Fig. 4

					9180	•				9:	200					9220)				9	240	
	AGAA	GTTA	GC A	TTTA	• TTCAG	GA	CACT	- CTTT	AAA	GCAAG	CAA	ACAT	AACC	C T	ATTT	TTAC(· ·	TTTA	AGAT	CAA	AACT	AAA	•
					9260)			•	9:	280					9300)				9	320	
	GCCA	AAAC	TA A	TTGA	• Gaata	GT	GTCA	AACT	AGC	TTA	AAG (GAAA	AAAA	TA T	AAAA	Agaa	TA :	TATA	CTTG	TAT	TAAA	TAT	
					9340						360					938						400	
	TTTA	CACA	.CC #	LAAGC	• CATGA	, LTC	TTCA	* Caaa	ATT	AGCT	ccc ·	TCTC	CCTA	* AA AG	CAAĞ	ATTG	A AT	AAAA	• Taaa	AAA	CCTT	AAC	
					9420						440					946						480	
	ተዋዋር	TATA	AG A	AAAT	ACAAA	L CC	AATG	• GGAT	AAA	GTAT.	· TTA	GAAT	TCAT	· TT T	TAAG	GAAA.	• A AT	TCAA	* ATTG	AAT	TCAA	.GCT	
					9500						520					954						560	
	<u>ር</u> ምጥር	מרטמי	. A A .	ነርር አ ጥ	TTTTA		CGTT	AGTG	TGA		•	CAAA	TTTA.	AA A	ACCA	ACAT.	• A GA	ACAA	ATAA	GCA	GAÇA		
					9580						600					962		•				640	
	2 2 2 C	יר א אר	•		ACAN	•	NCGC	יברידים •	202		•	- 4 4 4	244	* CA A	CAAG		• 1	TTTA	• GTAT	TTC	GATA	TGG	
	AAA	CANC		3CAAC	9660						680							00					
	<u>ጥጥ አ</u> የ	·mcm;		רכ א כי א	ATTT	•	מיתמי	ቀ ልጥጥ ል	TAT		•	ATC.	ተጋል	אייני י	ውው ቀ	ል ጥኮ	-	•	AAA	CTT	TCG	CGC	
	IIAI	1617	LA1	LGAGA	AIII	ı Aı	AACA	WIIV	IAI	IAAG	GGA	M	S	м	F	L	N	s	К	L	s	R>	0147
•		972	0					9	740						97	60							
					GCC 1												CCT P		TTT F	GCA	GAA	GAA E>	•
		V	ĸ	L	A			A	G		Υ.	Α.			^		•	•	•	984			
978	•			•		-	800				•			20	maa		• •	com	222		• .	CT N	
	ACT	GCT A	GCT A	GAA Ē	GAA (Q	I	GAA E	AGA R	V	A	V	T	G	S	R	I	A	K	A	E	L>	٠
				9	B60				_		98	80		-				990	00				•
			CCA	GCT	CCA	GTC	GTC	AGC	CTT	TCA	GCC	GAA	GAA	CTG	ACA	AAA	TTT	GGT	AAT	CAA	GAT	TTA	
	T	Q		A	P	V	V	S			А	E	Е	L	т			G	N	U	D	- ما	•
			9920				•		-	40			•			996	•			•			
	GGT G	AGC S	GTA V	CTA L	GCA A	GAA E	TTA L	CCT P	GCT A	TTA I	GCT G	GCA A	ACC T	AAC N	ACT	I	ATT 1	GGT	AAT N	AAC N	AAT N	AGC S>	•
9	980						100	000						1002	0.					1	0040		
	AAC	TCA	AGC	GCA	GGT	GTT	AGC	TCA	GCA	GAC	TTG	CGT	CGT	CTA	GGT	GCT	AAC	AGA	ACC	TTA	GTA	TTA	
	N	s	s	A	G	v	s	s	Α.	D	L	R	R	L	G	Α	N		т	L	V	L>	
			•		100	•						100	•			•			0100				
		AAC N			CGC R								TCA S			GTA V		TTG L	TCA S	ACT T	ATA I	CCA <9	
			10	120						1014	10					10	0160						
	* ACT	AGC	ATG	ATC	TCG	CGA	GTT	GAG	ATT	GTA	+ ACC	GGÇ	GGT	GCT	TCA	GCA	* ATT	TAT	GGT	TCG	GAC	GCT	
	T	s	M	1	s	R	v	E	I	v	T	G	G	A	S	A	I	Y	G	S	D	A>	
	10	180						102	00					10	0220						10	240	
					ATC I																CGT		
						102					-		0280							300:			
	AGC	GGT	TCI	, LACT	GAA		•	GGC	ACT	CAA	GAG		•		GAC	ATT	* TTG	GGT		•		GTT	
					E																	V>	
				103	20					ı	0340						10	360					
					GGT																		
	*				G	14	•				^	G	•			420		-	•			•-	
		101	•			•			0400				*			•			*		ר מאיי	ייטט ז	F
					TTC F																	G>	tig. 4
104	40			_		1	0460)					10	480				,		109	500		J
	-	r cc:	A GA	C AGA	CTA	CGI	GTA	V CCA	CGA	GTT	TAT	י ייכיו	GAA	. ATG	: ATT	TAA	GC3	r acc	GGT			C AAT	7/30

```
GCA TTT GGT GGT GGA ATT GGT CGC TCA ACC TTT GAC AGT AAC GGC AAT CCT ATT GCA CAA CAA GAA A F G G G I G R S T F D S N G N P I A Q Q E>
   CGT GAT GGG ACT AAC AGC TTT GCA TTT GGT TCA TTC CCT AAT GGC TGT GAC ACA TGT TTC AAC ACT R D G T N S F A F G S F P N G C D T C F N T>
                                       10660
    GAA GCA TAC GAA AAC TAT ATT CCA GGG GTA GAA AGA ATA AAC GTT GGC TCA TCA TTC AAC TTT GAT E A Y E N Y I P G V E R I N V G S S F N F D>
                                                                 10740
    TTT ACC GAT AAC ATT CAA TTT TAC ACT GAC TTC AGA TAT GTA AAG TCA GAT ATT CAG CAA CAA TTT P T D N I Q F Y T D F R Y V K S D I Q Q Q F>
                                                       10800
    CAG CCT TCA TTC CGT TTT GGT AAC ATT AAT ATC AAT GTT GAA GAT AAC GCC TTT TTG AAT GAC GAC Q P S F R F G N I N I N V E D N A F L N D D>

10840 10860 10880 10900
    TTG CGT CAG CAA ATG CTC GAT GCG GGT CAA ACC AAT GCT AGT TTT GCC AAG TTT TTT GAT GAA TTA
L R Q Q M L D A G Q T N A S F A K F F D E L>
                                                                     10940
    GGA AAT CGC TCA GCA GAA AAT AAA CGC GAA CTT TTC CGT TAC GTA GGT GGC TTT AAA GGT GGC TTT G N R S A E N K R E L F R Y V G G F K G G F>
                                                          11000
     GAT ATT AGC GAA ACC ATA TTT GAT TAC GAC CTT TAC TAT GTT TAT GGC GAG ACT AAT AAC CGT CGT D I S E T I F D Y D L Y Y V Y G E T N N R R>
     AAA ACC CTT AAT GAC CTA ATT CCT GAT AAC TTT GTC GCA GCT GTC GAC TCT GTT ATT GAT CCT GAT K T L N D L I P D N F V A A V D S V I D P D>
11100
                                  11120
     ACT GGC TTA GCA GCG TGT CGC TCA CAA GTA GCA AGC GCT CAA GGC GAT GAC TAT ACA GAT CCC GCG T G L A A C R S Q V A S A Q G D D Y T D P A>
     TCT GTA AAT GGT AGC GAC TGT GTT GCT TAT AAC CCA TTT GGC ATG GGT CAA GCT TCA GCA GAA GCC S V N G S D C V A Y N P F G M G Q A S A E A>
     CGC GAC TGG GTT TCT GCT GAT GTG ACT CGT GAA GAC AAA ATA ACT CAA CAA GTG ATT GGT GGT ACT
R D W V S A D V T R E D K I T Q Q V I G G T>
                                                                              11340
      CTC GGT ACC GAT TCT GAA GAA CTA TTT GAG CTT CAA GGT GGT GCA ATC GCT ATG GTT GTT GGT TTT L G T D S E E L F E L Q G G A I A M V V G F>
                                                     11400
      GAN TAC CGT GAN GAN ACG TCT GGT TCN ACN ACC GAT GAN TTT ACT ANN GCN GGT TTC TTG ACN AGC E Y R E E T S G S T T D E F T K N G F L T S>
      GCT GCA ACG CCA GAT TCT TAT GGC GAA TAC GAC GTG ACT GAG TAT TTT GTT GAG GTG AAC ATC CCA
A A T P D S Y G E Y D V T E Y F V E V N I P>
                                               11520
       GTA CTA AAA GAA TTA CCT TTT GCA CAT GAG TTG AGC TTT GAC GGT GCA TAC CGT AAT GCT GAT TAC V L K E L P F A H E L S F D G A Y R N A D Y>
                                                                     11600 .
                                    11580
       TCA CAT GCC GGT AAG ACT GAA GCA TGG AAA GCT GGT ATG TTC TAC TCA CCA TTA GAG CAA CTT GCA S H A G K T E A W K A G M F Y S P L E Q L A>
       TTA CGT GGT ACG GTA GGT GAA GCA GTA CGA GCA CCA AAC ATT GCA GAA GCC TTT AGT CCA CGC TCT
```

Fig. 4 8/30

```
CCT GGT TTT GGC CGC GTT TCA GAT CCA TGT GAT GCA GAT AAC ATT AAT GAC GAT CCG GAT CGC GTG P G F G R V S D P C D A D N I N D D P D R V>
                                                               11800
TCA AAC TGT GCA GCA TTG GGG ATC CCT CCA GGA TTC CAA GCT AAT GAT AAC GTC AGT GTA GAT ACC S N C A A L G I P P G F Q A N D N V S V D T>
                                                     11860
TTA TCT GGT GGT AAC CCA GAT CTA AAA CCT GAA ACA TCA ACA TCC TTT ACA GGT GGT CTT GTT TGG L S G G N P D L K P E T S T S F T G G L V W>
ACA CCA ACG TTT GCT GAC AAT CTA TCA TTC ACT GTC GAT TAT TAT GAT ATT CAA ATT GAG GAT GCT T P T F A D N L S F T V D Y Y D I Q I E D A>
ATT TTG TCA GTA GCC ACC CAG ACT GTG GCT GAT AAC TGT GTT GAC TCA ACT GGC GGA CCT GAC ACC I L S V A T Q T V A D N C V D S T G G P D T>
                                                       12060
GAC TTC TGT AGT CAA GTT GAT CGT AAT CCA ACG ACC TAT GAT ATT GAA CTT GTT CGC TCT GGT TAT D F C S Q V D R N P T T Y D I E L V R S G Y>
CTA AAT GCC GCG GCA TTG AAT ACC AAA GGT ATT GAA TTT CAA GCT GCA TAC TCA TTA GAT CTA GAG L N A A A L N T K G I E F Q A A Y S L D L E>

12160 12200 12220
 TCT TTC AAC GCG CCT GGT GAA CTA CGC TTC AAC CTA TTG GGG AAC CAA TTA CTT GAA CTA GAA CGT
S F N A P G E L R F N L L G N Q L L E L E R>
                                                           12260
 CTT GAA TTC CAA AAT CGT CCT GAT GAG ATT AAT GAT GAA AAA GGC GAA GTA GGT GAT CCA GAG CTG L E F Q N R P D E I N D E K G E V G D P E L>
                                                  12320
 CAG TTC CGC CTA GGC ATC GAT TAC CGT CTA GAT GAT CTA AGT GTT AGC TGG AAC ACG CGT TAT ATT Q F R L G I D Y R L D D L S V S W N T R Y I>

12360 12380 12400
                                       12380
 GAT AGC GTA GTA ACT TAT GAT GTC TCT GAA AAT GGT GGC TCT CCT GAA GAT TTA TAT CCA GGC CAC D S V V T Y D V S E N G G S P E D L Y P G H>
                                                                 12460
 ATA GGC TCA ATG ACA ACT CAT GAC TTG AGC GCT ACA TAC TAC ATC AAT GAG AAC TTC ATG ATT AAC I G S M T T H D L S A T Y Y I N E N F M I N>
                                                      12520
  GGT GGT GTA CGT AAC CTA TTT GAC GCA CTT CCA CCT GGA TAC ACT AAC GAT GCG CTA TAT GAT CTA
G G V R N L F D A L P P G Y T N D A L Y D L>

12560 12580 12600 12620
  GTT GGT CGC CGT GCA TTC CTA GGT ATT AAG GTA ATG ATG TAATTAATTA TTACGCCTCT AACTAATAAA V G R R A F L G I K V M M>
                                   12660 12680 12700
  AATGCAATCT CTTCGTAGAG ATTGCATTIT TITATGAAAT CCAATCTTAA ACTGGTTCTC CGAGCATCTT ACGCCTTAAA
                                                 12740
  AACCCCGCCC CTCAATGTAA CGCCAAAGTT AATTGCTTAC ACGCACTTAC ACAAACGAAC AATTTCATTA ACACGAGACA
                                                                              12840
                                                 12820
   CAGCTCACGC TITTTATTTT ACCCTTGATT TTACTACATA AAATTGCGTT TTAGCGCACA AGTGTTCTCC CAAGCTGGTC
                                                   12900 12920
   GTATCTGTAA TTATTCAGTC CCAGGTGATT GTATTGACCC ATAAGCTCAG GTAGTCTGCT CTGCCATTAG CTAAACAATA
                                                                                 13000 13020
```

```
TTGACAAAAT GGCGATAAAA TGTGGCTTAG CGCTAAGTTC ACCGTAAGTT TTATCGGCAT TAAGTCCCAA CAGATTATTA
ACGGAAACCC GCTAAACTG ATG GCA AAA ATA AAT AGT GAA CAC TTG GAT GAA GCT ACT ATT ACT TCG AAT
M A K I N S E H L D E A T I T S N>
                                              13120
AAG TGT ACG CAA ACA GAG ACT GAG GCT CGG CAT AGA AAT GCC ACT ACA ACA CCT GAG ATG CGC CGA
K C T Q T E T E A R H R N A T T T P E M R R>
TTC ATA CAA GAG TCG GAT CTC AGT GTT AGC CAA CTG TCT AAA ATA TTA AAT ATC AGT GAA GCT ACC F I Q E S D L S V S Q L S K I L N I S E A T>
GTA CGT AAG TGG CGC AAG CGT GAC TCT GTC GAA AAC TGT CCT AAT ACC CCG CAC CAT CTC AAT ACC V R K W R K R D S V E N C P N T P H H L N T>
                                                  13320
ACG CTA ACC CCT TTG CAA GAA TAT GTG GTT GTG GGC CTG CGT TAT CAA TTG AAA ATG CCA TTA GAC
T L T P L Q E Y V V V G L R Y Q L K M P L D>
                                       13380
                                                                            13400
AGA TTG CTC AAA GCA ACC CAA GAG TTT ATC AAT CCA AAC GTG TCG CGC TCA GGT TTA GCA AGA TGT R L L K A T Q E F I N P N V S R S G L A R C>
                                                                  13460
TTG AAG CGT TAT GGC GTT TCA CGG GTG AGT GAT ATC CAA AGC CCA CAC GTA CCA ATG CGC TAC TTT L K R Y G V S R V S D I Q S P H V P M R Y F>
 AAT CAA ATT CCA GTC ACT CAA GGC AGC GAT GTG CAA ACC TAC ACC CTG CAC TAT GAA ACG CTG GCA N Q I P V T Q G S D V Q T Y T L H Y E T L A>
                                            13580
 AAA ACC TTA GCC TTA CCT AGT ACC GAT GGT GAC AAT GTG GTG CAA GTG GTG TCT CTC ACC ATT CCA K T L A L P S T D G D N V V Q V V S L T I P>
                                                                    13660
                                13640
 CCA AAG TTA ACC GAA GAA GCA CCC AGT TCA ATT TTG CTC GGC ATT GAT CCT CAT AGC GAC TGG ATC P K L T E E A P S S I L L G I D P H S D W I>
 TAT CTC GAC ATA TAC CAA GAT GGC AAT ACA CAA GCC ACG AAT AGA TAT ATG GCT TAT GTG CTA AAA Y L D I Y Q D G N T Q A T N R Y M A Y V L K>
                                               13780
            13760
 CAC GGG CCA TTC CAT TTA CGA AAG TTA CTC GTG CGT AAC TAT CAC ACC TTT TTA CAG CGC TTT CCT H G P F H L R K L L V R N Y H T F L Q R F P>
 GGA GCG ACG CAA AAT CGC CGC CCC TCT AAA GAT ATG CCT GAA ACA ATC AAC AAG ACG CCT GAA ACA G A T Q N R R P S K D M P E T I N K T P E T>
 GCA CAA GAC TCA CAA GCT GAC TCT CGT TTA AAT AAA CGA CTA AAA GAT ATG CCA ATT GCT ATT GTT A Q D S Q A D S R L N K R L K D M P I A I V>
  GGC ATG GCG AGT ATT TIT GCA AAC TCT CGC TAT TTG AAT AAG TIT TGG GAC TTA ATC AGC GAA AAA G M A S I F A N S R Y L N K F W D L I S E K>
                                                                     14120
                                14100
   ATT GAT GCG ATT ACT GAA TTA CCA TCA ACT CAC TGG CAG CCT GAA GAA TAT TAC GAC GCA GAT AAA I D A I T E L P S T H W Q P E E Y Y D A D K>
```

```
14180
ACC GCA GCA GAC AAA AGC TAC TGT AAA CGT GGT GGC TTT TTG CCA GAT GTA GAC TTC AAC CCA ATG T A A D K S Y C K R G G F L P D V D F N P M>
                                                14240
GAG TTT GGC CTG CCG CCA AAC ATT TTG GAA CTG ACC GAT TCA TCG CAA CTA TTA TCA CTC ATC GTT E F G L P P N I L E L T D S S Q L L S L I V>
                                                                            14320
                                     14300
 GCT ARA GRA GTG TTG GCT GAT GCT RAC TTA CCT GAG ART TAC GAC CGC GAT ARA ATT GGT RTC ACC A K E V L A D A N L P E N Y D R D K I G I T>
 TTA GGT GTC GGC GGT GGT CAA AAA ATT AGC CAC AGC CTA ACA GCG CGT CTG CAA TAC CCA GTA TTG L G V G G G O K I S H S L T A R L Q Y P V L>
 ANG ANA GTA TTC GCC ANT AGC GGC ATT AGT GAC ACC GAC AGC GAN ATG CTT ATC ANG ANA TTC CAN K V F A N S G I S D T D S E M L I K K F Q>
  GAC CAA TAT GTA CAC TGG GAA GAA AAC TCG TTC CCA GGT TCA CTT GGT AAC GTT ATT GCG GGC CGT D Q Y V H W E E N S F P G S L G N V I A G R> ^{\circ}
  ATC GCC AAC CGC TTC GAT TTT GGC GGC ATG AAC TGT GTG GTT GAT GCT GCT GCT GGA TCA CTT

I A N R F D F G G M N C V V D A A C A G S L>
   GCT GCT ATG CGT ATG GCG CTA ACA GAG CTA ACT GAA GGT CGC TCT GAA ATG ATG ATC ACC GGT GGT A A M R M A L T E L T E G R S E M M I T G G>
                                               14700
   GTG TGT ACT GAT AAC TCA CCC TCT ATG TAT ATG AGC TTT TCA AAA ACG CCC GCC TTT ACC ACT AAC V C T D N S P S M Y M S F S K T P A F T T N>
                                                                           14780
   GAA ACC ATT CAG CCA TTT GAT ATC GAC TCA AAA GGC ATG ATG ATT GGT GAA GGT ATT GGC ATG GTG E T I Q P F D I D S K G M M I G E G I G M V>
                                                                 14840
 GCG CTA AAG CGT CTT GAA GAT GCA GAG CGC GAT GGC GAC CGC ATT TAC TCT GTA ATT AAA GGT GTG A L K R L E D A E R D G D R I Y S V I K G V>
                                                     14900
    GGT GCA TCA TCT GAC GGT AAG TTT AAA TCA ATC TAT GCC CCT CGC CCA TCA GGC CAA GCT AAA GCA G A S S D G K F K S I Y A P R P S G Q \lambda K A>
                                                                                 14980
                                          14960
     CTT AAC CGT GCC TAT GAT GAC GCA GGT TTT GCG CCG CAT ACC TTA GGT CTA ATT GAA GCT CAC GGA L N R A Y D D A G F A P H T L G L I E A H G>
     ACA GGT ACT GCA GCA GGT GAC GCG GCA GAG TTT GCC GGC CTT TGC TCA GTA TTT GCT GAA GGC AAC
T G T A A G D A A E F A G L C S V F A E G N>
15080 15100 15120
                                                           15100
      GAT ACC AAG CAA CAC ATT GCG CTA GGT TCA GTT AAA TCA CAA ATT GGT CAT ACT AAA TCA ACT GCA
D T K Q H I A L G S V K S Q I G H T K S T A>
                                                                                      15180
                                                15160
      GGT ACA GCA GGT TTA ATT AAA GCT GCT CTT GCT TTG CAT CAC AAG GTA CTG CCG CCG ACC ATT AAC G T A G L I K A A L A L H H K V L P P T I N>
                                                                          15240
       GTT AGT CAG CCA AGC CCT AAA CTT GAT ATC GAA AAC TCA CCG TTT TAT CTA AAC ACT GAG ACT CGT
V S Q P S P K L D I E N S P F Y L N T E T R>
                                                              15300
       CCA TGG TTA CCA CGT GTT GAT GGT ACG CCG CGC CGC GCG GGT ATT AGC TCA TTT GGT TTT GGT GGC P W L P R V D G T P R R A G I S S F G F G G>
```

Fig.4 11/30

WO 98/55625 16 / 106 15360 15380 ACT AAC TTC CAT TTT GTA CTA GAA GAG TAC AAC CAA GAA CAC AGC CGT ACT GAT AGC GAA AAA GCT T N F H F V L E E Y N Q E H S R T D S E K A> 15440 15400 15420 AAG TAT COT CAA COC CAA GTG GCG CAA AGC TTC CTT GTT AGC GCA AGC GAT AAA GCA TCG CTA ATT K Y R Q R Q V A Q S F L V S A S D K A S L I> 15500 AAC GAG TTA AAC GTA CTA GCA GCA TCT GCA AGC CAA GCT GAG TTT ATC CTC AAA GAT GCA GCA GCA N E L N V L A A S A S Q A E F I L K D A A A> AAC TAT GGC GTA CGT GAG CTT GAT AAA AAT GCA CCA CGG ATC GGT TTA GTT GCA AAC ACA GCT GAA N Y G V R E L D K N A P R I G L V A N T A E> 15600 15620 GAG TTA GCA GGC CTA ATT AAG CAA GCA CTT GCC AAA CTA GCA GCT AGC GAT GAT AAC GCA TGG CAG G L I R Q A L A K L A A S D D N A 15700 15720 15680 CTA CCT GGT GGC ACT AGC TAC CGC GCC GCT GCA GTA GAA GGT AAA GTT GCC GCA CTG TTT GGT GGC L P G G T S Y R A A A V E G K V A A L F A G> 15780 15760 CAA GGT TCA CAA TAT CTC AAT ATG GGC CGT GAC CTT ACT TGT TAT TAC CCA GAG ATG CGT CAG CAA Q G S Q Y L N M G R D L T C Y Y P E M R Q Q> TTT GTA ACT GCA GAT AAA GTA TTT GCC GCA AAT GAT AAA ACG CCG TTA TCG CAA ACT CTG TAT CCA F V. T A D K V F A A N D K T P L S Q T L Y P> 15900 AAG CCT GTA TTT AAT AAA GAT GAA TTA AAG GCT CAA GAA GCC ATT TTG ACC AAT ACC GCC AAT GCC K P V F N K D E L K A Q E A I L T N T A N A> 15960 15940 CAA AGC GCA ATT GGT GCG ATT TCA ATG GGT CAA TAC GAT TTG TTT ACT GCG GCT GGC TTT AAT GCC Q S A I G A I S M G Q Y D L F T A A G F N A> 16020 GAC ATG GTT GCA GGC CAT AGC TTT GGT GAG CTA AGT GCA CTG TGT GCT GCA GGT GTT ATT TCA GCT D M V A G H S F G E L S A L C A A G V I S A> 16080 16100 GAT GAC TAC TAC AAG CTG GCT TTT GCT CGT GGT GAG GCT ATG GCA ACA AAA GCA CCG GCT AAA GAC D D Y Y K L A F A R G E A M A T K A P A K D> GGC GTT GAA GCA GGA GGA GGA ATG TTT GCA ATC ATA ACC AAG AGT GCT GCA GAC CTT GAA ACC G V E A D A G A M F A I I T K S A A D L E T> 16220 GTT GAA GCC ACC ATC GCT AAA TTT GAT GGG GTG AAA GTC GCT AAC TAT AAC GCG CCA ACG CAA TCA V E A T I A K F D G V K V A N Y N A P T Q S> 16260 16300 GTA ATT GCA GGC CCA ACA GCA ACT ACC GCT GAT GCG GCT AAA GCG CTA ACT GAG CTT GGT TAC AAA V I A G P T A T T A D A A K A L T E L G Y K> 16340 16360 16380 GCG ATT AAC CTG CCA GTA TCA GGT GCA TTC CAC ACT GAA CTT GTT GGT CAC GCT CAA GCG CCA TTT A I N L P V S G A F H T E L V G H A Q A P F>

16420

GCT AAA GCG ATT GAC GCA GCC AAA TTT ACT AAA ACA AGC CGA GCA CTT TAC TCA AAT GCA ACT GGC A K A I D A A K F T K T S R A L Y S N A T G>

GGA CTT TAT GAA AGC ACT GCT GCA AAG ATT AAA GCC TCG TTT AAG AAA CAT ATG CTT CAA TCA GTG

```
CGC TTT ACT AGC CAG CTA GAA GCC ATG TAC AAC GAC GGC GCC CGT GTA TTT GTT GAA TTT GGT CCA R F T S Q L E A M Y N D G A R V F V E F G P>
                                                    16620
AAG AAC ATC TTA CAA AAA TTA GTT CAA GGC ACG CTT GTC AAC ACT GAA AAT GAA GTT TGC ACT ATC K N I L Q K L V Q G T L V N T E N E V C T I>
                                         16680
TCT ATC AAC CCT AAT CCT AAA GTT GAT AGT GAT CTG CAG CTT AAG CAA GCA GCA ATG CAG CTA GCG S I N P N P K V D S D L Q L K Q A A M Q L A>
                             16740
GTT ACT GGT GTG GTA CTC AGT GAA ATT GAC CCA TAC CAA GCC GAT ATT GCC GCA CCA GCG AAA AAG V T G V V L S E I D P Y Q A D I A A P A K K>
TCG CCA ATG AGC ATT TCG CTT AAT GCT GCT AAC CAT ATC AGC AAA GCA ACT CGC GCT AAG ATG GCC S P M S I S L N A A N H I S K A T R A K M A>
                                              16880
AAG TCT TTA GAG ACA GGT ATC GTC ACC TCG CAA ATA GAA CAT GTT ATT GAA GAA AAA ATC GTT GAA K S L E T G I V T S Q I E H V I E E K I V E>
                                   16940
 GTT GAA GCT CCT GTT AAT TCA GTG CAA GCC AAT GCA ATT CAA ACC CGT TCA GTT GTC GCT CCA GTA V E A P V N S V Q A N A I Q T R S V V A P V>

17060 17080 17100
 ATA GAG AAC CAA GTC GTG TCT AAA AAC AGT AAG CCA GCA GTC CAG AGC ATT AGT GGT GAT GCA CTC I E N Q V V S K N S K P A V Q S I S G D A L>
                                       17140
                                                                           17160
 AGC AAC TTT TTT GCT GCA CAG CAG CAA ACC GCA CAG TTG CAT CAG CAG TTC TTA GCT ATT CCG CAG S N F F A A Q Q Q T A Q L H Q Q F L A I P Q>
                                                                17220
 CAA TAT GGT GAG ACG TTC ACT ACG CTG ATG ACC GAG CAA GCT AAA CTG GCA AGT TCT GGT GTT GCA Q Y G E T F T T L M T E Q A K L A S S G V A>
 ATT CCA GAG AGT CTG CAA CGC TCA ATG GAG CAA TTC CAC CAA CTA CAA GCG CAA ACA CTA CAA AGC
I P E S L Q R S M E Q F H Q L Q A Q T L Q S>
  CAC ACC CAG TTC CTT GAG ATG CAA GCG GGT AGC AAC ATT GCA GCG TTA AAC CTA CTC AAT AGC AGC H T Q F L E M Q A G S N I A A L N L L N S S>
                                                                      17420
  CAA GCA ACT TAC GCT CCA GCC ATT CAC AAT GAA GCG ATT CAA AGC CAA GTG GTT CAA AGC CAA ACT Q A T Y A P A I H N E A I Q S Q V V Q S Q T>
                                                           17480
  GCA GTC CAG CCA GTA ATT TCA ACA CAA GTT AAC CAT GTG TCA GAG CAG CCA ACT CAA GCT CCA GCT A V Q P V I S T Q V N H V S E Q P T Q A P A>
                                                                                      17560
  CCA AAA GCG CAG CCA GCA CCT GTG ACA ACT GCA GTT CAA ACT GCT CCG GCA CAA GTT GTT CGT CAA P K A Q P A P V T T A V Q T A P A Q V V R Q>
                                                                           17620
17580
                                     17600
   GCC GCA CCA GTT CAA GCC GCT ATT GAA CCG ATT AAT ACA AGT GTT GCG ACT ACA ACG CCT TCA GCC A A P V Q A A I E P I N T S V A T T T P S A>

17660 17680 17700
```

Fig. 4

```
TTC AGC GCC GAA ACA GCC CTG AGC GCA ACA AAA GTC CAA GCC ACT ATG CTT GAA GTG GTT GCT GAG
F S A E T A L S A T K V Q A T M L E V V A E>
                                                                                     17760
                                                 17740
AAA ACC GGT TAC CCA ACT GAA ATG CTA GAG CTT GAA ATG GAT ATG GAA GCC GAT TTA GGC ATC GAT
 K T G Y P T E M L E L E M D M E A D L G I D>
                                      17800
                                                                          17820
TCT ATC AAG CGT GTA GAA ATT CTT GGC ACA GTA CAA GAT GAG CTA CCG GGT CTA CCT GAG CTT AGC S I K R V E I L G T V Q D E L P G L P E L S>
                                                               17880
CCT GAA GAT CTA GCT GAG TGT CGA ACG CTA GGC GAA ATC GTT GAC TAT ATG GGC AGT AAA CTG CCG
P E D L A E C R T L G E I V D Y M G S K L P>
GCT GAA GGC TCT ATG AAT TCT CAG CTG TCT ACA GGT TCC GCA GCT GCG ACT CCT GCA GCG AAT GGT A E G S M N S Q L S T G S A A A T P A A N G>
CTT TCT GCG GAG AAA GTT CAA GCG ACT ATG ATG TCT GTG GTT GCC GAA AAG ACT GGC TAC CCA ACT L S A E K V Q A T M M S V V A E K T G Y P T>
                                                                    18080
                              18060
GAA ATG CTA GAG CTT GAA ATG GAT ATG GAA GCC GAT TTA GGC ATA GAT TCT ATC AAG CGC GTT GAA E M L E L E M D M E A D L G I D S I K R V E>
                                                         18140
ATT CTT GGC ACA GTA CAA GAT GAG CTA CCG GGT CTA CCT GAG CTT AGC CCT GAA GAT CTA GCT GAG
I L G T V Q D E L P G L P E L S P E D L A E>
                                               18200
TGT CGT ACT CTA GGC GAA ATC GTT GAC TAT ATG AAC TCT AAA CTC GCT GAC GGC TCT AAG CTG CCG C R T L G E I V D Y M N S K L A D G S K L P>
                                    18260
GCT GAA GGC TCT ATG AAT TCT CAG CTG TCT ACA AGT GCC GCA GCT GCG ACT CCT GCA GCG AAT GGT A E G S M N S Q L S T S A A A A T P A A N G>
                                                              18340
 CTC TCT GCG GAG AAA GTT CAA GCG ACT ATG ATG TCT GTG GTT GCC GAA AAG ACT GGC TAC CCA ACT L S A E K V Q A T M M S V V A E K T G Y P T>
                                                   18400
 GAN ATG CTA GAA CTT GAA ATG GAT ATG GAA GCT GAC CTT GGC ATC GAT TCA ATC AAG CGC GTT GAA
E M L E L E M D M E A D L G I D S I K R V E>
                                        18460
                                                                            18480
 ATT CTT GGC ACA GTA CAA GAT GAG CTA CCG GGT TTA CCT GAG CTA AAT CCA GAA GAT TTG GCA GAG I L G T V Q D E L P G L P E L N P E D L A E>
                                                                 18540
  TGT CGT ACT CTT GGC GAA ATC GTG ACT TAT ATG AAC TCT AAA CTC GCT GAC GGC TCT AAG CTG CCA
C R T L G E I V T Y M N S K L A D G S K L P>
                                                       18600
  GCT GAA GGC TCT ATG CAC TAT CAG CTG TCT ACA AGT ACC GCT GCT GCG ACT CCT GTA GCG AAT GGT A E G S M H Y Q L S T S T A A A T P V A N G>
                                           18660
  CTC TCT GCA GAA AAA GTT CAA GCG ACC ATG ATG TCT GTA GTT GCA GAT AAA ACT GGC TAC CCA ACT
L S A E K V Q A T M M S V V A D K T G Y P T>
                                                                      18740
  GAA ATG CTT GAA CTT GAA ATG GAT ATG GAA GCC GAT TTA EGT ATC GAT TCT ATC AAG CGC GTT GAA E M L E L E M D M E A D L G I D S I K R V E>
                                                           18800
  ATT CTT GGC ACA GTA CAA GAT GAG CTA CCG GGT TTA CCT GAG CTA AAT CCA GAA GAT CTA GCA GAG I L G T V Q D E L P G L P E L N P E D L A E>
```

-ig. 4 14/*30 19/106

MISSING AT THE TIME OF PUBLICATION

```
20060
                                    20040
20020
     GTT AGC AAT GCG TTC TTG TGG GCC AAA TTA TTG CAA CCA AAG CTC GTT GCT GGA GCA GAT GCG CGT V S N A F L W A K L L Q P K L V A G A D A R>
     CGC TGT TTT GTA ACA GTA AGC CGT ATC GAC GGT GGC TTT GGT TAC CTA AAT ACT GAC GCC CTA AAA R C F V T V S R I D G G F G Y L N T D A L K>
                                                      20180
     GAT GCT GAG CTA AAC CAA GCA GCA TTA GCT GGT TTA ACT AAA ACC TTA AGC CAT GAA TGG CCA CAA
D A E L N Q A A L A G L T K T L S H E W P Q>
      GTG TTC TGT CGC GCG CTA GAT ATT GCA ACA GAT GTT GAT GCA ACC CAT CTT GCT GAT GCA ATC ACC V F C R A L D I A T D V D A T H L A D A I T>
                                                                      20320
      AGT GAA CTA TTT GAT AGC CAA GCT CAG CTA CCT GAA GTG GGC TTA AGC TTA ATT GAT GGC AAA GTT S E L F D S Q A Q L P E V G L S L I D G K V>
                                                                                               20400
                                                          20380
      AAC CGC GTA ACT CTA GTT GCT GCT GAA GCT GCA GAT AAA ACA GCA AAA GCA GAG CTT AAC AGC ACA N R V T L V A A E A A D K T A K A E L N S T>
      GAT AAA ATC TTA GTG ACT GGT GGG GCA AAA GGG GTG ACA TTT GAA TGT GCA CTG GCA TTA GCA TCT D K I L V T G G A K G V T F E C A L A L A S>
      CGC AGC CAG TCT CAC TTT ATC TTA GCT GGG CGC AGT GAA TTA CAA GCT TTA CCA AGC TGG GCT GAG R S Q S H F I L A G R S E L Q A L P S W A E>
                                                           20580
      GGT AAG CAA ACT AGC GAG CTA AAA TCA GCT GCA ATC GCA CAT ATT ATT TCT ACT GGT CAA AAG CCA
G K Q T S E L K S A A I A H I I S T G Q K P>
                                                 20640
      ACG CCT AAG CAA GTT GAA GCC GCT GTG TGG CCA GTG CAA AGC AGC ATT GAA ATT AAT GCC GCC CTA
T P K Q V E A A V W P V Q S S I E I N A A L>
                                                                              20720
      GCC GCC TTT AAC AAA GTT GGC GCC TCA GCT GAA TAC GTC AGC ATG GAT GTT ACC GAT AGC GCC GCA
A A F N K V G A S A E Y V S M D V T D S A A>
                           20760
                                                                   20780
       ATC ACA GCA GCA CTT AAT GGT CGC TCA AAT GAG ATC ACC GGT CTT ATT CAT GGC GCA GGT GTA CTA I T A A L N G R S N E I T G L I H G A G V L>
       GCC GAC AAG CAT ATT CAA GAC AAG ACT CTT GCT GAA CTT GCT AAA GTT TAT GGC ACT AAA GTC AAC A D K H I Q D K T L A E L A K V Y G T K V N>
       GGC CTA AAA GCG CTG CTC GCG GCA CTT GAG CCA AGC AAA ATT AAA TTA CTT GCT ATG TTC TCA TCT G L K A L L A A L E P S K I K L L A M F S S>
                                20960
                                                                        20980
        GCA GCA GGT TTT TAC GGT AAT ATC GGC CAA AGC GAT TAC GCG ATG TCG AAC GAT ATT CTT AAC AAG A A G F Y G N I G Q S D Y A M S N D I L N K>
                     21020
                                                            21040
        GCA GCG CTG CAG TTC ACC GCT CGC AAC CCA CAA GCT AAA GTC ATG AGC TTT AAC TGG GGT CCT TGG
A A L Q F T A R N P Q A K V M S F N W G P W>
                                                                                    . 21120
                                                 21100
        GAT GGC GGC ATG GTT AAC CCA GCG CTT AAA AAG ATG TTT ACC GAG CGT GGT GTG TAC GTT ATT CCA
D G G M V N P A L K K M F T E R G V Y V I P>
                                                                           21180
        CTA AAA GCA GGT GCA GAG CTA TTT GCC ACT CAG CTA TTG GCT GAA ACT GGC GTG CAG TTG CTC ATT L K A G A E L F A T Q L L A E T G V Q L L I>
```

Fig. 4 16/30

```
21240
   GGT ACG TCA ATG CAA GGT GGC AGC GAC ACT AAA GCA ACT GAG ACT GCT TCT GTA AAA AAG CTT AAT G T S M Q G G S D T K A T E T A S V K L N>
   GCG GGT GAG GTG CTA AGT GCA TCG CAT CCG CGT GCT GCA CAA AAA ACA CCA CTA CAA GCT GTC A G E V L S A S H P R A G A Q K T P L Q A V>
                                                                       21380
   ACT GCA ACG CGT CTG TTA ACC CCA AGT GCC ATG GTC TTC ATT GAA GAT CAC CGC ATT GGC GGT AAC T A T R L L T P S A M V F I E D H R I G G N>
                                                            21440
   AGT GTG TTG CCA ACG GTA TGC GCC ATC GAC TGG ATG CGT GAA GCG GCA AGC GAC ATG CTT GGC GCT S V L P T V C A I D W M R E A A S D M L G A>
                                                 21500
   CAA GTT AAG GTA CTT GAT TAC AAG CTA TTA AAA GGC ATT GTA TTT GAG ACT GAT GAG CCG CAA GAG Q V K V L D Y K L L K G I V F E T D E P Q E>
                                                                            21580
                                      21560
 21540
   TTA ACA CTT GAG CTA ACG CCA GAC GAT TCA GAC GAA GCT ACG CTA CAA GCA TTA ATC AGC TGT AAT L T L E L T P D D S D E A T L Q A L I S C N>
                                                                21640
    GGG CGT CCG CAA TAC AAG GCG ACG CTT ATC AGT GAT AAT GCC GAT ATT AAG CAA CTT AAC AAG CAG G R P Q Y K A T L I S D N A D I K Q L N K Q>
    TTT GAT TTA AGC GCT AAG GCG ATT ACC ACA GCA AAA GAG CTT TAT AGC AAC GGC ACC TTG TTC CAC F D L S A K A I T T A K E L Y S N G T L F H>
                                                           21780
    GGT CCG CGT CTA CAA GGG ATC CAA TCT GTA GTG CAG TTC GAT GAT CAA GGC TTA ATT GCT AAA GTC G P R L Q G I Q S V V Q F D D Q G L I A K V>
                                                       21840
                                21820
    GCT CTG CCT AAG GTT GAA CTT AGC GAT TGT GGT GAG TTC TTG CCG CAA ACC CAC ATG GGT GGC AGT A L P K V E L S D C G E F L P Q T H M G G S>
                                                         21900
    CAA CCT TTT GCT GAG GAC TTG CTA TTA CAA GCT ATG CTG GTT TGG GCT CGC CTT AAA ACT GGC TCG Q P F A E D L L L Q A M L V W A R L K T G S>
                                               21960
     GCA AGT TTG CCA TCA AGC ATT GGT GAG TTT ACC TCA TAC CAA CCA ATG GCC TTT GGT GAA ACT GGT
A S L P S S I G E F T S Y Q P M A F G E T G>
22000
                                    22020
     ACC ATA GAG CTT GAA GTG ATT AAG CAC AAC AAA CGC TCA CTT GAA GCG AAT GTT GCG CTA TAT CGT T I E L E V I K H N K R S L E A N V A L Y R>
     GAC AAC GGC GAG TTA AGT GCC ATG TTT AAG TCA GCT AAA ATC ACC ATT AGC AAA AGC TTA AAT TCA
D N G E L S A M F K S A K I T I S K S L N S>
                                                                                      22180
                                                    22160
      GCA TTT TTA CCT GCT GTC TTA GCA AAC GAC AGT GAG GCG AAT TAGTGGA ACAAACGCCT AAAGCTAGTG
A F L P A V L A N D S E A N>
                                                                         22240
                                   22220
      CG ATG CCG CTG CGC ATC GCA CTT ATC TTA CTG CCA ACA CCG CAG TTT GAA GTT AAC TCT GTC GAC
M P L R I A L I L L P T P Q F E V N S V D>
                         22280
      CAG TCA GTA TTA GCC AGC TAT CAA ACA CTG CAG CCT GAG CTA AAT GCC CTG CTT AAT AGT GCG CCG Q S V L A S Y Q T L Q P E L N A L L N S A P>
                                                     22360
      ACA CCT GAA ATG CTC AGC ATC ACT ATC TCA GAT GAT AGC GAT GCA AAC AGC TTT GAG TCG CAG CTA
```

```
L S I T I S D D S D A N S F E
22400
  AAT GCT GCG ACC AAC GCA ATT AAC AAT GGC TAT ATC GTC AAG CTT GCT ACG GCA ACT CAC GCT TTG
N A A T N A I N N G Y I V K L A T A T H A L>
                                                           22500 +
  TTA ATG CTG CCT GCA TTA AAA GCG GCG CAA ATG CGG ATC CAT CCT CAT GCG CAG CTT GCC GCT ATG L M L P A L K A A Q M R I H P H A Q L A A M>
                                                 22560
  CAG CAA GCT AAA TCG ACG CCA ATG AGT CAA GTA TCT GGT GAG CTA AAG CTT GGC GCT AAT GCG CTA
Q Q A K S T P M S Q V S G E L K L G A N A L>
  AGC CTA GCT CAG ACT AAT GCG CTG TCT CAT GCT TTA AGC CAA GCC AAG CGT AAC TTA ACT GAT GTC S L A Q T N A L S H A L S Q A K R N L T D V>
                                                               22700
 AGC GTG AAT GAG TGT TTT GAG AAC CTC AAA AGT GAA CAG CAG TTC ACA GAG GTT TAT TCG CTT ATT S V N E C F E N L K S E Q Q F T E V Y S L I>
                                                    22760
  CAG CAA CTT GCT AGC CGC ACC CAT GTG AGA AAA GAG GTT AAT CAA GGT GTG GAA CTT GGC CCT AAA Q Q L A S R T H V R K E V N Q G V E L G P K>
  CAA GCC AAA AGC CAC TAT TGG TTT AGC GAA TTT CAC CAA AAC CGT GTT GCT GCC ATC AAC TTT ATT Q A K S H Y W F S E F H Q N R V A A I N F I>
                               22880
                                                                    22900
  AAT GGC CAA CAA GCA ACC AGC TAT GTG CTT ACT CAA GGT TCA GGA TTG TTA GCT GCG AAA TCA ATG N G Q Q A T S Y V L T Q G S G L L A A K S M>
  CTA AAC CAG CAA AGA TTA ATG TTT ATC TTG CCG GGT AAC AGT CAG CAA CAA ATA ACC GCA TCA ATA L N Q Q R L M F I L P G N S Q Q Q I T A S I>
   ACT CAG TTA ATG CAG CAA TTA GAG CGT TTG CAG GTA ACT GAG GTT AAT GAG CTT TCT CTA GAA TGC
T Q L M Q Q L E R L Q V T E V N E L S L E C>
                                                                                                           23120
                                    23080
                                                                        23100
23060
   CAA CTA GAG CTG CTC AGC ATA ATG TAT GAC AAC TTA GTC AAC GCA GAC AAA CTC ACT ACT CGC GAT Q L E L L S I M Y D N L V N A D K L T T R D>
                                              23160
   AGT AAG CCC GCT TAT CAG GCT GTG ATT CAA GCA AGC TCT GTT AGC GCT GCA AAG CAA GAG TTA AGC S K P A Y Q A V I Q A S S V S A A K Q E L S>
                                                   23220
   GCG CTT AAC GAT GCA CTC ACA GCG CTG TTT GCT GAG CAA ACA AAC GCC ACA TCA ACG AAT AAA GGC A L N D A L T A L F A E Q T N A T S T N K G>
                                        23280
   TTA ATC CAA TAC AAA ACA CCG GCG GGC AGT TAC TTA ACC CTA ACA CCG CTT GGC AGC AAC AAT GAC L I Q Y K T P A G S Y L T L T P L G S N N D>
   AAC GCC CAA GCG GGT CTT GCT TTT GTC TAT CCG GGT GTG GGA ACG GTT TAC GCC GAT ATG CTT AAT .

N A Q A G L A F V Y P G V G T V Y A D M L N>
                                                     23420
   23500
                                            23480
    CTA CAA GCA GAA GAT ATC TAT CAT CTT GAC CCT AAA CAT GCT GCC CAA ATG AGC TTA GGT GAC TTA
L Q A E D I Y H L D P K H A A Q M S L G D L>
                                                                     23560
                                                                                                         23580
                                23540
```

Fig.4 18/30

```
GCC ATT GCT GGC GTG GGG AGC AGC TAC CTG TTA ACT CAG CTG CTC ACC GAT GAG TTT AAT ATT AAG A I A G V G S S Y L L T Q L L T D E F N I K>
                                                          23620
CCT AAT TTT GCA TTA GGT TAC TCA ATG GGT GAA GCA TCA ATG TGG GCA AGC TTA GGC GTA TGG CAA P N F A L G Y S M G E A S M W A S L G V W Q>
                                             236B0
AAC CCG CAT GCG CTG ATC AGC AAA ACC CAA ACC GAC CCG CTA TTT ACT TCT GCT ATT TCC GGC AAA N P H A L I S K T Q T D P L F T S A I S G K>
TTG ACC GCG GTT AGA CAA GCT TGG CAG CTT GAT GAT ACC GCA GCG GAA ATC CAG TGG AAT AGC TTT L T A V R Q A W Q L D D T A A E I Q W N S F>
GTG GTT AGA AGT GAA GCA GCG CCG ATT GAA GCC TTG CTA AAA GAT TAC CCA CAC GCT TAC CTC GCG V V R S E A A P I E A L L K D Y P H A Y L A>
                                                   23880
ATT ATT CAA GGG GAT ACC TGC GTA ATC GCT GGC TGT GAA ATC CAA TGT AAA GCG CTA CTT GCA GCA I I Q G D T C V I A G C E I Q C K A L L A A>
                                                                             23960
                                        23940
CTG GGT AAA CGC GGT ATT GCA GCT AAT CGT GTA ACG GCG ATG CAT ACG CAG CCT GCG ATG CAA GAG
L G K R G I A A N R V T A M H T Q P A M Q E>
                                                                 24020
CAT CAA AAT GTG ATG GAT TTT TAT CTG CAA CCG TTA AAA GCA GAG CTT CCT AGT GAA ATA AGC TTT H Q N V M D F Y L Q P L K A E L P S E I S F>
                                                       24080
                  24060
ATC AGC GCC GCT GAT TTA ACT GCC AAG CAA ACG GTG AGT GAG CAA GCA CTT AGC AGC CAA GTC GTT I S A A D L T A K Q T V S E Q A L S S Q V V>
 GCT CAG TCT ATT GCC GAC ACC TTC TGC CAA ACC TTG GAC TTT ACC GCG CTA GTA CAT CAC GCC CAA A Q S I A D T F C Q T L D F T A L V H H A Q>
 CAT CAA GGC GCT AAG CTG TTT GTT GAA ATT GGC GCG GAT AGA CAA AAC TGC ACC TTG ATA GAC AAG H Q G A K L F V E I G A D R Q N C T L I D K>
                                                                                                   24300
                                                           24280
 ATT GTT AAA CAA GAT GGT GCC AGC AGT GTA CAA CAT CAA CCT TGT TGC ACA GTG CCT ATG AAC GCA I V K Q D G A S S V Q H Q P C C T V P M N A>
 AAA GGT AGC CAA GAT ATT ACC AGC GTG ATT AAA GCG CTT GGC CAA TTA ATT AGC CAT CAG GTG CCA K G S Q D I T S V I K A L G Q L I S H Q V P>
                                     24400
  TTA TCG GTG CAA CCA TTT ATT GAT GGA CTC AAG CGC GAG CTA ACA CTT TGC CAA TTG ACC AGC CAA L S V Q P F I D G L K R E L T L C Q L T S Q>
                                                              24480
  CAG CTG GCA GCA CAT GCA AAT GTT GAC AGC AAG TTT GAG TCT AAC CAA GAC CAT TTA CTT CAA GGG Q L A A H A N V D S K F E S N Q D H L L Q G>
                         24540
  GAA GTC TA ATG TCA TTA CCA GAC AAT GCT TCT AAC CAC CTT TCT GCC AAC CAG AAA GGC GCA TCT
    24580
                                            24600
  CAG GCA AGT AAA ACC AGT AAG CAA AGC AAA ATC GCC ATT GTC GGT TTA GCC ACT CTG TAT CCA GAC Q A S K T S K Q S K I A I V G L A T L Y P D>
   GCT AAA ACC CCG CAA GAA TTT TGG CAG AAT TTG CTG GAT AAA CGC GAC TCT CGC AGC ACC TTA ACT A K T P Q E F W Q N L L D K R D S R S T L T>
```

```
24740
AAC GAA AAA CTC GGC GCT AAC AGC CAA GAT TAT CAA GGT GTG CAA GGC CAA TCT GAC CGT TTT TAT N E K L G A N S Q D Y Q G V Q G Q S D R F Y>
                                               24800
TGT AAT AAA GGC GGC TAC ATT GAG AAC TTC AGC TTT AAT+GCT GCA GGC TAC AAA TTG CCG GAG CAA C N K G G Y I E N F S F N A A G Y K L P E Q>
AGC TTA AAT GGC TTG GAC GAC AGC TTC CTT TGG GCG CTC GAT ACT AGC CGT AAC GCA CTA ATT GAT S L N G L D D S F L W A L D T S R N A L I D>
GCT GGT ATT GAT ATC AAC GGC GCT GAT TTA AGC CGC GCA GGT GTA GTC ATG GGC GCG CTG TCG TTC A G I D I N G A D L S R A G V V M G A L S F>
 CCA ACT ACC CGC TCA AAC GAT CTG TTT TTG CCA ATT TAT CAC AGC GCC GTT GAA AAA GCC CTG CAA
P T T R S N D L F L P I Y H S A V E K A L Q>
                                                                             25080
                                       25060
 GAT AAA CTA GGC GTA AAG GCA TTT AAG CTA AGC CCA ACT AAT GCT CAT ACC GCT CGC GCG GCA AAT D K L G V K A F K L S P T N A H T A R A A N>
 GAG AGC AGC CTA AAT GCA GCC AAT GGT GCC ATT GCC CAT AAC AGC TCA AAA GTG GTG GCC GAT GCA E S S L N A A N G A I A H N S S K V V A D A>
                                                        25200
 CTT GGC CTT GGC GGC GCA CAA CTA AGC CTA GAT GCT GCC TGT GCT AGT TCG GTT TAC TCA TTA AAG
L G L G G A Q L S L D A A C A S S V Y S L K>
                                                                                  25280
 CTT GCC TGC GAT TAC CTA AGC ACT GGC AAA GCC GAT ATC ATG CTA GCA GGC GCA GTA TCT GGC GCG L A C D Y L S T G K A D I M L A G A V S G A>
                                                                        25340
 GAT CCT TTC TTT ATT AAT ATG GGA TTC TCA ATC TTC CAC GCC TAC CCA GAC CAT GGT ATC TCA GTA D P F F I N M G F S I F H A Y P D H G I S V>
                                                            25400
  CCG TTT GAT GCC AGC AGT AAA GGT TTG TTT GCT GGC GAA GGC GCT GGC GTA TTA GTG CTT AAA CGT P F D A S S K G L F A G E G A G V L V L K R>
                                                  25460
  CTT GAA GAT GCC GAG CGC GAC AAT GAC AAA ATC TAT GCG GTT GTT AGC GGC GTA GGT CTA TCA AAC
L E D A E R D N D K I Y A V V S G V G L S N>
                                                                          25540
  GAC GGT AAA GGC CAG TTT GTA TTA AGC CCT AAT CCA AAA GGT CAG GTG AAG GCC TTT GAA CGT GCT D G K G Q F V L S P N P K G Q V K A F E R A>
  TAT GCT GCC AGT GAC ATT GAG CCA AAA GAC ATT GAA GTG ATT GAG TGC CAC GCA ACA GGC ACA CCG
Y A A S D I E P K D I E V I E C H A T G T P>

25640 25660 25680
   CTT GGC GAT AAA ATT GAG CTC ACT TCA ATG GAA ACC TTC TTT GAA GAC AAG CTG CAA GGC ACC GAT L G D K I E L T S M E T F F E D K L Q G T D>
                                                                                 25740
                                         25720
   GCA CCG TTA ATT GGC TCA GCT AAG TCT AAC TTA GGC CAC CTA TTA ACT GCA GCG CAT GCG GGG ATC A P L I G S A K S N L G H L L T A A H A G I>
                                                                      25800 •
   ATG AAG ATG ATC TTC GCC ATG AAA GAA GGT TAC CTG CCG CCA AGT ATC AAT ATT AGT GAT GCT ATC M K M I F A M K E G Y L P P S I N I S D A I>
    GCT TCG CCG AAA AAA CTC TTC GGT AAA CCA ACC CTG CCT AGC ATG GTT CAA GGC TGG CCA GAT AAG
A S P K K L F G K P T L P S M V Q G W P D K>
```

```
106
                                                                25
                                            25920
  CCA TCG AAT AAT CAT TTT GGT GTA AGA ACC CGT CAC GCA GGC GTA TCG GTA TTT GGC TTT GGT GGC P S N N H F G V R T R H A G V S V F G F G G>
                                                                        26000
  TGT AAC GCC CAT CTG TTG CTT GAG TCA TAC AAC GGC AAA GGA ACA GTA AAG GCA GAA GCC ACT CAA C N A H L L L E S Y N G K G T V K A E A T Q>
                                                             26060
  GTA CCG CGT CAA GCT GAG CCG CTA AAA GTG GTT GGC CTT GCC TCG CAC TTT GGG CCT CTT AGC AGC V P R Q A E P L K V V G L A S H F G P L S S>
                                                 26120
  ATT AAT GCA CTC AAC AAT GCT GTG ACC CAA GAT GGG AAT GGC TTT ATC GAA CTG CCG AAA AAG CGC I N A L N N A V T Q D G N G F I E L P K K R>
                                      26180
   TGG AAA GGC CTT GAA AAG CAC AGT GAA CTG TTA GCT GAA TTT GGC TTA GCA TCT GCG CCA AAA GGT W K G L E K H S E L L A E F G L A S A P K G>
                           26240
                                                                26260
   GCT TAT GTT GAT AAC TTC GAG CTG GAC TTT TTA CGC TTT AAA CTG CCG CCA AAC GAA GAT GAC CGT A Y V D N F E L D F L R F K L P P N E D D R>
                                                    26320
   TTG ATC TCA CAG CAG CTA ATG CTA ATG CGA GTA ACA GAC GAA GCC ATT CGT GAT GCC AAG CTT GAG L I S Q Q L M L M R V T D E A I R D A K L E\stackrel{>}{\sim}
   CCG GGG CAA AAA GTA GCT GTA TTA GTG GCA ATG GAA ACT GAG CTT GAA CTG CAT CAG TTC CGC GGC P G Q K V A V L V A M E T E L E L H Q F R G>
                                                                     26460
   CGG GTT AAC TTG CAT ACT CAA TTA GCG CAA AGT CTT GCC GCC ATG GGC GTG AGT TTA TCA ACG GAT R V N L H T Q L A Q S L A A M G V S L S T D>
                                                                                                 26540
   GAA TAC CAA GCG CTT GAA GCC ATC GCC ATG GAC AGC GTG CTT GAT GCT GCC AAG CTC AAT CAG TAC E Y Q A L E A I A M D S V L D A A K L N Q Y>
   ACC AGC TTT ATT GGT AAT ATT ATG GCG TCA CGC GTG GCG TCA CTA TGG GAC TTT AAT GGC CCA GCC
T S F I G N I M A S R V A S L W D F N G P A>
   TTC ACT ATT TCA GCA GCA GAG CAA TCT GTG AGC CGC TGT ATC GAT GTG GCG CAA AAC CTC ATC ATG F T I S A A E Q S V S R C I D V A Q N L I M>
   GAG GAT AAC CTA GAT GCG GTG GTG ATT GCA GCG GTC GAT CTC TCT GGT AGC TTT GAG CAA GTC ATT E D N L D A V V I A A V D L S G 5 F E Q V I>
                                                   26780
    CTT AAA AAT GCC ATT GCA CCT GTA GCC ATT GAG CCA AAC CTC GAA GCA AGC CTT AAT CCA ACA TCA
L K N A I A P V A I E P N L E A S L N P T S>
26820
                                                                             26860
    GCA AGC TGG AAT GTC GGT GAA GGT GCT GGC GGC GTC GTG CTT GTT AAA AAT GAA GCT ACA TCG GGC
A S W N V G E G A G A V V L V K N E A T S G>
                                                                  26920
                                                                                                          26940
                            26900
    TGC TCA TAC GGC CAA ATT GAT GCA CTT GGC TTT GCT AAA ACT GCC GAA ACA GCG TTG GCT ACC GAC C S Y G Q I D A L G F A K T A E T A L A T D>
                                                                                         27000
                                                      26980
     AAG CTA CTG AGC CAA ACT GCC ACA GAC TIT AAT AAG GTT AAA GTG ATT GAA ACT ATG GCA GCG CCT K L L S Q T A T D F N K V K V I E T M A A P>
                                                                                  27060
                                           27040
```

GCT AGC CAA ATT CAA TTA GCG CCA ATA GTT AGC TCT CAA GTG ACT CAC ACT GCT GCA GAG CAG CGT

```
GTT GGT CAC TGC TTT GCT GCA GCG GGT ATG GCA AGC CTA TTA CAC GGC TTA CTT AAC TTA AAT ACT
V G H C F A A A G M A S L L H G L L N L N T>
                                                        27180
GTA GCC CAA ACC AAT AAA GCC AAT TGC GCG CTT ATC AAC AAT ATC AGT GAA AAC CAA TTA TCA CAG
V A Q T N K A N C A L I N N I S E N Q L S Q>
CTG TTG ATT AGC CAA ACA GCG AGC GAA CAA CAA GCA TTA ACC GCG CGT TTA AGC AAT GAG CTT AAA L I S Q T A S E Q Q A L T A R L S N E L K>
                                                                        27320
TCC GAT GCT AAA CAC CAA CTG GTT AAG CAA GTC ACC TTA GGT GGC CGT GAT ATC TAC CAG CAT ATT S D A K H Q L V K Q V T L G G R D I Y Q H I>
                                                             27380
GTT GAT ACA CCG CTT GCA AGC CTT GAA AGC ATT ACT CAG AAA TTG GCG CAA GCG ACA GCA TCG ACA V D T P L A S L E S I T Q K L A Q A T A S T>
GTG GTC AAC CAA GTT AAA CCT ATT AAG GCC GCT GGC TCA GTC GAA ATG GCT AAC TCA TTC GAA ACG V V N Q V K P I K A A G S V E M A N S F E T>
GAA AGC TCA GCA GAG CCA CAA ATA ACA ATT GCA GCA CAA CAG ACT GCA AAC ATT GGC GTC ACC GCT E S S A E P Q I T I A A Q Q T A N I G V T A>

27560 27580 27600
CAG GCA ACC AAA CGT GAA TTA GGT ACC CCA CCA ATG ACA ACA AAT ACC ATT GCT AAT ACA GCA AAT Q A T K R E L G T P P M T T N T I A N T A N>
 AAT TTA GAC AAG ACT CTT GAG ACT GTT GCT GGC AAT ACT GTT GCT AGC AAG GTT GGC TCT GGC GAC N L D K T L E T V A G N T V A S K V G S G D>
 ATA GTC AAT TTT CAA CAG AAC CAA CAA TTG GCT CAA CAA GCT CAC CTC GCC TTT CTT GAA AGC CGC I V N F Q Q N Q Q L A Q Q A H L A F L E S R>

27760 27780 27800
 AGT GCG GGT ATG AAG GTG GCT GAT GCT TTA TTG AAG CAA CAG CTA GCT CAA GTA ACA GGC CAA ACT S A G M K V A D A L L K Q Q L A Q V T G Q T>
                                                         27840
 ATC GAT AAT CAG GCC CTC GAT ACT CAA GCC GTC GAT ACT CAA ACA AGC GAG AAT GTA GCG ATT GCC I D N Q A L D T Q A V D T Q T S E N V A I A>
 GCA GAA TCA CCA GTT CAA GTT ACA ACA CCT GTT CAA GTT ACA ACA CCT GTT CAA ATC AGT GTT GTG
A E S P V Q V T T P V Q V T T P V Q I S V V>
 GAG TTA AAA CCA GAT CAC GCT AAT GTG CCA CCA TAC ACG CCG CCA GTG CCT GCA TTA AAG CCG TGT E L K P D H A N V P P Y T P P V P A L K P C>
                                                              28040
  ATC TGG AAC TAT GCC GAT TTA GTT GAG TAC GCA GAA GGC GAT ATC GCC AAG GTA TTT GGC AGT GAT I W N Y A D L V E Y A E G D I A K V F G S D>
                                                 28100
  TAT GCC ATT ATC GAC AGC TAC TCG CGC CGC GTA CGT CTA CCG ACC ACT GAC TAC CTG TTG GTA TCG
Y A I I D S Y S R R V R L • P T T D Y L L V S>
                                                              . 28180
  CGC GTG ACC AAA CTT GAT GCG ACC ATC AAT CAA TTT AAG CCA TGC TCA ATG ACC ACT GAG TAC GAC R V T K L D A T I N Q F K P C S M T T E Y D>

28220 28240 28260
```

Fig. 4
22/30

```
ATC CCT GTT GAT GCG CCG TAC TTA GTA GAC GGA CAA ATC CCT TGG GCG GTA GCA GTA GAA TCA GGC I P V D A P Y L V D G Q I P W A V A V E S G>
                                                                                   28320
                                              28300
CAA TGT GAC TTG ATG CTT ATT AGC TAT CTC GGT ATC GAC TTT GAG AAC AAA GGC GAG CGG GTT TAT Q C D L M L I S Y L G I D F E N K G E R V Y>
                                                                        28380
CGA CTA CTC GAT TGT ACC CTC ACC TTC CTA GGC GAC TTG CCA CGT GGC GGA GAT ACC CTA CGT TAC R L L D C T L T F L G D L P R G G D T L R Y>
                        28420
GAC ATT AAG ATC AAT AAC TAT GCT CGC AAC GGC GAC ACC CTG CTG TTC TTC TCG TAT GAG TGT D I K I N N Y A R N G D T L L F F F S Y E C>
             28480
TTT GTT GGC GAC AAG ATG ATC CTC AAG ATG GAT GGC GGC TGC GCT GGC TTC TTC ACT GAT GAA GAG
F V G D K M I L K M D G G C A G F F T D E E>
                                                                            28580
CTT GCC GAC GGT AAA GGC GTG ATT CGC ACA GAA GAA GAG ATT AAA GCT CGC AGC CTA GTG CAA AAG
L A D G K G V I R T E E E I K A R S L V Q K>
                                                             28640
CAA CGC TTT AAT CCG TTA CTA GAT TGT CCT AAA ACC CAA TTT AGT TAT GGT GAT ATT CAT AAG CTA Q R F N P L L D C P K T Q F S Y G D I H K L>
                                                       28700
TTA ACT GCT GAT ATT GAG GGT TGT TTT GGC CCA AGC CAC AGT GGC GTC CAC CAG CCG TCA CTT TGT L T A D I E G C F G P S H S G V H Q P S L C>
                                            28760
                                                                                28780
TTC GCA TCT GAA AAA TTC TTG ATG ATT GAA CAA GTC AGC AAG GTT GAT CGC ACT GGC GGT ACT TGG F A S E K F L M I E Q V S K V D R T G G T W>
                                                                   28840
                                 28820
GGA CTT GGC TTA ATT GAG GGT CAT AAG CAG CTT GAA GCA GAC CAC TGG TAC TTC CCA TGT CAT TTC G L G L I E G H K Q L E A D H W Y F P C H F>
ATG CTG CAC CTT GGT ATG CAT ACC CAA ACT AAA AAT GGT CGT TTC CAA CCT CTT GAA AAC GCC TCA M L H L G M H T Q T K N G R F Q P L E N A S>
                                    29020
 29000
 CAG CAA GTA CGC TGT CGC GGT CAA GTG CTG CCA CAA TCA GGC GTG CTA ACT TAC CGT ATG GAA GTG Q V R C R G Q V L P Q S G V L T Y R M E V>
                                                               29100
 ACT GAA ATC GGT TTC AGT CCA CGC CCA TAT GCT AAA GCT AAC ATC GAT ATC TTG CTT AAT GGC AAA
T E I G F S P R P Y A K A N I D I L L N G K>
                                                    29160
 GCG GTA GTG GAT TTC CAA AAC CTA GGG GTG ATG ATA AAA GAG GAA GAT GAG TGT ACT CGT TAT CCA A V V D F Q N L G V M I K E E D E C T R Y P>
   29200
                                                                              29240
                                         29220
  CTT TTG ACT GAA TCA ACA ACG GCT AGC ACT GCA CAA GTA AAC GCT CAA ACA AGT GCG AAA AAG GTA L L T E S T T A S T A Q V N A Q T S A K K V>
  TAC AAG CCA GCA TCA GTC AAT GCG CCA TTA ATG GCA CAA ATT CCT GAT CTG ACT AAA GAG CCA AAC Y K P A S V N A P L M A Q I P D L T K E P N>
  ANG GGC GTT ATT CCG ATT TCC CAT GTT GAA GCA CCA ATT ACG CCA GAC TAC CCG AAC CGT GTA CCT K G V I P I S H V E A P I T P D Y P N R V P>
         29400
                                              29420
```

```
GAT ACA GTG CCA TTC ACG CCG TAT CAC ATG TTT GAG TTT GCT ACA GGC AAT ATC GAA AAC TGT TTC D T V P F T P Y H M F E F A T G N T B N C F>
GGG CCA GAG TTC TCA ATC TAT CGC GGC ATG ATC CCA CCA CGT ACA CCA TGC GGT GAC TTA CAA GTG G P E F S I Y R G M I P P R T P C G D L Q V>
ACC ACA CGT GTG ATT GAA GTT AAC GGT AAG CGT GGC GAC TTT AAA AAG CCA TCA TCG TGT ATC GCT T T R V I E V N G K R G D F K K P S S C I A>
                                                   29620
GAA TAT GAA GTG CCT GCA GAT GCG TGG TAT TTC GAT AAA AAC AGC CAC GGC GCA GTG ATG CCA TAT E Y E V P A D A W Y F D K N S H G A V M P Y>

29660 29700 29720
 TCA ATT TTA ATG GAG ATC TCA CTG CAA CCT AAC GGC TTT ATC TCA GGT TAC ATG GGC ACA ACC CTA S I L M E I S L Q P N G F I S G Y M G T T L>
 GGC TTC CCT GGC CTT GAG CTG TTC TTC CGT AAC TTA GAC GGT AGC GGT GAG TTA CTA CGT GAA GTA G F P G L E L F F R N L D G S G E L L R E V>
 GAT TTA CGT GGT AAA ACC ATC CGT AAC GAC TCA CGT TTA TTA TCA ACA GTG ATG GCC GGC ACT AAC D L R G K T I R N D S R L L S T V M A G T N>
                                          29880
 ATC ATC CAA AGC TTT AGC TTC GAG CTA AGC ACT GAC GGT GAG CCT TTC TAT CGC GGC ACT GCG GTA I I Q S F S F E L S T D G E P F Y R G T A V>
 TTT GGC TAT TTT AAA GGT GAC GCA CTT AAA GAT CAG CTA GGC CTA GAT AAC GGT AAA GTC ACT CAG
F G Y F K G D A L K D Q L G L D N G K V T Q>
30000 30020 30040
 CCA TGG CAT GTA GCT AAC GGC GTT GCT GCA AGC ACT AAG GTG AAC CTG CTT GAT AAG AGC TGC CGT P W H V A N G V A A S T K V N L L D K S C R>
                                                 30080
 CAC TIT AAT GCG CCA GCT AAC CAG CCA CAC TAT CGT CTA GCC GGT GGT CAG CTG AAC TIT ATC GAC H F N A P A N Q P H Y R L A G G Q L N F I D>
                                                                           30160
  AGT GTT GAA ATT GTT GAT AAT GGC GGC ACC GAA GGT TTA GGT TAC TTG TAT GCC GAG CGC ACC ATT S V E I V D N G G T E G L G Y L Y A E R T I>
  GAC CCA AGT GAT TGG TTC TTC CAG TTC CAC TTC CAC CAA GAT CCG GTT ATG CCA GGC TCC TTA GGT D P S D W F F Q F H F H Q D P V M P G S L G>
  GTT GAA GCA ATT ATT GAA ACC ATG CAA GCT TAC GCT ATT AGT AAA GAC TTG GGC GCA GAT TTC AAA V E A I I E T M Q A Y A I S K D L G A D F K>
   AAT CCT AAG TIT GGT CAG ATT TTA TCG AAC ATC AAG TGG AAG TAT CGC GGT CAA ATC AAT CCG CTG
N P K F G Q I L S N I K W K Y R G Q I N P L>

30400 30420 30440
   AAC AAG CAG ATG TCT ATG GAT GTC AGC ATT ACT TCA ATC AAA GAT GAA GAC GGT AAG AAA GTC ATC N K Q H S M D V S I T S I K D E D G K K V I>
                                                         30480
   ACA GGT AAT GCC AGC TTG AGT AAA GAT GGT CTG CGC ATA TAC GAG GTC TTC GAT ATA GCT ATC AGC T G N A S L S K D G L R I Y E V F D I A I S>
    ATC GAA GAA TCT GTA T AAATCGGAGT GACTGTCTGG CTATTTTACT CAATTTCTGT GTCAAAATTG CTCACCTATA
```

```
30620
                                                           30640
TTCATAGGCT GCGCGCTTTT TTCTGGAAAT TGAGCAAAAG TATCTGCGTC CTAACTCGAT TTATAAGAAT GGTTTAATTG
30780
AAC GAA ATG CTT TCT CCG TGG CCA TGG GCT GTG ACA GAG TCA AAT ATC AGT TTT GAC GTG CAA GTG N E M L S P W P W A V T E S N I S F D V Q V>
                                                                      30860
                                     30840
ATG GAA CAA CAT AAA GAT TTT AGC CGG GCA TGT TAC GTG GTC AAT CAT GCC GAC CAC GGC TTT M E Q Q L K D F S R A C Y V V N H A D H G F>
                                                            30920
GGT ATT GCG CAA ACT GCC GAT ATC GTG ACT GAA CAA GCG GCA AAC AGC ACA GAT TTA CCT GTT AGT G I A Q T A D I V T E Q A A N S T D L P V S>
                                                  30980
 GCT TTT ACT CCT GCA TTA GGT ACC GAA AGC CTA GGC GAC AAT AAT TTC CGC CGC GTT CAC GGC GTT
     F T P A L G T E S L G D N N F R R
                                         31040
        31020
                                                                          31060
 AAA TAC GCT TAT TAC GCA GGC GCT ATG GCA AAC GGT ATT TCA TCT GAA GAG CTA GTG ATT GCC CTA
K Y A Y Y A G A M A N G I S S E E L V I A L>
                                                                31120
 GGT CAA GCT GGC ATT TTG TGT GGT TCG TTT GGA GCA GCC GGT CTT ATT CCA AGT CGC GTT GAA GCG G Q A G I L C G S F G A A G L I P S R V E A>
 GCA ATT AAC CGT ATT CAA GCA GCG CTG CCA AAT GGC CCT TAT ATG TTT AAC CTT ATC CAT AGT CCT A I N R I Q A A L P N G P Y M F N L I H S P>
 GGC GAG CCA GCA TTA GAG CGT GGC AGC GTA GAG CTA TTT TTA AAG CAT AAG GTA CGC ACC GTT GAA
S E P A L E R G S V E L F L R H K V R T V E>
                                                                   31320
                                   31300
 GCA TCA GCT TTC TTA GGT CTA ACA CCA CAA ATC GTC TAT TAC CGT GCA GGA TTG AGC CGA GAC A 5 A F L G L T P Q I V Y Y R A A G L S R D>
                                                          31380
 GCA CAA GGT AAA GTT GTG GTT GGT AAC AAG GTT ATC GCT AAA GTA AGT CGC ACC GAA GTG GCT GAA
A Q G K V V V G N K V I A K V S R T E V A E>
  AAG TTT ATG ATG CCA GCG CCC GCA AAA ATG CTA CAA AAA CTA GTT GAT GAC GGT TCA ATT ACC GCT
K F M M P A P A K M L Q K L V D D G S I T A>
                                      31500
      31480
  GAG CAA ATG GAG CTG GCG CAA CTT GTA CCT ATG GCT GAC GAC ATC ACT GCA GAG GCC GAT TCA GGT E Q M E L A Q L V P M A D D I T A E A D S G>
  GGC CAT ACT GAT AAC CGT CCA TTA GTA ACA TTG CTG CCA ACC ATT TTA GCG CTG AAA GAA GAA ATT G H T D N R P L V T L L P T I L A L K E E I>
  CAA GCT AAA TAC CAA TAC GAC ACT CCT ATT CGT GTC GGT TGT GGT GGC GGT GTG GGT ACG CCT GAT
Q A K Y Q Y D T P I R V G C G G G V G T P D>
                                                                            31720
                                          31700
  GCA GCG CTG GCA ACG TTT AAC ATG GGC GCG GCG TAT ATT GTT ACC GGC TCT ATC AAC CAA GCT TGT
   AALATFNMCAAYIVTGSINQAC>
31740
  GTT GAA GCG GGC GCA AGT GAT CAC 'ACT CGT AAA TTA CTT GCC ACC ACT CAA ATG GCC GAT GTG ACT V E A G A S D H T R K L L A T T E M A D V T>
```

.

Fig.4 25/30

```
31840
 ATG GCA CCA GCT GCA GAT ATG TTC GAG ATG GGC GTA AAA CTG CAG GTG GTT AAG CGC GGC ACG CTA M A P A A D M F E M G V K L Q V V K R G T L>
                                                             31920
                                            31900
            31880
 TTC CCA ATG CGC GCT AAC AAG CTA TAT GAG ATC TAC ACG CGT TAC GAT TCA ATC GAA GCG ATC CCA F P M R A N K L Y E I Y T R Y D S I E A I P>
                                                                 31980
                                   31960
 TTA GAC GAG COT GAA AAG CTT GAG AAA CAA GTA TTC CGC TCA AGC CTA GAT GAA ATA TGG GCA GGT L D E R E K L E K Q V F R S S L D E I W A G>
                          32020
 ACA GTG GCG CAC TTT AAC GAG CGC GAC CCT AAG CAA ATC GAA CGC GCA GAG GGT AAC CCT AAG CGT T V A H F N E R D P K Q I E R A E G N P K R>
 AAA ATG GCA TTG ATT TTC CGT TGG TAC TTA GGT CTT TCT AGT CGC TGG TCA AAC TCA GGC GAA GTG K M A L I F R W Y L G L S S R W S N S G E V>
                                                                       32180
  GGT CGT GAA ATG GAT TAT CAA ATT TGG GCT GGC CCT GCT CTC GGT GCA TTT AAC CAA TGG GCA AAA G R E M D Y Q I W A G P A L G A F N Q W A K>
                                                             32240
 GGC AGT TAC TTA GAT AAC TAT CAA GAC CGA AAT GCC GTC GAT TTG GCA AAG CAC TTA ATG TAC GGC G S Y L D N Y Q D R N A V D L A K H L M Y G>

32280 32300 32320
  GCG GCT TAC TTA AAT CGT ATT AAC TCG CTA ACG GCT CAA GGC GTT AAA GTG CCA GCA CAG TTA CTT A A Y L N R I N S L T A Q G V K V P A Q L L>
                                         32360 32380 32400
         32340
  CGC TGG AAG CCA AAC CAA AGA ATG GCC TA ATACACTTAC AAAGCACCAG TCTAAAAAAGC CACTAATCTT R W K P N Q R M A>
                    32420 32440
  GATTAGTGGC TTTTTTTATT GTGGTCAATA TGAGGCTATT TAGCCTGTAA GCCTGAAAAT ATCAGCACTC TGACTTTACA
  AGCARATTAT RATTARGGCA GGGCTCTACT CATTTATACT GCTAGCARAC RAGCARGTTG CCCAGTARAR CARCARGGTR
  CCTGATTTAT ATCGTCATAA AAGTTGGCTA GAGATTCGTT ATTGATCTTT ACTGATAGA GTCGCTCTGT TTGGAAAAAG
                                               32680
                                                                          32700
  GTTTCTCGTT ATCATCAAAA TACACTCTCA AACCTTTAAT CAATTACAAC TTAGGCTTTC TGCGGGCATT TTTATCTTAT
                                                                         32780
   TTGCCACAGC TGTATTTGCC TTTAGGTTTT GGGTGCAACT ACCATTAATT GAGGCCTCAT TAGTTAAATT ATCTGAGCAA
                                                32840
   GAGCTCACCT CTTTAAATTA CGCTTTTCAG CAA ATG AGA AAG CCA CTA CAA ACC ATT AAT TAC GAC TAT GCG
M R K P L Q T I N Y D Y A>
                                        32900
   GTG TGG GAC AGA ACC TAC AGC TAT ATG AAA TCA AAC TCA GCG AGC GCT AAA AGG TAC TAT GAA AAA
V w d r t y s y m k s n s a s a k r y y e k>
           32960
32940
   CAT GAG TAC CCA GAT GAT ACG TTC AAG AGT TTA AAA GTC GAC GGA GTA TTT ATA TTC AAC CGT ACA H E Y P D D T F K S L K V D G V F I F N R T>
                                                     33040
   AAT CAG CCA GTT TTT AGT AAA GGT TTT AAT CAT AGA AAT GAT ATA CCG CTG GTC TTT GAA TTA ACT N Q P V F S K G F N H R N D I P L V F E L T>
   GAC TTT AAA CAA CAT CCA CAA AAC ATC GCA TTA TCT CCA CAA ACC AAA CAG GCA CAC CCA CCG GCA D F K O H P Q N I A L S P Q T K Q A H P P A>
```

```
33160
AGT AAG CCG TTA GAC TCC CCT GAT GAT GTG CCT TCT ACC CAT GGG GTT ATC GCC ACA CGA TAC GGT S K P L D S P D D V P S T H G V I A T R Y G>
                         33220
CCA GCA ATT TAT AGC TCT ACC AGC ATT TTA AAA TCT GAT CGT AGC GGC TCC CAA CTT GGT TAT TTA P A I Y S S T S I L K S D R S G S Q L G Y L>
                                                     33300
GTC TTC ATT AGG TTA ATT GAT GAA TGG TTC ATC GCT GAG CTA TCG CAA TAC ACT GCC GCA GGT GTT V F I R L I D E W F I A E L S Q Y T A A G V>
GAA ATC GCT ATG GCT GAT GCC GCA GAC GCA CAA TTA GCG AGA TTA GGC GCA AAC ACT AAG CTT AAT E I A M A D A A D A Q L A R L G A N T K L N>
AAA GTA ACC GCT ACA TCC GAA CGG TTA ATA ACT AAT GTC GAT GGT AAG CCT CTG TTG AAG TTA GTG K V T A T S E R L I T N V D G K P L L K L V>
                                                         33500
CTT TAC CAT ACC AAT AAC CAA CCG CCG CCG ATG CTA GAT TAC AGT ATA ATA ATT CTA TTA GTT GAG L Y H T N N Q P P P M L D Y S I I I L L V E>
                                              33560
 ATG TCA TTT TTA CTG ATC CTC GCT TAT TTC CTT TAC TCC TAC TTC TTA GTC AGG CCA GTT AGA AAG M S F L L I L A Y F L Y S Y F L V R P V R K>
                                    33620
 CTG GCT TCA GAT ATT AAA AAA ATG GAT AAA AGT CGT GAA ATT AAA AAG CTA AGG TAT CAC TAC CCT L A S D I K K M D K S R E I K K L R Y H Y P>
 ATT ACT GAG CTA GTC AAA GTT GCG ACT CAC TTC AAC GCC CTA ATG GGG ACG ATT CAG GAA CAA ACT I T E L V K V A T H F N A L M G T I Q E Q T>
                                                  33760
 AAA CAG CTT AAT GAA CAA GTT TTT ATT GAT AAA TTA ACC AAT ATT CCC AAT CGT CGC GCT TTT GAG K Q L N E Q V F I D K L T N I P N R R A F E>
                                      33820
  CAG CGA CTT GAA ACC TAT TGC CAA CTG CTA GCC CGG CAA CAA ATT GGC TTT ACT CTC ATC ATT GCC Q R L E T Y C Q L L A R Q Q I G F T L I I A>
                                                                  33900
  GAT GTG GAT CAT TIT AAA GAG TAC AAC GAT ACT CTT GGG CAC CTT GCT GGG GAT GAA GCA TTA ATA D V D H F K E Y N D T L G H L A G D E A L I>
                33940
                                                                                              33980
                                                       33960
  AAA GTG GCA CAA ACA CTA TCG CAA CAG TTT TAC CGT GCA GAA GAT ATT TGT GCC CGT TTT GGT GGT K V A Q T L S Q Q F Y R A E D I C A R F G G>
                                                                                  34040
   GAA GAA TIT ATT ATG TTA TIT CGA GAC ATA CCT GAT GAG CCC TTG CAG AGA AAG CTC GAT GCG ATG E E F I M L F R D I P D E P L Q R K L D A M>
                                                                        34100
   CTG CAC TCT TTT GCA GAG CTC AAC CTA CCT CAT CCA AAC TCA TCA ACC GCT AAT TAC GTT ACT GTG L H S F A E L N L P H P N S S T A N Y V T V>
                                                                                                  34180
                                                             34160
   AGC CTT GGG GTT TGC ACA GTT GTT GCT GTT GAT GTT GAA TTT AAA AGT GAG TCG CAT ATT ATT S L G V C T V V A V D D F E F K S E S H I I>
   GGC AGT CAG GCT GCA TTA ATC GCA GAT AAG GCG CTT TAT CAT GCT AAA GCC TGT GGT CGT AAC CAG G S Q A A. L I A D K A L Y H A K A C G R N Q>
                                     34280
                                                                           34300
    TTG TCA AAA ACT ACT ATT ACT GTT GAT GAG ATT GAG CAA TTA GAA GCA AAT AAA ATC GGT CAT CAA
```

Fig. 4 27/30

LSKTTITV	DEI	E Q L E A !	1 K I G H Q>
34340	34360	34380	•
GCC TAA ACTCGTTCGA GTACTTTCCC CT	AAGTCAGA GCTA'	PTTGCC ACTICAAGAI GIG	GCIACAA GGCIIACICI
34420	34440	34460	34480
TTCAAAACCT GCATCAATAG AACACAGCAA	AATACAATAA T	TTAAGTCAA TTTAGCCTAT	TAAACAGAGT TAATGACAGC
34500	34520	34540	34560
TCATGGTCGC AACTTATTAG CTATTTCTAG	CAATATAAAA A	CTTATCCAT TAGTAGTAAC	CAATAAAAA ACTAATATAT
34580	34600	34620	34640
AAAACTATTT AATCATTATT TTACAGATGA	TTAGCTACCA C	CCACCTTAA GCTGGCTATA	TTCGCACTAG TAAAAATAAA
34660	34680	34700	34720
CATTAGATCG GGTTCAGATC AATTTACGAC	TCTCGTATAA A	ATGTACAAT AATTCACTTA	ATTTAATACT GCATATTTT
34740	34760	34780	34800
ACAAGTAGAG AGCGGTGATG AAACAAAATA	CGAAAGGCTT T	ACATTAATT GAATTAGTCA	TCGTGATTAT TATTCTCGGT
34620	34840	34860	34880
ATACTTGCTG CTGTGGCACT GCCGAAATTG	ATCAATGTTC A	AGATGACGC TAGGATCTCT	GCGATGAGCG GTCAGTTTTC
34900	34920	34940	34960
ATCATTTGAA AGTGCCGTAA AACTATACCA	A TAGCGGTTGG T	TAGCCAAAG GCTACAACAC	TGCGGTTGAA AAGCTCTCAG
34980	35000	35020	35040
GCTTTGGCCA AGGTAATGTT GCATCAAGT	G ACACAGGTTT T	CCGTACTCA ACATCAGGC	CGAGTACTGA TGTGCATAAA
35060	35080	35100	•
GCTTGTGGTG AACTATGGCA TGGCATTAC	C GATACAGACT	CACAATTGG TGCGGTTAG	GATGGCGATC TAATGACTGC
35140	35160	35186	•
AGATGTCGAT ATTGCTTACA CCTATCGTG	G TGATATGTGT	ATCTATCGCG ATCTGTATT	TATTCAGCGC TCATTACCTA
35220	35240	3526	•
CTAAGGTGAT GAACTACAAA TTTAAAACT	G GTGAAATAGA	AATTATTGAT GCTTTCTAC	A ACCCTGACGG CTCAACTGGT
35300	35320	3534	• •
CAATTACCAT AAATTTGGCG CTTATCTAA	G TTGTACTTGC	TCTGACCGAC ACAAATAAT	G TCGTTTCTCA GCATATATCA
35380	35400	3542	• • •
AAATACACAG CAAAAATTTG GGGTTAGCT	A TATAGCTAAC	CCCAAATCAT ATCTAACTT	T ACACTGCATC TAATTCCAAA
35460	35480	3550	0 35520
CAGTATCCAG CCAAAAGCCT AAACTATTC	TGACTCAGCG	CTAAAATATG CGATGCAAC	A AACAAGTCTT GGATCGCAAT
35540	35560	3558	• •
ACCTGAGCTA TCAAAAATGG TCACCTCAT	C AGCACTTTGA	CGTCCTGTTG CGGACTCGT	T TATCACCTGA CCAATCTCAA
35620	35640	3566	•
TTATCGGCGT ATTTCTGCTA TGTTGAAA	CT CACCAATAAC	AATAGATTGA GAAGCAAAC	
35700	35720	3574	
CTATATAGGT CAGTTGGCAA CTCTTGCT	TA CCCACTTTAT	CAGCGCCCAT TGCAGAAA	
35780	35800	358	
CTGCGCTTCA AATAAAGGCG CTTGAGCT	GT GGTTGCTGTG		
35860	35880	359	•
AAGCTTCGGC ATTAATGCCT TTTTCTAA	TA AACGCTTAAC	CAAGTTTCA GTTTTGCT	
35940	35960	•	
ACCTTAGTTA ATGAACGAAC CTTGCTCA	CT GCTAGCACTT		
36020	36040	360	60 36080

Fig. 4 28/30

CGTAGCATCT TCTCTC	GCGA GGTAACTCA	C TGCTACTGCA	TCGGCAGCAC	CAGTGCGGTA	AGCATTAACG	GTAGTGGCAG
3	6100	36120		36140	•	36160
CAATCACCGN CTGCAA	CATA CCGGTTAA1	G GATCGAGTAA	AAATACGTTA	GTGCCGTGGC	ATGGTAAACC	ATGTTTATGG
	6180	36200		36220		36240
TTATCAGGCC AATAGC	TGCC TGTTTTCC	G CCGACAAGGT	TTGGCGTTGA	AGCCGACTTT .	AATGAGAACA	TTTCATTAAG
•	6260	36280		36300		36320
GTTCGCGCCC TGTGCA	TTAA CTACCGGG	· ·A CAAGGTTGCT	TTATCATCTA	CGGCAGCGAC	AAACGCTTCT	TTAACAGCGA
	6340	36360		36380		36400
TATAAGCCAG CTCATG	• GGAG ATGAGCTT	IG ATGTTTGCGC	TTCAGTTAAA	TAGATCATAT	TACCACCCCT	GCACTCGATT
	36420	36440		36460		36480
CCAGATCTCA TAGCCA	ACCAT TATCACCA	IC AGTATCAAAT	ACATGGTACT	GAGCGTGCAT	TGAAGCTGTT	GCACAGGCGT
	36500	36520		36540	_	36560
GGTTCGGCAA AATATC	TAGA CGACTACC	* TA CCGGGAACTG	CGCTAAATCA	ATAACGCCGC	CATCAACTGC	TTCAATAATG
	36580	36600		36620		36640
CCGTGCTCTT GATTA	ACAGT TATAACCT	• T AGACCTGATA	ACACGTGACC	GCTGTCGTCA	CACACTAAAC	CATAACCACA
•	36660	36680		36700		36720
ATCTTTTGGC TGCTC	* TGCAG TACCTCTA	TC ACCCGAAAGA	* GCCATCCAAC	CCGCATCAAT	GAAAATCCAG	TTTTTATCAG
	36740	36760		36780		36800
GATTATGACC AATAA	CACTG GTCACTAC	CG TTGCGGCAA1	ATCAGTTAAC	TGACACACCT	TTAGCCCTG	CATGACTAAA
	36820	36840		36860		36880
TCGAAGAAGG TGTAC	ACACC CGCTCTA	CC TCGGTGATC	CATCAAGGTT	TTGATAGCTT	TGCGCTGTT	GTGTTGAACC
	36900	3692		36940		36960
AATACTAACG ATGTC	ACATT GCATACCO	GC TGCGCGAAT	CGTCAGCAGC	TTGTACAGCC	GCTGCAACT	T CATTTTGCGC
	36980	3700		37020		37040
CGCATCAATT AATTG	CTGTT TTTCAAA	ACA TTGATATGA	C TCACCAGCGT	GAGTNAGTAC	GCCGTGAAA	A CTCGCTGCGC
	37060	3708		37100		37120
CAGACGTTAG TATCT	* 'GAGCA ATTTCAA	· ICA ACTTATCGG	· C TTCCGGTGGA	ATACCACCAC	GATGGCCAT	C ACAATCAATT
	37140	3716		37180		37200
TCAATTAATG CTGGT	PATTTG GCAGTCA	TAA GAACCACAG	A AATGATTAO	CTGATGCGCT	TGCTCAACA	C TATCAAGTAA
	37220	3724		37260		37280
AACTCTTGCA TTAAT	PACCTT GGTCCAA	CAT TTTAGCAAI	A CGCGGCAAC	TACCATCGG	AATACCTAC	T GCATAAATAA
	37300	3732	:0	37340)	37360
TGTCTGTGTA ACCT	TTAGAT GCTAAGG	CCT CGGCCTCTT	TACCGTTGA	T ACAGTGACT	GTGAGTTT	T AGTGGGTAAT
	37380	3740		3742		37440
AAAAACTCGG CTGC	TTCAAG TGATCTI	* AAC GTTTTAAA	T GCGGTCTTA	G GTTTGCACC	r AATCCTTC	AA TTTTTTGGCG
	37460	3741		3750		37520
TAGTTGACTG AGGT	* ATAAAT AATTAT	* TGG CTTATTA	Ca tataaaac	G GTGTATCAA	- T TGCTTGAT.	AC TGACTTTGCT
	37540	375		3758		37600
GAGTCGTGGA AAGT	ATTTGA GTAGAT	GCA TCTTTAAT.	* AT CCTAGTTCA	T CAATCAATC	* T AACAAGTT	TG ATGCCTAGCC
	37620	376		3766		37680
ACAGTGGCTT GTAT	* TCATGA TGCTTT	GGAA AATGCTTA	TA TTCAAAGTA	AT TTGAAAGAC	A TCAAACTT	CT TGTTTAATGC
	37700	377		3774		37760
TCAGTATCCA CCAG	•	TTAT ATTAACTA	TT ATCAAGATA	• AT AGATTAGGI	T CAAACCAF	AT GATTAGTACT
-	37780	378		3782		37840
GAAGATCTAC GTT	TTATCAG CGTAAT	CGCC AGTCATCO	CA CCTTAGCT	GA TGCCGCTAG	SA ACACTAAJ	TA TCACGCCACC

Fig. 4 29/30 WO 98/55625

34 / 106

PCT/US98/11639

37860 37880
ATCAGTGACA TTAAGGTTGC AGCATATTGA AAAGAAACTA TCGATTAGCC TGATC

Fig. 5

Fig. 5

tig. 5

М

				10210	10320
10270 ATCTTAATCCCC			10300		
ATCTTAATCCCC	MIGGCITTAAT	TTTACGTGCC	ATTAGGTACA	IAGGGGIIGA	TOCACGA
10330	10340	10350	10360	10370	10380
ATTGTTGTTACAT	CGTAGGTTTC			GTAAAGCGTC	GATACCT
10390		10410			10440
TCTTGCACAGTA	\ATTCAATTGA	ATGATGGATA	GTACCTAAGT	GATCTGCCAC	TTTTTGT
10450	10460	10470	10480	10490	10500
GCAGCGGCTAAA					
•					•
10510	10520	10530	10540	10550	10560
CATGCTTCGGTT	TACCACCGTO	TTCAATACGA	CGTTTTGCAT	CACTGTTGGGT	GATTGCT
10550	20500	10500	10000	20620	10000
10570 GAAATAACAGAT		10590			10620
GAAATAACAGAT	JAATCTAACCC	CCTGATAAT	ANIACOCCOI	ANGGINCHIC	CACACAII
10630	10640	10650	10660	10670	10680
AATTGACGTTTA			TTAACAACGO	CTTTTATCAC	CACCATTT
10690	10700		10720		
TGTGCAACGTTA	TCAAAATCTT:	rccaatcacg	TTGATAATAAC	GCGTGACTAC	CACCATCC
10750	10760	10770	10780	10790	10800
TTACTCCACAGG					
10810	10820			10850	
GCTTTCATTTCA	GAGGCAACAT	AAAAGTTACC	STGTTCATCA!	ragcccgtat:	AAAGAGGG
10870	10880	10890	10900	10910	10920
ATGATACCGATA					
10930	10940	10950	10960	10970	10980
AAAGCAAAAATA	CCATTTAGAT	CATCTAAAAA	TTGTGTGCCT'	TTTTCTTTAT.	ATAGCGCA
10000	11000	11010	11020	11020	11040
10990 AGTATCACTTCG	11000 CAATCTGATT				
	Cillica Chill	CIGITIGOM	1 TOMMINGTON		11115111
11050	11060	11070	11080	11090	11100
AAATCTTTGTGG	TTATAAATTT	CACCATTAAC.	AGCAAGTACG'	TGTGTCTTTT	CTTCATTA
11110	11120	11130	11140	11150	11160
TATAGCGGCTGT	GCACCATTAT	TTACATCGAC.	AATAGCAAGA	CGTTCATGAA	CTAAAATA
11170	11180	11190	11200	11210	11220
GCATTGTCACTT			·		
11230	11240	11250	11260	11270	11280
AGTTCTAGTGCT	TGTTCGCGAA	GAGGTTTAAT	GTCTGATTTG	ATGTCTAGAA	TTCCGAAT
13200	11200	11010	11222	11220	7.7.40
11290 ATTGAGCACATA	11300				11340
HI I GUGCUCUIM	MOINNIICCI	1010000010	CGICIGCAGC	IAMCITICIA	MINUIUI
11350	11360	11370	11380	11390	11400
GTCTAATTTGCC		-			

•					
					11460
TGTAATTCAATG	TGGAATCGATA	ATTTAATGGC	TTAAAAGTGA	AGATCCATT	ATTGTGA
	11480				11520
TGGCGAGGTGAT	AGACCAATGTA	GACCTTAATG	AATAAAGCAG	GCACGATTG	ATCCATT
				11570	
CAACGCAAAGTG	GTACTAACTAI	TGTTTTAAAC	GTTATAAATA	GTGTTTTAA.	AGGTTATA
		11610			
AGTAAATAATTI	'AAAAACAATAA'	TAATCCACAT	GCATTAAATT	TATCATGAT!	AAACÇGCT
				11600	11700
		11670			
ATATCTCAATGG	CAATTTGGGAT	AAGTGTAAAA	TATATGTAA	AATGAATGAG:	TTGACTTG
		11730	11740	11750	11760
CTTTTTTACAC	TAAGTGATGA	ATTAAAGCTA	GATGTCGTT	STIAGCATIG	ATTAATAA
	11780	11700	11000	11810	11820
CGTACTAAAATA	ACGACATCTAG:	TATAGAAATTI	AAAAAAACAG:	IIGGIIIIGA	INGCAINA
11830	11840	11850	11960	11870	11880
CTGCATAAACT					
CIGCATAAACTA	MICAGCIIMI	IGICIGIAAI	iiiiiiiiiiiii	111111111100	
11890	11900	11910	11920	11930	11940
AATTATATGTC					
	. 0.1				
11950	11960	11970	11980	11990	12000
CCTAAGTTTTG					TTATGCCA
12010	12020	12030	12040	12050	12060
GTAAAGCCGCG'	TGATAAATTTG	CTCGATTCAT.	AGCGAAGAAA	TTGTTTAGTC	TAAAAATG
		•			
		12090			12120
ATGGCAAAGCG	TAAAAAGGTAG	CAAAGATCAA	TTTATCTATG	TGCTTCCCTG	AAATGGAT
. 12130			12160		
GATACGGAACA	AGACCGTATAA	TCATGGTCAA	TCTAGTTACT	TTTTGTCAAA	CTATCTTA
	12200				
AGTTATGCAGA	GCCAAGTGCGC	GTAGTCGTGC	TTATAACCGI	GACCGTATGE	TAGTGCAT
	_				
	12260		12280		
GGTGGCGAGAA	TTTATTTCCGC	TACTTGAACA	AGGTAAGGCI	TGTATCTTAT	TAGTGCCG
					10060
12310	12320		12340		12360
CATAGCTTCGC	TATTGATTTTG	CAGGTTTACA	CATTGCTTCT	TATGGCGCGC	CATTTIGT
			10400	10410	10400
12370					
ACTATGTTTAA	CAATTCTGAGA	ATGAGTTGTT	CGATTGGCTC	ATGACACGT	AACGCGCT
****	10440	20450	10460	10470	10400
12430	12440			12470	
			* ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	, ~ ~ W ~ W ~ ~ ~ ~ .	, y y w y - y - m - m -
AIGIIIGGAGG	CACTGTTTATO	ACCGCAAGGC	AGGGCTAGGC	GCTCTAGTT <i>I</i>	AAATCACTT
	CACTGTTTATO				
12490 AAGAGCGGTGA	CACTGTTTATO	12510	12520	12530	12540

12550	12560	12570	12580	12590	12600
12330	ATTTGCGACTCA			TGGGCAAGCT	AGCAGAA
TTTGCGCC111.	Alligedaciea	AAAAGCI1101			
20620	10620	12630	12640	12650	12660
12610					
AAAACAAATGC	ACTCGTTGTTCC	TGTTTATGCG	GCMINIANIG.	MICHCINOC	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
			12700	12710	12720
12670	12680	12690	12700		-
GAAACCTTTAT	TCGACCAGCAAT	GCAAAACTTT	CCATCAGAAA	GCCCAGAACA	MONIGCA
		12750			12780
GTGATGATGAA	TAAAGAGATTGA	AGCCTTGATT	GAATGTGGTG	TTGATCAATA	ATATGTGG
			12820		
ACACTTAGATT	ATTGAGAACACG	TCCGGACGGT	AAAAAAATCT	ACTAATAAA	STTTAATA
12850	12860	12870	12880	12890	12900
AACACCATAAT	CTTCGTTGAATA	TGGTGTTTAC	CCCCTGAAT	ACCCTCTAA	AATAATTA
Monconimi	C1100110.				
12910	12920	12930	12940	12950	12960
	ATTTACGTAACA				TGTTTTA
CAAAAAAAGCC	Allincgiance	10112110111			
12070	12000	12000	13000	13010	13020
12970	CTAATAAACTTC				
GTCTTAAGAGC	CTAATAAACIIG	AICIAGGIA.	INGALICIGIC	.1110111110	01.0.000
	13040	13050	13060	13070	13080
13030	13040	13050			
ATCTATTTTT	TTAACCGATAG	TTGTTATAAT.	IAGTITCATA:	GAAAGAGAI	AICGIIIC
			12100	12120	13140
13090		13110	13120	13130	
AGTAAAAGCT	ATTTCGTTTCAA	ragataattt.	ATTTATAGTC	ATATTTTCTG	TAATGACA
				12100	13200
13150	13160				
ATCATTTTCT	CATCTAGACTAT	AGATAAGAAT.	ACGAATTAAG'	TAAGAACATI	AATTTTAC
13210		13230	13240	13250	13260
AAGAATATAA	AATATCCCATCG	GAGCTATAAG	AATGAAAAAG.	ACTAAAATTG	TTTGTACA
			•		
13270	13280			-	13320
ATTGGTCCAA	AAACTGAATCAG	TAGAGAAACT	AACAGAGCTT	GTTAATGCAC	GCATGAAC
13330	13340	13350	13360	13370	13380
GTTATGCGTT	TAAATTTCTCTC	ATGGTAACTT	TGCTGAACAT	TCAGTGCGT	ATTCAAAAT
13390	13400	13410	13420	13430	13440
	TAAGTGAAAACC			TTACTGGAT	
AICCOICANG	IAAOIOMBBICO	10111111111			
13450	12460	13470	13480	13490	13500
	GTACGATTAAAC				
CCAGAAATCC	GTACGATTAAAC	INGAMAACGC	HUNCUATUTA	MIGIIGACC	5010010
	13520	12520	12540	12550	13560
TCATTCACGI	TTACAACAGACA	TTAACGTGG	PAGGTAATAAA	SCACTGTGTT	GCIGIMACA
13570			13600		
TATGCTGGTT	TTGCTAAAGACC	TTAATCCTG	STGCAATCATO	CTTGTTGAT	GATGGTTTA
13630				13670	
ATTGAAATGG	AAGTTGTTGCA	CAACTGACA	TGAAGTTAA	ATGTACAGTA	TTAAATACT

AM

•					
15970 ACGTGATAAAGTA	15980			16010	
ACGTGATAAAGTA	GAAGCGCTAT	ATATCAAAAI	GGIGACIGAA	GGCIAACIG.	CICCACG
16030	16040	16050	16060	16070	16080
CTAGCGAACCGCT					
	16100			16130	16140
TGTAATTAATCCT	GAATACCTCC	GCTTATTTC	ACATTGTACT	CTCTAGATA	ACACTCTC
			16100	16100	16200
16150 AACATTACACCT	16160		16180		
AACATTACACCT.	PCAACATCACA	IGCCTCCACA:	MACAICCGAI	GACATAGCC	CIGIIAII
16210	16220	16230	16240	16250	16260
TTTCACATTTAT				ATTGAGTTA	ATTTCTGC
16270	16280	16290	16300	16310	16320
AATGACAAAGAT	ATACCATCATO	CAGTACAAA'	TTATTATGA!	AGATACCGAC	CATTCTGG
					1.6200
		16350			
TGTTGTTTACCA	CCCTAACTTT.	PTAAAATACT	TTGAACGTGC	ACGIGAGCAI	GIGAIAAA
16390	16400	16410	16420	16430	16440
TAGTGACTTACT				TTTGCGGTG	TATAAAGC
	•				
			16480		
CAATATGACTTT	TCAGGATGGG	GTCGAATTTG	CTGAAGTGTG'	TGATATTCGC	ACTICITI
				4.5550	
16510	16520				16560
TGTCCTAGACGG	TAAGTACAAA.	ACGATCTGGC	GCCAAGAAGT.	ATGGCGTCCG	MAIGCGAC
16570	16580	16590	16600	16610	16620
TAGGGCTGCCGT					CGTTTACA
16630	16640	16650			16680
GCCCATCCCTGA	TGATGTGTTA	GCTGCAATGG	TTAGTGAATA	AATGGTTCAI	CGCATAAAT
				1.6720	1.6740
16690	16700	16710	16720		16740
AGTTAATACATG	ATTCTGGCCC	GTCACGITIA	CAGATAAGAG	GCAICCGAIC	CCICCIIC
16750	16760	16770	16780	16790	16800
CTATTACCAATA					ACACACTGA
16810	16820	16830	16840	16850	16860
GCATTTATTCT	TTAATCAGTG	ATTGTGATTI	CAATTATCTTC	TATATATGT	AATTTAATG
					1.5000
16870	16880	16890			16920
TAATTTTCAATT	TATTTTTAGC	TACATTAAGO	CTTACGAATG	TACGCTAAA	ATGAGATGT
16930	16940	16950	16960	16970	16980
CAGACTAATTT				_	
					
16990	17000	17010	17020	17030	17040
CTTAAATGCAA	TAATTATGGC	GTAAATAGA	STGAAAACATG		
17050		17070	17080		17100
CTGAATTTTAT	ATAAAGTTTAA	ATCTGTTATT!	TAGCGTTTAC	CTGGTCTTA	TCAGTGAGG
		_			

Fig. 5

Fig. 5

Fig. 5

Fig. 5

39910 39920 39930 39940 39950 39960 TATGGCCATCGAATTTGCAAAATCAGGTCATAACTTAGCACTTTGTGCACGTAGACTTGA

39970 39980 39990 40000 40010 40020 TAATTTAGTTGCACTGAAAGCAGAACTCTTAGCCCTCAATCCTCACATCCAAATCGAAAT

40030 40040 40050 40060 40070 40080 AAAACCTCTTGATGTCAATGAACATGAACAAGTCTTCACTGTTTTCCATGAATTCAAAGC

40090 40100 40110 40120 40130 TGAATTTGGTACGCTTGATCGTATTATTGTTAATGCTGGATTAGGCAAGGGTGGATCC

					5.0
10		30	40	50	60 cmccmc
AAATGCAATTA	ATTATGGCGTAAA	TAGAGTGAAA.	ACATGGCTAA	TATTCACTAA	GICCIG
	••	00	100	110	120
70	80 AAGTTTAATCTGT	90			
AATTTTATATA	AAGTTTAATCTGT	TATTTIAGCG	1111001001	C11///C//C/	
130	140	150	160	170	180
130 "TACCCATTAT"	TAGTGGGATTGAJ			TATTATTGCA	AATATA
AIAGCCAIIMI					
190	200	210	220	230	240
AATTGTAACAA	TTAAGACTTTGG	ACACTTGAGTT	CAATTTCGAA	TTGATTGGCA	TAAAAT
	•	•			
250	260	270	280	290	300
TTAAAACAGCT	AAATCTACCTCA	ATCATTTAGC	AAATGTATGC	AGGTAGATTT	TTTTCG
			242	250	3.60
310	320	330	340	350	360 שמשיים
CCATTTAAGAG	TACACTTGTACG	CTAGGTTTTTG	TTAGIGIGC	AAAIGAACGI	IIIGAI
370	380	390	400	410	420
	TTAGAGCACAAA				CTAAAA
GAGCATIGITI	11/10/100/10/202				
430	440	450	460	470	480
AGAACACCACA	TCGATTAAGCAC	GCCAAGGATGT	GTTAAGTAG	rgatgatcaac	CAGTTAA
			•		
490	500	510	520	530	540
ATTCTCGCTTC	CAAGAATGTCCG	ATTGCCATCA	TTGGTATGGC	ATCGGTTTTTC	CAGATG
			500	590	600
550	560 GATCAATTCTGG	570	580		
CTAAAAACTTC	GATCAATTCIGG	GATAACATCG.	I I GACTOLGI	dGACCCIM1 1.	
610	620	630	640	650	660
	CGCTGGAACATT			TAAAAAAGCA	GCTGACA
670	680	690	700	710	720
AGACATACTG	CAAACGCGGTGGT	TTTCATTCCAG	AGCTTGATTT	TGATCCGATG	GAGTTTG
730	740	750	760	770	780
GTTTACCGCC.	AAATATCCTCGAC	STTAACTGACA	TCGCTCAATT	'GTTGTCATTA	ATTGTTG
700	000	010	820	830	840
790	800 ATTAAGTGATGC	810			
CICGIGAIGI	ATTANGIGNIGC.	IGGCAIIGGIA	GIGHIHIOR	CCHIOHIA	
850	860	870	880	890	900
	TGTCGGTGGTGG'			-	
910	920	930	940	950	960
GCCCGGTATT	AGAAAAGTATT.	AAAAGCCTCAG	GCATTGATG	AAGATGATCGC	GCTATGA
970		990	1000	1010	1020
TCATCGACAA	ATTTAAAAAAGC	CTACATCGGCT	(ADAGAGADD)	ACTCATTCCCA	AGGCATGC
1030		1050	1060	1070	1080
TAGGTAACGT	TATTGCTGGTCG	TATCGCCAATO	CGTTTTGATT	TTGGTGGTACI	PAACTGTG
			7-00	1120	1140
1090		1110	1120	1130	
TGGTTGATGC	GGCATGCGCTGG	CTCCCTTGCA	SCTGTTAAAA!	regegatete.	AGACTTAC

	2200	2300	2310	2320	2330	2340
TCCCA	2290 AGCATGATGC				GTGCCGCTGG:	
				•		
	2350	2360			2390	2400
GCCAG'	TTATCTGCAG	TTACTTTCCC	TATCCCTGTT	TATACGGATG	CCGAGCGTAA	GCTAC
	2410	2420	2430	2440	2450	2460
AAGAA	2410 GAGCAATTAC				GTAGTTTGAG	
I II I I I I	0.,001211111					
	2470	2480	2490		2510	2520
GTCTG	TTCAAAACGT	TTAAGCAAGC	AGGTTTAAA	GCTGATTTG.	CTGCCGGTCA	TAGTT
	0530	2540	2550	2560	2570	2580
TCGGT	2530 Gagttaaccg				GCGATTACAT	
10001	G/1011111000				,	
	2590	2600	2610	2620	2630	2640
TAGCG	CGTAGTCGTG	GTCAAGCAAT	GGCTGCGCCA	AGAGCAACAAG	ATTTTGATGC	AGGTA
				2.00	0.500	0700
2020	2650	2660			2690 ATTGATACCCT	2700 TGATG
AGAIG	GCCGCTGTTG	11GG1GA1CC	AAAGCAAA	COCIGIGATOA	i i i da i accei	IONIO
	2710	2720	2730	2740	2750	2760
ATGTC	TCTATTGCTA	ACTTCAACTC	GAATAACCAA	AGTTGTTATTC	CTGGTACTAC	GGAGC
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	2770		2790		2810 TTGTGCCACT	2820
AGGTT	GCTGTAGCGG	STIACAACCII	AGGIAAIGC.	IGGIIICAAA	FIGIGCCACI	GCCGG
	2830	2840	2850	2860	2870	2880
TATCT	GCTGCGTTCC	CATACACCTTI	AGTTCGTCAC	CGCGCAAAAA	CCATTTGCTAA	AGCGG
		2000	2910	2020	2930	2940
ייייכ איזי	2890				2930 AATGGCACAGG	
IIGAI	AGCGCIAM.	1111111100000				
	2950	2960	2970	2980	2990	3000
TGCAT	TCAAGCAAAC	CCGAATGACAT	TAAGAAAAA	CCTGAAAAAC	CACATGCTGGA	ATCTG
	2222	2000	2020	2040	2050	3060
ጥጥር አ ጣ	3010	3020 			3050 CGCGTATTTAI	
IICAI	LICANICAN	JAMI I GACAI	CATCIAIGC	10/1001000		
	3070	3080	3090	3100	3110	3120
TTGGT	CCAAAGAATO	STATTAACTA	AATTGGTTGA	AAACATTCTC	ACTGAAAAATC	CTGATG
		21.40	22.50	22.60	2170	2100
THE DESI	3130	3140	3150	3160	3170 GTACAAATGC	3180
IGAC:	IGCIAICGCG	JIIMIGCIM	AICCIAAACA	ACCIGCOGAC	OIRCAMNICO.	300.2.0
	3190	3200	3210	3220	3230	3240
CTGC	SCTGCAAATG	GCAGTGCTTG	GTGTCGCATT	AGACAATATT	GACCCGTACG	ACGCCG
						2222
mm a a /	3250	3260	3270	3280	3290	3300
TAAC	SCGTCCACTT	GIIGCGCCGA	AAGCATCACC	AAIGITGATG	AAGTTATCTG	-vaca1
•	3310	3320	3330	3340	3350	3360
CTTA		AAAACGAAGA	AAGCGTTTGC	TGATGCATTG	ACTGATGGCT	GGACTG
						_
	3370	3380	3390	3400	3410	3420
TTAA(GCAAGCGAAA	gctgtacc t g	CTGTTGTGTC	CACAACCACAA	.GTGATTGAAA	AGATCG

Fig.b

Fig. 6

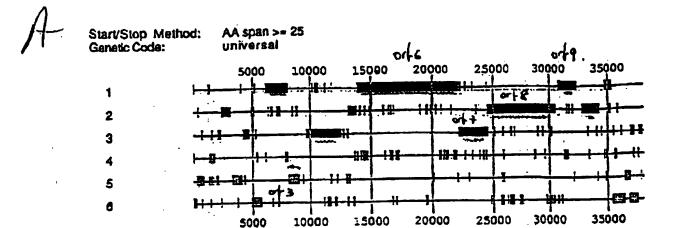
PCT/US98/11639 WO 98/55625

7990 TTAAGCAGATAT	8000 TAAGTTGTGAC	8010		8030 TTGTCAGATA	8040 ACCGATG
11AAGCAGA1A2	7725010101010				
8050 TTGCAACAGCTA	8060	8070		8090 האתרתתההה	8100 AATGATT
TTGCAACAGCTA	MGCMGGGAICC	TICCCGTIAG	CIGACAACAA	IRICITIOCO	
8110	8120	8130	8140	8150	8160
TGGTTTATCAG	SCTATGTTGGTC	TGGGTGCGCA	AACAATTTGG	TTTAGGTAGC	TTACCTT
8170	8180	8190	8200	8210	8220
CGGTGACAACG	CTTGGACTGTG	TATCGTGAAG	TGGTTGTAGA	TGAAGTATT	TATCTGC
8230	8240	8250	8260	8270	8280
AACTTAATGTT	STTGAGCATGAT	CTATTGGGTT	CACGCGGCAG	TAAAGCCCGT	TGTGATA
8290	8300	8310	8320	8330	8340
TTCAATTGATT					
8350 TCAGTGACATT	8360 TEATATO		8380 ATAATAATA		8400 TCATGGT
ICAGIGACAII	110,2,00,,11,,1				
8410			8440	8450	8460
GAGCATGGCGT	CTGCTTTCTTC	ATTTTTTAACA	TTAACAATAI	TAATAGCTAA	ACGCGGT
8470	8480	8490	8500	8510	8520
TGCTTTAAACC	AAGTAAACAAG:	rgCTTTTAGC1	TATTACTATTC	CAAACAGGA	DAAATTAT
8530	8540	8550	8560	8570	8580
AGAATATGACG	GAATTAGCTGT	FATTGGTATG(GATGCTAAATT	TAGCGGACA	AGACAATA
8590	8600	8610	8620	8630	8640
	GAACGCGCTTT				CCGCGTTA
0.550	0.660	0.630	2622	0.000	8700
8650 GTACCGAATCT	8660 AATGTTATTAG	8670 CAATGGCGAA	8680 SAACAAGTTA	8690 TACTGCCAT	
8710	8720 AGTCTACTAGO	8730	8740	8750	8760 CGCGGTGT
TTAACTCTGTC	AGICIACIAGO.	GCARACGAAI	CAGITAAATA	IAGCIGAIAI	00000101
8770	8780	8790	8800	8810	8820
TGCTGATTGCT	GAAAAAAG	TGCTGATGAT	CAGCTTGTAG'	TCCAAATTGC	ATCAGCAA
8830	8840	8850	8860	, 8870	8880
TTGAAAAACAG	TGTGCGAGTTG	TGTTGTTATT	GCTGATTTAG	GCCAAGCATT	AAATCAAG
8890	8900	8910	8920	8930	8940
	GTTAATAACCA	AGACTGTCCT	GTGGCTGTAA	TTGGCATGAA	TAACTCGG
0050	8960	8970	8980	8990	9000
8950 TTAATTTATCT	CGTCATGATCT				
9010	9020	9030	9040	9050	9060
TCAATGGTTAT	raacaatgtagc	TGGGTTCGCG	AGTTTACTTA	TUGUTTUAAU	10001110
9070	9080	9090	9100	9110	9120
CCAATGCTAA	GCAATGTTATAT	ATACGCCAAC	ATTAAGGGCT	TCGCTCAATC	GGGCGTAA

Fig.b

F19.6

17110	17120	17130	17140	17150	17160
	ATACCGTGGGCAA				
TIGATIGGAA	AIACCGIGGCAA	MI INCOCCOC	1011111111011		
			17200	17210	17220
17170	17180		17200		
ATATCACTGA	GATCGTGAATGAC	GCTGGTGAAG	TGCGAATCGT	TGGTGATGC	SAATCTGT
17230			17260		
CTAAAGATGG	TCTGCGTATTTAT	GAAGTTAAAA	ACATCGTTTT	AAGTATTGT?	rgaagcgt
17290	17300	17310	17320	17330	17340
	GTGTAACGTGCTI				ACGCCGTG
ANAGGGICAN	GIGIAACGIGCII	MOCOCCOCI			
		12220	17200	17200	17400
17350		17370			
AATCCGTCCA	TGGAGGCTTGGGC	STTGGCATCCA	TGCCAACAAC	AGCAAGCTT	ACTTTAAT
17410	17420	17430	17440	17450	17460
CANTACGGCT	TGGTGTCCATTT	AGACGCCTCGA	ACTTAGTAGI	TAATAGACA	TTAATAAA
17470	17480	17490	17500	17510	17520
	ATGAATATAGTA				TTAAGAAT
INGCIGIGGE	MIGMINIAGIA	dimicnii	coccnocinor		
		4555	15560	17570	17500
17530		17550			
GTCGAGTTTA	GGTTTTAACAAT	AACAACGCAA:	TAACTGGGCT	TGGAAAGTA	GATCCAGC
17590			17620		17640
GTCAGTTCAT	CACACAAGATGCA	GAAATTAAAG	CAGCTTTAATO	GATCTAACT	AAACCTCT
17650	17660	17670	17680	17690	17700
CTATGTGGCC	BAATAATTCAGGC	GTAACTGGTA'	ragctaatca:	TACGTCAGTA	GCAGGTGC
01111010000	,	0			
17710	17720	17730	17740	17750	17760
	PAACATCGATGTT				
GATCAGCAA	MACAICGAIGII	GNIGIALIGG	CGITIGCGCM	AAAGI IAAAC	CCAGAAGA
					17000
17770				17810	17820
TCTGGGTGA	rgatgcttacaag	AAACAGCACG	GCGTTAAATA'	IGCTTATCAT	GGCGGTGC
17830			17860		
GATGGCAAA	rggtattgcctcg	GTTGAATTGG	TIGTIGCGIT	AGGTAAAGCA	GGGCTGTT
17890	17900	17910	17920	17930	17940
	rggtgctgcaggt				CGTCGTAT
AIGITCAII.	100100100001	CIMOICCEIC			
		17070	17980	17000	19000
1795		17970		17990	18000
TCAAGCTGA	ATTACCAAATGGC	CCTTATGCGG	TTAACTTGAT	CCATGCACCA	AGCAGAAGA
1801					
AGCATTAGA	GCGTGGCGCGGT1	GAACGTTTCC	TAAAACTTGG	CGTCAAGAC	GTAGAGGC
1807	0 18080	18090	18100	18110	18120
	CCTTGGTTTAACT				
-10.100111					
1017	0 10140	10150	18160	18170	18180
	0 18140			=	
AAACGCAGA	TGGCAGTGTTAAT	TATCGGTAACA	AGGTTATCGC	TAAAGTATC	CUTACCUA
			_		
	0 18200		18220		
AGTTGGTCG	CCGCTTTATGGA	ACCTGCACCGC	AAAAATTACI	GGATAAGTT	ATTAGAACA



Page 1

AA span >= 25 Start/Stop Method: universal Genetic Code: 1.

FIG 7

ANA . JC.

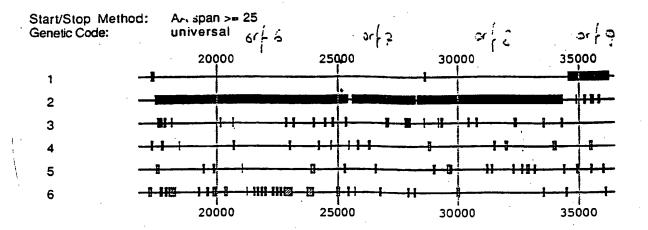
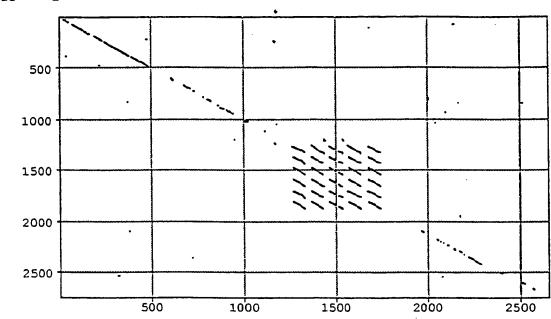


Fig. 8

Window Size = 8 Min. % Score = 60 Hash Value = 2

pro shorf6

Scoring Matrix: BLOSUM 62



Translation of vm6

Window Size = 8 Min. % Score = 60 Hash Value = 2

pro shorf7

Scoring Matrix: BLOSUM 62

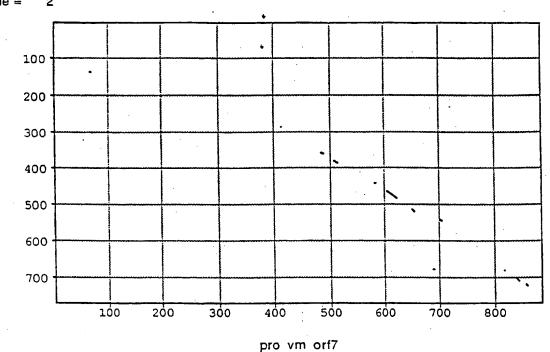


Fig. 10

Page 1

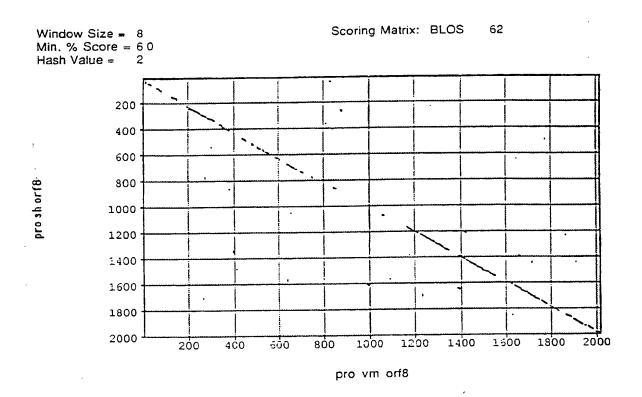


Fig. 11

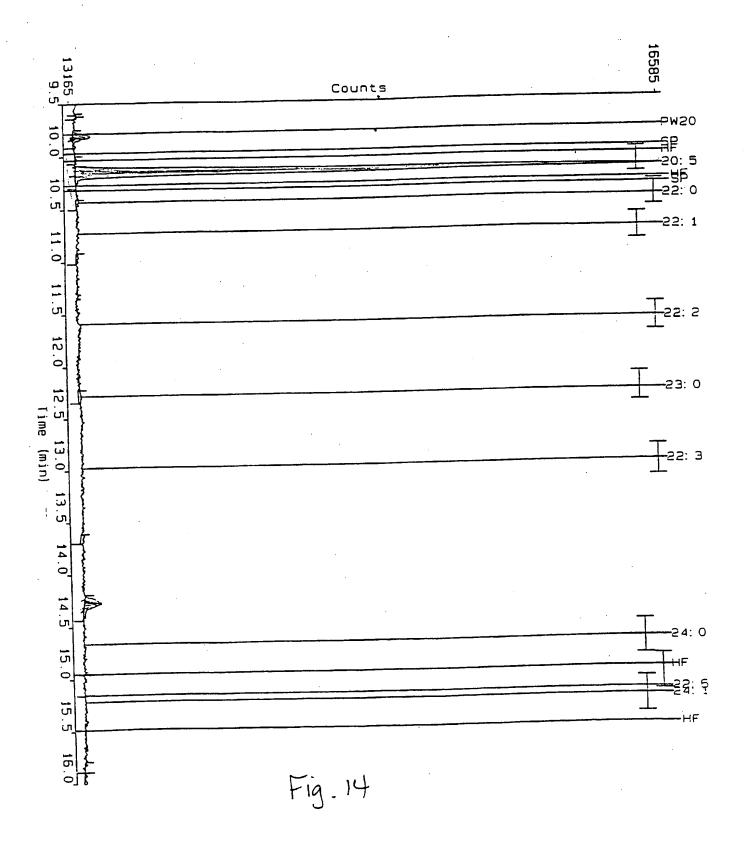
Window Size = 8 Min. % Score = 60 Hash Value = 2 Scoring Matrix: BLOS pro sh orf9

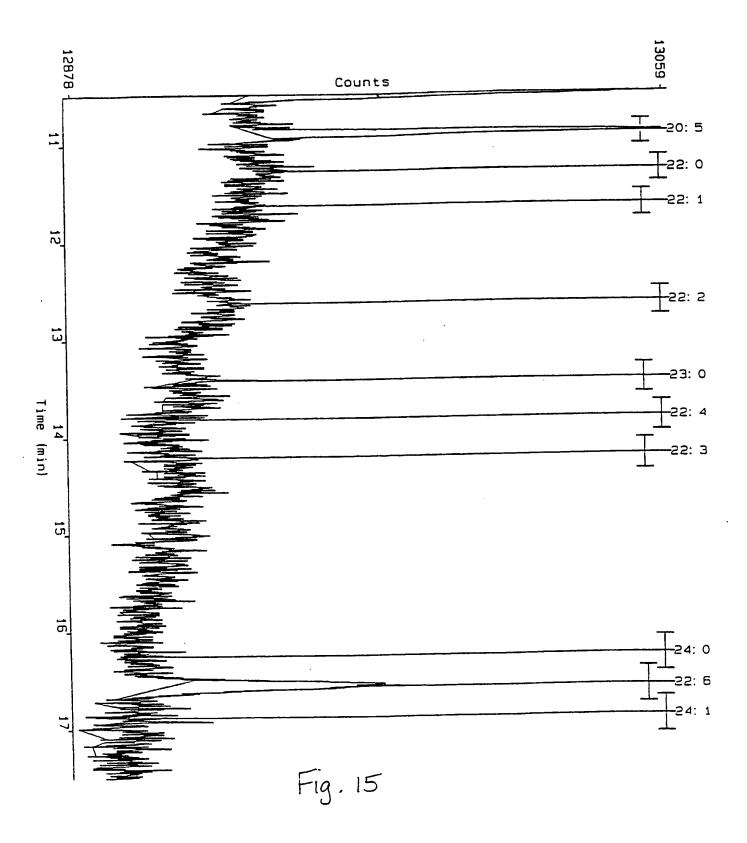
pro vm orf9

CO' LEMENTATION Sp / Vm

Sp	orf 3	ĺ		ort6		orf 7	 orf 8	orf 9	EPA
Sp	ori 3			ori6	(orf 7	orf 8	ori 9	EPA
	orf 3	Vm orf 6		orf6	. ::: ; :	orf 7	 ort 8	ort 9	EPA
ټ	<u></u>		!		Vm ori 7			-40	<u>DHA</u>
Sp	orf 3	1		ortō	Vm	orf 7	orf 8	e ho	<u> </u>

Fig. 13





EPA (% Fatty acids)	DHA (% Fatty acids)	<u>20°C</u>
0.00	0.06	pEPAD8
0.60	0.70	4 .
0.64	0.66	5
0.33	0.22	6s
0.45	0.59	<u>61</u>
	•	<u>23°C</u>
0.02	0.06	pEPAD8
0.32	0.62	4
0.27	0.22	6s
0.18	0.65	61

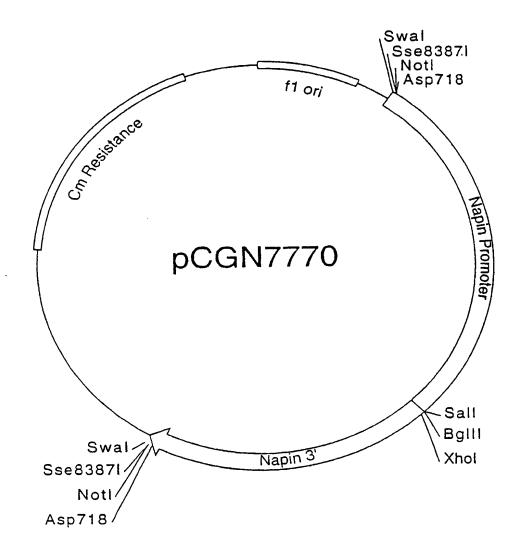
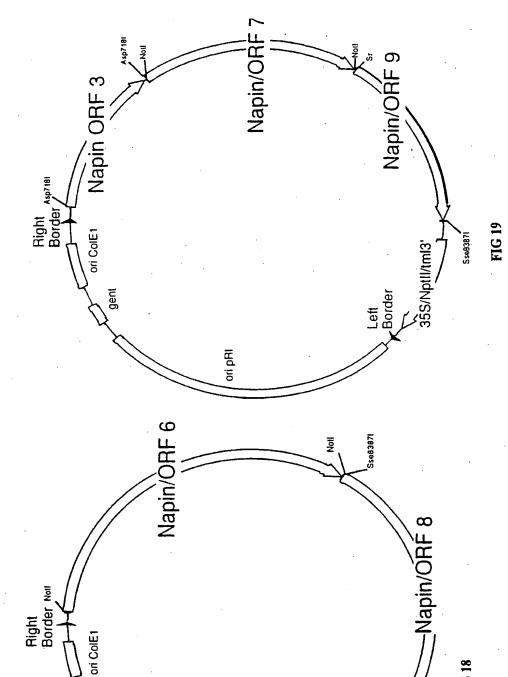


FIG 17

FIG 18

Sse83871

pCGN8537



Left Border

ori pRI

pCGN8535

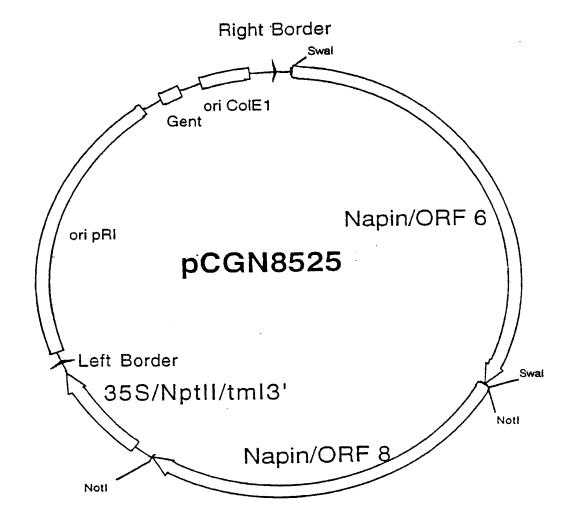
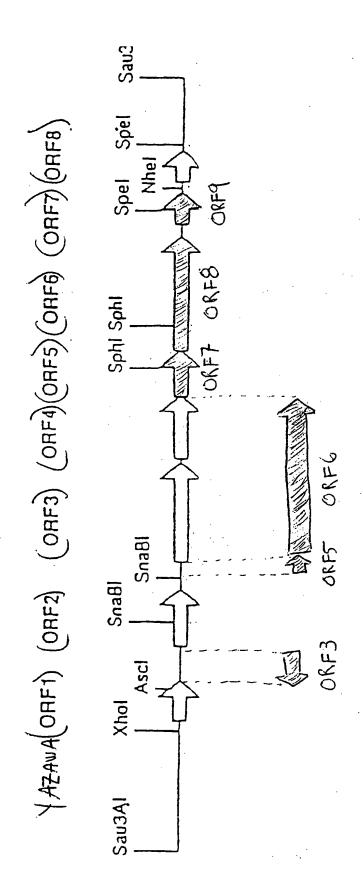
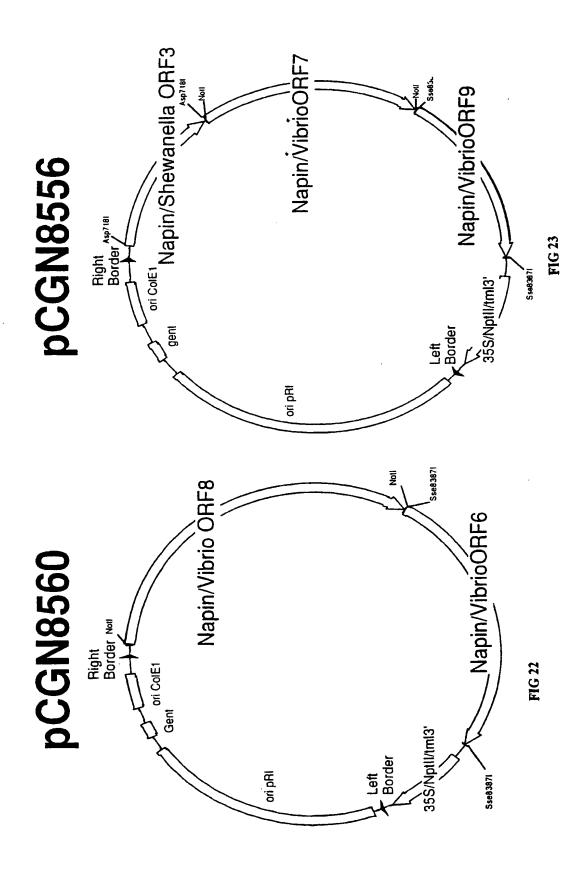


FIG 20







ATT GGT AAA AAT AGG GGT TAT GTT TGC TTT AAA GAG TGT CCT GAA

I GG K N R G Y V C C C F K E C P E>

AAA TTG CTA ACT TCT CGA TTG ATT TCC TTA TAC TTC TGT CCG TTA ACA

K L L T S R L I S L Y F C P L T>

ATA CAA GAG TGC GAT AAC CAG ACT ACA GAG TTG GTT AAG TCA TGG CTG

I Q E C D N Q T T T E L V K S W L>

CCT GAA GAT GAG TTA ATT AAG GTT AAA CGC TAC ATT AAA CAA GAA GCT

P E D E D E L I K V N R Y I K Q E A>

AAA ACT CAA GGT TTA ATG GTA AGG G

AAA ACT CAA GGT TTA ATG GTA AGG G

AAA ACT CAA GGT TTA ATG GTA AGG G

AAA ACT CAA GGT TTA ATG GTA AGG G

AAA ACT CAA GGT TTA ATG GTA AGG G

AAA ACT CAA GGT TTA ATG GTA AGG G

AAA ACT CAA GGT TTA ATG GTA AGG G

AAA ACT CAA GGT TTA ATG GTA AGG G

AAA ACT CAA GGT TTA ATG GTA AGG G

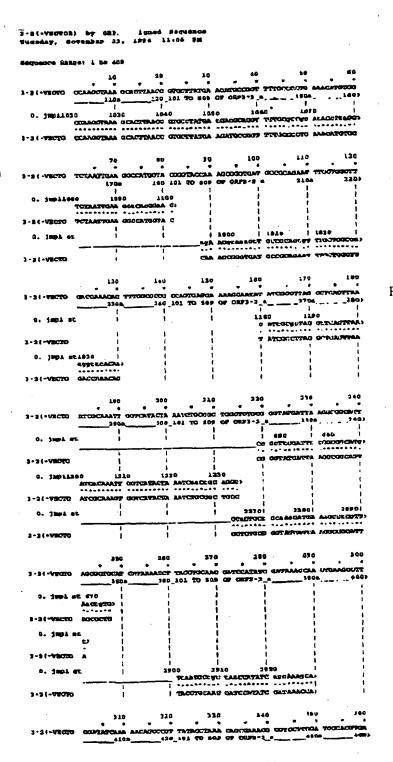
AAA ACT CAA GGT TTA ATG GTA AGG G

AAA ACT CAA GGT TTA ATG GTA AGG G

AAA ACT CAA GGT TTA ATG GTA AGG G

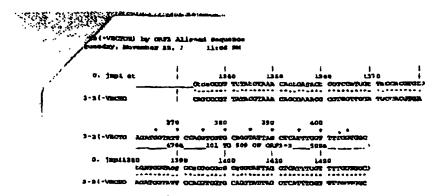
SS9 Photobacter

PCR Product Using Primers Presented in Example I



ORF 6
Probe Resulting from PCR with Primers
Presented in Example I

FIG 26A



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Int tional Application No PC:/US 98/11639

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 6 C12N15/31 C12N C12N15/52 C12N15/82 C12N15/70 C12N5/10 C12N1/21 C12P7/64 A01H5/00 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC **B. FIELDS SEARCHED** Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) C12N C12P IPC 6 CO7K A01H Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Category ° Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. X NAKAHARA, TORO: "Physiological activity 6,7, of docosahexaenoic acid (DHA) and its 11-13 production by microbial culture" YUKAGAKU (1995), 44(10), 821-7 CODEN: YKGKAM; ISSN: 0513-398X, XP002080682 Α see abstract 14,32 Χ NASU M ET AL: "Efficient transformation 25,27, of Marchantia polymorpha that is haploid 28,30 and has very small genome DNA; Agrobacterium tumefaciens-mediated transformation of suspension cell culture, for use in eicosapentaenoic acid, arachidonic acid and antibiotic production" J.FERMENT.BIOENG.;(1997) 84, 6, 519-23 CODEN: JFBIEX ISSN: 0922-338X, XP002080470 see the whole document Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C Patent family members are listed in annex. Special categories of cited documents: later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance invention earlier document but published on or after the international "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone filing date document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such docudocument referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. other means document published prior to the International filing date but later than the priority date claimed "&" document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of theinternational search Date of mailing of the international search report 14 October 1998 23/10/1998 Name and mailing address of the ISA Authorized officer European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016 Kania, T

3

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Intra ional Application No PCI/US 98/11639

C (Continu	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	705 98/11639				
Category '						
Χ .	KYLE D ET AL: "Long-chain omega-3 polyunsaturated fatty acids: prospects for introduction into horticultural food plants; e.g. alga eicosapentaenoic acid and docosahexaenoic acid gene cloning, expression in transgenic plant oil, crop improvement (conference paper)" HORTSCIENCE;(1990) 25, 12, 1523-26 CODEN: HJHSAR, XP002080471	25-28, 30,31				
, X	* see the whole document, esp. p.1524, 2nd par. * EP 0 594 868 A (SAGAMI CHEM RES)	15-17,				
•	4 May 1994 cited in the application see the whole document	19-22,24				
X	WO 96 21735 A (SAGAMI CHEM RES) 18 July 1996 cited in the application see the whole document	15-17, 19-22,24				
Α	YAZAWA, KAZUNAGA: "Production of eicosapentaenoic acid from marine bacteria" LIPIDS (1996), 31(SUPPL., FATTY ACIDS AND LIPIDS FROM CELL BIOLOGY TO HUMAN DISEASE), S297-S300 CODEN: LPDSAP;ISSN: 0024-4201, XP002080483 cited in the application see the whole document	1-32				
Α	SOMERVILLE C R: "Future prospects for genetic modification of the composition of edible oils from higher plants; oilseed crop improvement by lipid and fatty acid modification (conference paper)" AM.J.CLIN.NUTR.;(1993) 58, 2, SUPPL., 270S-275S CODEN: AJCNAC, XP002080472 * see esp. p.274S, r. col., 1st par. *	1-32				

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

Inte ional Application No
PCi/US 98/11639

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date		atent family member(s)	Publication date
EP 0594868 A 04-05-1994		04-05-1994	AU CA FI WO JP NO US	673359 B 4088193 A 2113557 A 940203 A 9323545 A 6046864 A 940146 A 5683898 A 5798259 A	07-11-1996 13-12-1993 25-11-1993 14-03-1994 25-11-1993 22-02-1994 14-03-1994 04-11-1997 25-08-1998
WO 9621735	Α	18-07-1996	AU CA EP JP	4400196 A 2209987 A 0831149 A 8242867 A	31-07-1996 18-07-1996 25-03-1998 24-09-1996

THIS PAGE BLANK (USPTO)